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VOL. XXV NO. 168 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Japan Out To Create A New Manchuria

Five-Fold Demands Presented To China

Naval Base At Tangku Near Tientsin And Garrison In Demilitarised Peiping

PEIPING, July 16.

The new version of Japanese demands current in Chinese circles here includes the fusion of the northern part of Hopei and the whole of Chahar with east Hopei as an Independent State with Tientsin as capital:

Secondly, Tangku, close to Tientsin, to be made a Naval Base for the Japanese Navy:

Thirdly, Peiping area to be demilitarised:

Fourthly, the Japanese to garrison Peiping in order to protect Japanese; and

Fifthly, the New State to defray the cost of the present Japanese mobilisation.

In view of the negotiations at Tientsin, confirmation is not obtainable, but the demands follow closely the lines of Maj.-Gen. Doihara's abortive plan of 1935.—Reuter.

Britain And U. S. Warn Japan

LONDON, July 16

The British and American Governments are closely watching the events in North China.

Both have independently informed the Japanese Government of their view that the original Sino-Japanese clash was too small to warrant an extension of the conflict.

On the British side it is stated that any attempt by either side to magnify the incident into an affair of national prestige will be a matter of the gravest concern.

While the latest reports received in London from Tokio are not reassuring, and also it is feared that Marshal Chian-Kai-Shek may be forced by the Chinese public opinion into taking an unduly strong line, Japanese assurances that the incidents were not premeditated are accepted in London as indicating that the Japanese Government are not really interested in delaying a settlement. The British Government therefore see no reason to offer mediation.

Hopes that the quarrel will be localised caused a big rally on the Tokio stock exchange. On the other hand partial mobilisation of Japanese troops is proceeding.

President Roosevelt has abandoned his week-end holiday to keep in touch with Far Eastern developments.—Reuter.

PEIPING RETURNS TO NORMAL

PEIPING, July 16.

Conditions here are returning to normal after more than 48 hours respite from gunfire. Martial law is being enforced only perfunctorily. The train service to Tientsin has been restored.

The City is now anxiously awaiting the outcome of negotiations at Tientsin and also Nanking's reaction.—Reuter.

NANKING TROOPS ENTER HOPEI

PEIPING: July 16.

The Nanking Government troops entered the Hopei province, according to a reliable foreign source.

An unspecified number of divisions is stated to have reached Paotingfu.—Reuter.

Sarat Bose Denounces "Gross Libel" On Bengal Youths

CALCUTTA, July 16.

A strong condemnation of certain remarks which the Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, is reported to have made in the course of his Convocation Address at Dacca University, disapproving of immature youngmen dabbling in politics before they have had proper training in this behalf, was made by Mr. Sarat Bose, leader of the Congress Party in the Bengal Assembly, at a largely attended public meeting specially organised this evening at Albert Hall under the auspices of the Bengal Students' Federation for discussion of an interesting subject, namely, "Combating the new Constitution with a view to ending it is detrimental to the best interests of the Indian masses."

"A GROSS LIBEL"

Proceeding Mr. Sarat Bose said: "I wish the Hon. Mr. Fazlul Huq had made the remarks in the presence of British students at Oxford and Cambridge that they were not entitled to take living interest in politics. If he had done so, I can imagine the reception his words would have evoked. I do feel that the youths of our country must take real and living interest in politics."

Referring to another remark of the Chief Minister which he characterised as "a gross libel" on the youth of Bengal, Mr Bose said:

APPEAL TO STUDENTS.

"I do not want to raise a spirit of insubordination in our younger generation. If we are to make headway in this world, it is the spirit of discipline that must shape our conduct. But at the same time I would appeal to students that if they consider any law to be lawless, then it is their duty to show that they have the courage of resistance."—United Press.

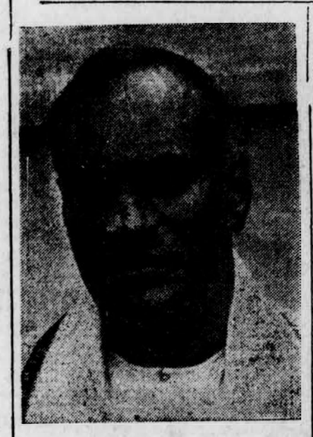
INDIANS ABROAD GREET CONGRESS

ALLAHABAD, July 16.

The Foreign Department of the A. I. C. C. has received the following cable from San Francisco:

"A mass meeting of Hindustanese under the auspices of the Gaddar Party conveys its greetings, urges the release of Teja Singh, a member of the Punjab Assembly and other detenus, sympathises with Spain and supports the Indian United Front."—A. P.

ROAD CLEAR FOR CONGRESS MINISTRY FOR BOMBAY



Mr. V. V. Giri, Minister of Industries and Labour, Madras.

UNIONIST PARTY UNMASKED

Refuse Permission To Introduce Bill For The Jobless

SIMLA, July 16.

There was an interesting debate in the Punjab Assembly to-day over a constitutional point whether the majority Party in Power had the right to oppose leave to introduce a Bill by an Opposition member. The question arose when Diwan Chamanlal tried to introduce an Unemployment Insurance Bill.

PRACTICE IN PARLIAMENTS

Discussion ranged over a wide field and the convention and precedents in British and Dominion Parliaments and Indian Legislatures were frequently quoted. It was argued on behalf of the Opposition that asking leave of the House to introduce a Bill was the formal stage of any measure and it had always been allowed unopposed by the Majority Party.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The Premier, supported by the Advocate-General and others, contended that the convention in the House of Commons was based on the merits of each Bill and generally the Opposition sought to introduce a Bill with the consent of the Party in Power. Legislation was primarily the function of the Government in Power and if leave was given to introduce a Bill to which they could not give effect, they would be abdicating their right.

GIVE AND TAKE

The Speaker said that the Rules and Standing Orders of all Legislatures were identical in this respect and was no imperative provision on the point. It was merely a question of give and take between the Government and the Opposition.

LEAVE REFUSED

The Speaker thereupon called on Diwan Chamanlal to move his motion to introduce the Bill, which was opposed by the Development Minister and was ultimately thrown out by 26 votes to 71. The House agreed to the introduction of Mr. Maqbool Mahmud's Muslim Waqf Bill.

The House then adjourned to Monday.—A.P.

TO REPLACE RULE OF SWORD

Mahatma On Object Of Acceptance Of Office

POONA, July 16.

Writing in Saturday's "Harijan", under the caption, "Congress Ministers" Mahatma Gandhi says:

"This office acceptance is not intended to work the Act any how. In the prosecution by the Congress of its goal of Complete Independence, it is a serious attempt, on the one hand to avoid a bloody revolution and on the other hand to avoid mass Civil Disobedience on a scale hitherto unattempted."

TO REPLACE RULE OF SWORD

He observes that the Government of India Act is universally regarded as wholly unsatisfactory for achieving India's freedom. But it is possible to construe it as an attempt, however limited and feeble, to replace the rule of the sword by the rule of the majority.

HELP TO ACHIEVE OBJECTIVE

He declares that the Congress objective can easily be achieved by lawfully using the Act in a manner not expected by them (the framers) and by refraining from using it in the way intended by them.—A.P.

CONGRESS RECEIVES GREATER SUPPORT

Keen Contest In Jhansi Bye-Election

(From Our Correspondent)

JHANSI: July 16.

Reports from polling stations in the Bundelkhand constituency bye-election to the U.P. Assembly indicate that a keen fight took place between Messrs. Shervani and Rafiuddin, Congress and Muslim League candidates respectively. Rain seems to have interfered seriously with polling as the approaches to the polling booths were flooded, making vehicular traffic impossible. Anyhow no untoward incident took place anywhere.

It is understood that Mr. Shervani received better patronage in Jhansi and Oria districts, while Mr. Rafiuddin was in overwhelming command in Hamirpur. Enthusiasm of workers was conspicuous and their number on both sides at various places roughly placed at 600. Voters' keenness was no less marked. At one place 13 voters having failed to secure a boat swam across a rising river in order to register their votes. Roads being closed to vehicular traffic, elephants were requisitioned in one place for the use of voters.

MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD

Arriving In Bombay To-morrow

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, it is understood, is arriving in Bombay on Sunday.

RESERVE BANK ACT AMENDMENT

Govt. Call For Views Of The Bank

SIMLA, July 16.

The Govt. of India have referred the proposed amendments to the Reserve Bank Act to the Bank itself.

On receipt of the bank's views, final touches will be given to the Amending Bill to come up before the Central Assembly.—United Press.

Dohad Congress Socialist leaders, Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Mr. Harilal Shah and others are contesting the triennial Municipal election. There are about 35 candidates for 26 seats.

Kher's Three-Hour Talk With Governor

U. P. DECISION SOLVES PROBLEM

Cabinet Personnel Will Be Announced To-day

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)

POONA, July 16.

I reliably understand that Mr. B. G. Kher, leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Legislature who was closetted with Lord Brabourne for exactly three hours this afternoon, will meet the Governor on Saturday afternoon and submit the names of the Ministers on his Cabinet.

This has been made possible by the explanation that the Governor gave on the three important questions raised by Mr. Kher when he met His Excellency at Government House at 4 this afternoon.

The following Communique has been issued by the Secretary to the Governor of Bombay.

"His Excellency the Governor of Bombay to-day invited Mr. B. G. Kher's Assistance in forming a Ministry. Mr. Kher has asked for time to consider His Excellency's invitation.

KHER SEES GOVERNOR

Mr. Kher, who was given a public reception on his arrival in Poona this afternoon, drove to the Government House in a saloon car flying the Tricolour Flag to keep the appointment with the Governor. Mr. Dongre was the only other individual who accompanied the Leader of the Congress Party. Though Mr. Kher had met the Maharashtra and Karnatak leaders immediately on arrival, he did not have any serious talk with any one of them on the formation of the Ministry, as he was not sure about the outcome of the interview with the Governor.

THREE ISSUES RAISED

As I wrote yesterday, Mr. B. G. Kher raised three issues before the Governor. This did not come as a surprise to the Governor as he had already read about them. The issues raised by Mr. Kher were (1) nominations which the Governor had made to the Upper House which looked as if the Governor did not want the Congress to have a majority in that House; (2) the appointment of the Public Services Commission; and, (3) appointment of the Advocate-General. It appears that the Governor heard Mr Kher's objections very patiently and gave explanations about each one of the three issues.

ACT OF 'PUPPETS.'

Of the three issues raised by Mr. Kher. The Governor is reported to have told him that so far as the appointment of the Advocate-General was concerned that was the very first act of the Interim Ministers That is to say, that the Governor appointed the Advocate-General, in exercise of his individual judgment, after he had consulted the Ministry in power then. The Ministry in power had approved of the continuation of Mr. Kemp as Advocate-General.

If a way could be found to satisfy the future Ministry, regarding the post of the Advocate-General, there should be no difficulty with regard to that.

THOSE NOMINATIONS.

As regard the nominations to the Upper House, it was entirely to be done at the discretion of the Governor. Of course, the Governor had consulted the Ministry in power and the nominations had been decided upon long before, though the announcement might have been made only after the Wardha decision. That should in no way be taken as a deliberate attempt on the part of the Governor to put the Congress in the minority. As a matter of fact, the nominations had been made in such a manner as it represented the minority interests like the Scheduled Classes, Labour and Intermediate Classes. When the nominations were decided upon, the Governor was not aware that the Congress would decide upon acceptance of office after three months, having definitely refused to form the Ministry, when it was requested to form a Ministry.

NO INDIAN AVAILABLE.

As regards the third issue, namely, the Public Services Commission, the Governor is stated to have told Mr. Kher that there was not a single Indian in Bombay, who had had ten years' service, as was required by the Act, to make one eligible for appointment on the Commission. It was the turn of Sind to appoint a non-official on the Commission and Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto was appointed for that vacancy.

The post was for five years and then Bombay would get the chance for appointing a non-official member on the Commission. If an Indian was available, Lord Brabourne is stated to have said that he would have gladly appointed him to that position.

NOT MERELY POLITICS

Out of the three hours' that Mr. Kher spent with the Governor only two hours are stated to have been taken up with the discussion of the legal and constitutional issues. Lord Brabourne is stated to have been very engaging and the Governor and the future Prime Minister are stated to have discussed several other non-political subjects concerning the Presidency, especially the City of Bombay. While everyone outside the Government House gate—there were many, including several Press representatives—were getting nervous as to the result of the interview—the nervousness increased with the time—Mr. Kher and Lord Brabourne are

(Continued On Page 19—Col. 5)

Mr. V. I. Munisami Pillai, Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development, Madras.

Salary For Legislators

MADRAS TO FOLLOW BRITISH EXAMPLE

Police Chief Sees 'C. R.' At Secretariat

MADRAS, July 16.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Premier, will also hold the Police Portfolio in addition to Finance and Public Departments.

Sir Charles Cunningham, the Inspector-General of Police, called on the Premier at the Secretariat this afternoon.

It is definitely learnt that the salaries of the Premier and the other Ministers will be fixed at Rs. 500 per month and it is likely that the Ministers will also draw house rent and car allowances of Rs. 150 per month.

For Secretaries

The Parliamentary Secretaries, it is understood, will draw a salary of Rs. 250 and a personal allowance of Rs. 100 towards house rent and conveyance charges.

For Members

The members of the Assembly and the Council will draw a salary of Rs. 100 monthly and the usual travelling allowances and daily allowances for the actual number of days they attend meetings of the Legislature or Committees in Madras.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

U. S.—BRAZIL PACT.

NEW YORK, July 16.

It is revealed that under the agreement Brazil will abolish Tariff Provisions operating against American commerce and will also protect Brazilian market for American goods against outside competition directly subsidised by Governments.

This is generally believed to be directed against Germany.

This is the first time the United States has agreed to sell gold to a country outside the Tri-Partite Agreement in exchange for something other than silver.

Gold will be obtained in exchange for dollars and remain in the United States earmarked.—Reuter.

NO TRACE OF EARHART.

HONOLULU, July 16.

The coastguard cutter "Itasca" is returning to Howland Island after a three-day search of Gilbert Islands for Miss Earhart. The "Lexington" is continuing the search but hitherto no trace of the fliers is reported.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Healthy handsome and highly educated match for respectable Hindu bachelor M.A., independently settled in Punjab. No dowry or nationality considerations. Box No. 8724, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two youngmen highly educated with foreign qualifications, handsome healthy, from respectable Khatri or Brahmin families, holding advanced views, earning high incomes, age about 36 and 30 respectively for two very good looking cultured young ladies highly educated, accomplished from very respectable Brahmin families. Photos preferred. Correspondence strictly confidential Please apply to Box No. 8720, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted capable and experienced Carpenter Foreman. Knowledge of English essential. Apply stating terms to Box No. 8755, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Mill Manager with full knowledge of spinning, weaving and other departments and at least 15 years' experience in a first class mill. Apply Mehta, Pallonji Mansion, first floor, Colaba, Bombay. (5745)

Wanted an experienced Moulder Mistry, capable of controlling labour for a large Iron Foundry. Apply Box No. 8753, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Teacher, well qualified to teach vocal and instrumental Indian music in a school working on modern lines. Apply to Box No. 8747, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a young undergraduate Hindu or Mahomedan Despatch Clerk. Salary Rs. 40. Apply in own handwriting to the Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Sales Branch Office, P. B. 378, Bombay. (5800)

Wanted—Manager for some branches to be opened in Bombay Presidency on Rs. 100 p.m. to start. Reply to: Eastern National Bank Ltd., (B), Post Box No. 10009 Calcutta. (5283)

Wanted a qualified Dyer and Bleacher also an Engineer for a Weaving Mill with turbine Engine and ready cotton purchaser for a Weaving Mill; must have long experience and served in reputed Mill; apply stating qualification and experience with copies of testimonials and salary expected to Mehta, first floor, Pallonji Mansion, Cuffe Parade, Colaba. (8714)

Wanted Secretary, pay Rs. 70-2|1-100. Candidates should be B.A. or B.A. with G.D.A. or B.Com. or any other degree of the Bombay or any other recognised University qualifications or a L.S.G.D. Should know Kanarese thoroughly well. Will be on probation for two years. During probation should pass such examination as Government or Local Self-Government Institute or this Municipality may prescribe. Security of Rs. 1,000 required. One with previous office experience preferred. Apply to Chief Officer, Dharwar Municipality, to reach on or before 10th August, 1937. (5827)

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers: Overseers through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (8617)

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Wanted educated and experienced canvassers for India's finest Moghul Durries. Highest rate of commission offered in the durrie line. Moghul durries are patronized and sold by the Govt. of U. P. Arts & Crafts Deptt. and scores of agents are working in the presidencies. A decent income is assured. A small security will be necessary for samples, etc. Apply stating experience: B. Das & Co., Moghul Durrie Manufacturers, Aligarh, U. P. (8748)

Wanted (1) For a Temporary appointment for 4 to 6 months an experienced Assistant Dyeing Master. Salary upto Rs. 200. Apply with full particulars about experience with copies of testimonials. Selected candidate must join latest by the 15th August, 1937. (2) B.E. Mechanical or Electrical of an Indian University to be trained as Shift Engineer. Only those having initiative, personality, sense of responsibility and fond of working with their own hands need apply. Salary Rs. 75-10-125. (3) A technically trained and qualified Assistant in the Weaving Department. Please give full particulars of the nature of experience together with copies of testimonials and salary required. (4) A technically qualified and competent Assistant for the Bleaching and Finishing Department. Apply with full particulars about educational qualifications and experience if any. Salary Rs. 50-10-100. Apply to The Office Assistant, Calico Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad. (5842)

Wanted Directors for a prospering business. Handsome salary. Little investment essential. Apply Box No. 8738 "Bombay Chronicle".

62. TO BE LET

To let the place of surgical nursing home of Dr. Mulgaonkar, Wassiamull Buildings, Grant Road. Apply Wassiamull Estates, New Resham Bazar, Kalbadevi Road. Telephone No. 21338. (8742)

86. SHOPS TO LET

To be let Spacious shop in "Cutch Castle" near Opera House, suitable for Banks, Motor or other showroom, Chemist or Motor accessories or stores. Rent Rs. 600 p.m. Apply Shoorji Vallabhdass, Cutch Castle, Tel. No. 42818. (8757)

145. SCHOOLS (LOCAL)

Wanted candidates for Guarantee course. No service, no fee. Scholarship and fare paid. Guarantee Prospectus on two annas. Royal College, Main Road, Dadar, Bombay. (8739)

Senior Cambridge Institute. All Matric failed lose not this chance. Appear for December Cambridge examination. Last date is the 10th of July. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises, 13th Lane, Khetwadi Back Road. (5465)

256. CHAUFFEURS

Experienced driver mechanic all model automobiles seeks touring position. Please write Box No. 8746, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted Energetic Agents to Sell our well-reputed silks, sarees and woollens. Pay Rs. 125 p.m. Jindals Limited, Ludhiana. (8733)

Wanted a Chief Agent for the Family Aiding Corporation Ltd., Madras, for Bombay Presidency and Native States on a monthly remuneration of Rs. 500. Apply for particulars enclosing 1-1|2 anna stamps to: The Managing Director, 2|47, Singrachary Street, Triplicane. (8752)

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A progressive Life Office invites applications for Chief Agency for Bombay Presidency. Offers attractive terms with hereditary renewals. Also option of appointment as Branch Secretary on satisfactory work. Apply in confidence, Box No. 5802, "Bombay Chronicle".

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466. NURSERIES & SEEDSMEN

Fruit, flower, ornamental plants prepared on large scale, supplied reasonable rates. Catalogue free: Dilkhus Nursery, Vyara. (8722)

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Wanted for immediate delivery Blackman or other make Centrifugal suction fans. Give particulars, price and earliest delivery to: Velji Lukhamsi, Dana Bunder, Bombay. (8756)

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Gujarat Furniture Works "Quality Furniture" in modern style. Showroom and Factory Girgaum, Bombay. Phone 25498. (8634)

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Life Insurance Companies requiring substantial support for complying with new regulations should apply Box No. 8690. "Bombay Chronicle".

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THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

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Share Certificates Nos. 64878|79; 66645; 51619|620; 51622; and 51548 for 175 shares Nos. 569353|569432 701722|701746; 628459|528538; 628564|628588; and 616428|616452 respectively of the Union Bank of India Ltd., standing in the name of late Hasanali Mohamedali Golwala are lost or mislaid.

Anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the Bank within one month from the date hereof. After which duplicates will be issued.

(Sd|) ABDULHUSEIN HASANALI MOHOMEDALI GOLWALA.

8750

Public Notices.

PUBLIC NOTICE

THE PREMIER CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Ten Ordinary Shares Nos. 16209|218 of the above company standing in the name of Bai Jevabai Karsandas Jairam have been 'LOST or MISLAID.' Any claim in respect of the said shares be notified to the company at Phoenix Building Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date. If no claim is received, duplicates will be issued.

Dated 15th July, 1937.

For & On behalf of
The Premier Construction Co., Ltd,
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

5848

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

IT IS PROPOSED to run a SPECIAL TRAIN from Bombay to Poona and back in connection with the presentation of Coronation Medals by H. E. the Governor of Bombay on Tuesday, the 20th July. Will intending passengers kindly advise the Assistant Transportation Superintendent, Victoria Terminus, not later than 17-00 hours on MONDAY, the 19th July, whether they wish to travel by the Special and in what class they will travel

The Special Train will leave Victria Terminus at 17-15 hours arriving Poona 20 hours and will leave Poona at 0-45 hours arriving Bombay at 7-00 hours.

J. A. TOWER,
Chief Transportation Superintendent.

Bombay, 16th July, 1937.

5849

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai TARABAI, widow of Vithaldas Thakordas, SAKERCHAND GULABCHAND, MANGALDAS KALIDAS CHOKSY and RANGILDAS RATANCHAND CHOKSEY, the surviving executrix and executors of the last Will and Testament of Vithaldas Thakoredas deceased, have contracted with our client for absolute sale of the various pieces or parcels of vacant land situate at Andheri and hereinbelow described.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, against to in upon or in respect of the said pieces or any of them or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, transfer, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, maintenance, use, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard or reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF LAND.

All those various pieces or parcels of vacant land or ground situate at Andheri in the Bombay Suburban District, Sub-Registration District Bandra and forming a compact piece containing a total area of 29914 square yards or thereabouts the present survey and Hissa Numbers and assessments whereof are as follows:—

Survey Nos.	Hissa Nos.	Assessments Rs. as. ps.
28	4	21 0 0
28	5	10 9 6
28	6	1 0 0
29	5	0 5 0
29	6	0 5 0
29	7	10 6 0
30	1	9 3 3
30	3	0 5 0
30	6	0 5 6
31	1 (part)	7 15 0
100 Pot Nos.	1 & 2.	0 12 0

and bounded as follows, i.e., on or towards the East partly by the land belonging to Parshotam Patel, partly that of Karamsey Damji and partly that of Dhanji Bhimji, on or towards the West by the B. B. & C. I. Railway Lines, on or towards the South by the Kurla Road and on or towards the North by the land partly belonging to Shanker Nanabhai Patel and partly that of John Pascoal Misquitta and partly of Mukund Sadashiv Patil and partly of Dhanji Bhimji.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1937.

(Sd.) SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5854

Public Notices.

NOTICE

Mr. RAMCHANDRA G. ARALIKATTI, Clerk, Diwan Office, Ramdurg, holder of our Policy No. 1104 having notified that he has either lost or misplaced his Policy and having requested us to issue a duplicate thereof in his favour, notice is hereby given that a duplicate Policy will be issued to him by the Company should there be no objection recorded in our Head Office to our doing so within a month of this Notice.

JYOTENDRA L. MEHTA,
Manager,
The Bombay Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

Bombay, 17th July, 1937.

8749

READY WASTE FOR SALE

COTTON AND YARN WASTE of different sorts accumulated in the Crown Spg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., situated at New Parbhadevi Road, Parel, are for sale. Tenders for the same will be received at the Company's Registered Office No. 34|38, Hamam Street, Hamam House, Fort, Bombay, upto 5 p.m. (S.T.) on Wednesday, the 21st July, 1937, along with a deposit of Rs. 500 for each tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject any tender or tenders fully or in part. Tender forms may be obtained from the Company's Office.

(Sd.) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Secs., Treas. & Agents.

5837

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE following plots will be put up for Public Auction in this Office at the time and on the dates shown against them:——

Scheme No.	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User.	Date of auction at 3 P.M. (S. T.)
		EX TRUST PLOTS TO BE LEASED.			
52	Worli	53	2,500	Residences	27-7-37
„	„	61	1,833	„	„
„	„	62	1,333	„	„
5	Dadar Matunga	816	713	„	„
6	Dadar Matunga North	16	439	„	„
6	Dadar Matunga North	16-A	630	„	„

Copies of full particulars of Auction and Special conditions relating to each of the plots to be leased with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of ANNAS EIGHT in each case. Conditions of the Lease and other particulars can be inspected at the Office of the undersigned during Office hours on any working day except Saturday.

Bombay,
15th July, 1937.

H. M. ABHYANKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager.

(5820)

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MARIA RITA BORGES with the Consent of the Mortgagee L. C. D'Souza has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 10 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Fazandari Tenure, situate at Cavel Street, Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (151) one hundred and fifty-one square yards or thereabouts with the house standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under 'C' Ward No. 3850, Street No. 178, New No. 191 N. bearing New Survey No. 199, Cadastral Survey No. 714 of Bhuleshwar Division and is bounded as follows:—on the North partly by a gully and partly by the property of Govindji Premji, on or towards the South partly by a gully and partly by the property of Bhat Laxmidas Purshotam, on or towards the East by the property of Mohanlal Madhavji and on or towards the West by a Public Passage.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1937.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI
Purchaser's Attorneys

5850

Public Notices.

NOTICE

Bond Warrant No. 4942 of 21-2-36 Bond No. 6025 for 100 Crates G. P. Sheets s.s. Mantaimaru Marks C——J
5305 1|100

The above Bond Warrant has been lost by our Clearing Agent and anybody finding the same is requested to return to us at the following address:

CURRIMJEE JEEWANJEE & CO.,
136, Kazi Syed Street
Bombay No. 3.

8754

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Duplicate Allotment Letter and Receipt No. 3232 for 100 Shares Nos. 198803 to 198903 of the Union Bank of India Ltd., standing in the name of late Hasanali Mohamedali Golwala is lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against it should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof after which Duplicate will be issued

(Sd|) ABDULHUSEIN HASANALI MOHOMEDALI GOLWALA.

8750A

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a TECHNICAL LIBRARIAN and TRANSLATOR for the Research and Control Laboratories in the Works of the TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

CANDIDATES should have had considerable experience in reference Library employing the latest systems of filing and card-indexing of Technical information and be capable of making extracts for reference purposes. In addition, the successful candidate will be required to translate Technical publications and correspondence from German and French into ENGLISH.

Preference will be given to a candidate possessing a Technical Degree and|or a knowledge of the Iron & Steel Industry. The salary of the post will be Rs. 250,—15,—Rs. 400, the commencing salary depending on qualifications.

The selected candidate will be required to pass a Medical examination by the Company's Medical Officer and after appointment will be subject to the Rules and Regulations of the Company in respect of leave, provident fund, etc.

CANDIDATES should apply in writing with copies of testimonials to the GENERAL MANAGER of the TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD., P. O. JAMSHEDPUR. B N. Ry. on or before 31ST JULY, 1937.

5846

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvents.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	455 of 1935.	Dominic Xavier Mascarenhas.	First.
2.	468 of 1935.	Walter James Masadoe.	First.
3.	474 of 1935.	Gangadas Jinabhai Damania.	First.
4.	496 of 1935.	Nariman Bejonji Contractor.	First.
5.	499 of 1935.	Framroze Perozeshaw Mukadam.	First.
6.	554 of 1935.	James Leonard Williams.	First.
7.	93 of 1934.	Ramdas Karsondas Bhatia. (Personal).	First and Final.
8.	430 of 1934.	Laxman Martand Gupte.	First and Final.
9.	154 of 1935.	Ramji Virji Thucker and Anr., traded as Virji Damji and Co.	First and Final.
10.	469 of 1935.	Keshav Laxman Ghogarkar.	First and Final.
11.	475 of 1935.	Vishnu Laxman Samant.	First and Final.
12.	490 of 1935.	James Edward Robertson.	First and Final.
13.	513 of 1935.	Framroze Dorabji Homji.	First and Final.
14.	519 of 1935.	Nizamuddin Abdulla Thaver.	First and Final.
15.	537 of 1935.	Captain John Ramsden.	First and Final.
16.	335 of 1932.	Alfred Michael Dontre.	Second.
17.	753 of 1929.	Vishnu Narhar Lanke.	Second and Final.
18.	959 of 1929.	Bhanji Cooverji.	Second and Final.
19.	765 of 1931.	Venidas Nemchand.	Second and Final.
20.	544 of 1932.	Augustino Saldanha alias A. Saldanha.	Second and Final.
21.	429 of 1933.	Joseph Abadon Pink.	Second and Final.
22.	34 of 1927.	Lilaram Khanchand Chawla.	Third and Final.
23.	559 of 1930.	Shamji Jetha and Anr., traded as Shamji Jethabhai and Co.	Third and Final.
24.	748 of 1935.	Dinanath Madhok.	Preferential distribution.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay this 8th day of July, 1937.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.

(5805)

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Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No 781 of 1933.
DOSSABHAI MAGANLAL and Anr. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
CHARANDAS VISSONJI and Anr. ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immovable property dated 17th April, 1937, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the 2nd Plaintiff all the right, title and interest of the Defendants in the following properties:—

FIRSTLY:—ALL that piece of freehold land situate at Falkland Road and Khetwady Back Road, Bombay, admeasuring 2029 square yards or thereabouts together with buildings standing thereon and bearing Collector's New No 14087, New Survey Nos. 5528 and A/5526, Cadastral Survey No. 884 of Girgaum Division and Municipal "D" Ward No. 2091, Street Nos. 32 and 33A Khetwady First Cross Lane and "D" Ward Nos. 2092(1) 2092(2) 2093; Street Nos. 36b, 36a, 37 to 41 Khetwady Back Road and "D" Ward Nos. 2181, 2182, 2183 Street Nos. 330 to 338,340 to 348 and 358, 2, 352, 354, 356 Falkland Road and First Cross Lane.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land of the quit and ground rent tenure with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Sattad or Doongry Cooly Street, Bombay, admeasuring 299 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New No. 6586, New Survey No. 2651, Cadastral Survey No. 910 of Mandvi Division, Municipal "B" Ward No. 1170,(1), Street Nos. 297, 299 and 301 Doongry Street and Street Nos. 5 to 11 Masjid Bunder Road.

THIRDLY:—All that piece of land of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the dwelling house, standing thereon, situate at Doongry Jao DeSouza Street and Chakla Cross Lane, Bombay, admeasuring 283 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Nos. 6179, 6180, Laughton's Survey No. 2264, Cadastral Survey No. 414 of Mandvi Division, Municipal "B" Ward No. 1774, Street Nos. 124 to 128 and 13.

FOURTHLY:—ALL that piece or land of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Western side of Doongry Jao DeSouza Street or Wadchi Gadi Sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 158 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New No. 7253, Laughton's Survey No. 2265, Cadastral Survey No. 415 of Mandvi Division and Municipal "B" Ward No. 1775, Street Nos. 120, 122, 13b.

FIFTHLY:—All that piece of land of the quit and ground rent tenure (the cess whereon has been redeemed) together with the dwelling house, standing thereon situate at Kazi Syed Street, admeasuring 85 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's New No. 6391, New Survey No. 2/2144, Cadastral Survey No. 878 of Mandvi Division and Municipal "B" Ward Nos. 1436, 1437, Street No. 53.

SIXTHLY:—All that piece of land of the perpetual Fazandari tenure with dwelling houses standing thereon situate on the West side of Khetwady Fifth Lane, Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 1103 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New No. 9149, New Survey No. 5454, Cadastral Survey No. 1/787 of Girgaum Division Municipal "D" Ward Nos. 1938, 1939, 1940, 2065, 2066, Street Nos. 2, 4, 4A, 6, 6A, 6B, 8A, 8B, 10, 10A, 10B, 12 Khetwady fifth Lane and Street Nos. 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61 and 63.

SEVENTHLY:—All that piece of leasehold land and dwelling house standing thereon situate at Argyle Road and Broach Street, on the Elphinstone Land Estate of the Bombay Port Trust Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 324 4/9 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Cadastral Survey No. 46 of Prince's Dock Division, Laughton's Survey No. 3186, (part) Municipal "B" Ward No. 4731(1) Street Nos. 191, 193 and 51 to 59.

EIGHTHLY:—ALL that piece of leasehold land together with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Surat Street, on the Elphinstone Land Estate of the Bombay Port Trust Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 483 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Cadastral Survey No. 79 of Prince's Dock Division Laughton's Survey No. 3186 (part) and Municipal "B" Ward No. 5363 (1), Street Nos. 33, 35, 37 and 39.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the above-named properties (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 3rd day of August, 1937, lodge in my Office a statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1937.
(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
5847.

Public Notices.

RE: THE JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING & PRESSING CO. LTD., (IN LIQDN.)

NOTICE

The UNDERSIGNED proposes to give a Lease or Leases for working the following Ginning and Pressing Factories in Burma for the current season. Applications are invited for the purpose which should be submitted to the undersigned, on or before the 26th, July, 1937, at his Office Manekji Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. All lessees will be required to pay half the rent in advance and the other half within three months from the commencement of the Lease.

Intending Lessees will be required to give cash security for the due performance of the terms of the lease. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

BURMA:
Myingyan: One Ginning and One Pressing Factory.
Mahalaing: One Ginning Factory.
Suphegaon: One Ginning Factory.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 12th day of July 1937.
K. M. TALEYARKHAN,
Official Liquidator.
5822.

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED by our client Mr. HIRJI UMERSEY, the sole surviving Executor of the last Will of Gangji Lakhmidas deceased for the sale of the undermentioned property:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land partly of quit and ground rent tenure and partly of pension and tax tenure together with messuage tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon, lying and being at Bazar Gate Street and Borah Bazar Street, within the Fort, containing by admeasurement 350 square yards according to the Cadastral Survey Sheets, and 330 square yards according to the title-deeds or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1338, 1329, 1340 and 1339 Fort Division and bearing Municipal Ward Nos. 2205(1) and 2205(2), Street Nos. 91 95, 100, 102 and 93.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. R. E. PAPA & CO Attorneys for Mr. Hirji Umersey at their Office at 41, Hummum Street, Fort, or to Mr. Hirji Umersey at the above premises.

Dated this 12th day of July 1937.
R. E. PAPA & CO.,
Attorneys for
Mr. Hirji Umersey
(5831)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for probate of the last Will and Testament of THAKAR MATHURADAS GORDHANDAS alias Mathuradas Gordhandas Bhagta late of Bombay retired merchant at the time of death residing at Malad in the Bombay Suburban District. ..... Deceased.

THAKAR VALLABHDAS KHIMJI, of Bangalore Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant and one of the executors named in the Will at present residing at Walkeshwar outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 9th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R B PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 9th day of July, 1937.
(Sd.) Messrs. DAPHTARY
FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5855

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the properties and credits of NARSOO NARSAYA OOLENGAL, alias NARSOO N. ULENGAL alias NARSU NARSAYA ULENGAL, a widower, and a landlord of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, who resided at the time of his death at Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

RAMCHANDRA NARAYAN COLENGAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a landlord residing at Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 6th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 5th day of July, 1937.
Messrs. DESAI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5851

Auction Sales.

BENNETT & Co
120 Apollo Street, Fort.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE AT POONA.
A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO BUY COMPLETE BUNGLOW FURNITURE
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HANDSOME AND MODERN STYLE FURNITURE MADE BY WELL-KNOWN MAKERS ROBERTS, WIMBRIDGE, BENJAMIN, ETC., BLACKWOOD OPEN CARVED SOFAS, CHIFFONIERS, TEAPOYS, RICH PERSIAN CARPETS, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from the Parties concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Sunday, the 1st August 1937 at 10 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 204, Wellesley Road, Poona, opposite Burma Shell Tanks, household furniture of the latest designs such as sliding dining tables, chairs, arms and without arms, full size mirror back sideboards, dumbwaiters and dinner waggons to match tea, tables, cabinets, centre tables, tapestry lined showcases, peg teapoys, Cottage piano, His Master's Voice gramophone, Ping-pong table, Zoonda cupboards, one lot blackwood carved furniture, such as elephant and camel tables, latest designed ultra-modern Chesterfield suites, Persian carpets large and small wooden beds, dressing tables, roll top writing table, revolving chair, flower pot stands, bookcases, solid Jacobean bedroom furniture, single and double door mirrored almyrahs, chests of drawers, writing tables, folding card tables, revolving book stands, nests of teapoys, towel stands, soil linen baskets, marble top tables, verandah furniture, cane furniture, verandah tables, benches, low and easy chairs, etc.

Furniture will be on view 8 days before the sale.

N. B.—Lovers of Artistic Furniture are invited to view the furniture.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 1100 BALES COTTON, SURAT FARM: NAVSARI FARM: KAPADVANJ: BARDOLI: WESTERN (GUNTAKAL FARM): TIRPUR CAMBODIA: SUDAN: EGYPTIAN: CAMBAY.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th July, 1937, at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewri in M. Shed 172 & 173 near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above-mentioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and or water and salved from the fire that occurred on the 8th July, 1937, in Wadia Godown No. 30 to cotton of Messrs. C. Parekh & Co.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

OUTRAGE ON HUMAN CULTURE

P.E.N. Club's Stand For Writers' Freedom

The Fifteenth International P.E.N. Congress, meeting in Paris, passed unanimously several important resolutions in defence of freedom of the pen, on which subject one of the most striking speeches was made by the Italian Prof. Guglielmo Ferrero. Mr. H. G. Wells, former International President, sent a message emphasizing the "subordination of political, ethnological and dogmatic considerations of all sorts to free expression and unhampered discussion."

One resolution protested against the outrages committed against numerous writers, champions of free speech, in Germany, and especially against the German Government's having prevented Carl von Ossietzky, Nobel Prize winner from going to Oslo to appear before the Committee and deliver a speech, as required by the statutes of the Nobel Foundation.

SYMPATHY WITH SPAIN

The P.E.N. Congress extended sympathy to the whole of Spain for the present tragic situation in that country, but condemned as a crime against the spirit the shooting at Granada of the great Spanish poet Garcia Lorca, who had taken no part in the political struggle.

An important resolution protested vigorously against the fetters placed in certain European countries on the culture of national minorities, and especially against the physical and moral persecution of the Jews.

"Convinced that such practices endanger the dignity and the liberty not only of the Jews under the jurisdiction of those countries, but also of all the peoples of the universe, and even of human culture in general which cannot unfold itself in an atmosphere of hate and persecution, the Congress therefore calls upon all its centres and all its members to put forth all their efforts to oppose this policy which attacks the very principles of our civilization".

Monsieur Jules Romains, International President of the P.E.N., presided at the Congress sessions. Guests of honour included Karel Capek of Czechoslovakia, Ventura Gassol of Catalonia, James Joyce of Ireland, Heinrich Mann, famous German "emigre", Steyn Spreuvis of Belgium, and Franz Wersti of Austria. India was represented by Dr. Amiya C. Chakravarty who recently received from Oxford University the degree of Doctor of Philosophy and the honour of election as senior fellow of Brasenose College, the first scholar from Asia to receive the latter distinction.

Other delegates included Signor F. Marinetti of Italy, Humbert Wolfe, J. B. Priestley and John Purvis from England, J. M. Reid from Scotland and Arthur Meeker, Jr., from the U.S.A. About 350 foreign writers attended the Congress.

A catalogue made in the Geological Survey of India of earthquake shocks reported from various parts of India shows that in 1936 India had 91 such shocks.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 6)

ting this difficulty (of guarantee) is overcome, there is an even more potent and serious obstacle in the way of the tour. I refer to the prohibition by the International Lawn Tennis Federation of the conduct of the matches between amateurs and professionals by the A.I.L.T.A. It may be recalled that in connection with Cochet's tour of India in 1935, the request made by the A.I.L.T.A. for organising matches between amateurs and professionals was turned down by the I.L.T.F.

NO DIRECT BENEFIT.

"The A.I.L.T.A. whatever its convictions in the matter, has no other option but to obey the I.L.T.F. ruling, which means that none of our amateurs can play against Tilden, Cochet and others. Under such circumstances, what is the advantage of the tour? No positive benefit to Indian tennis can accrue as our own amateur representatives cannot engage in combat with professional visitors, although I do not ignore the 'indirect' benefits of such a tour, as I have alluded earlier to the visual education afforded by such masterly exponents of the game like Tilden, Cochet, etc."

Despite the doubtful benefits, which might accrue to our players from this visit, the A.I.L.T.A. have decided to have it at considerable expense to the country. "More show and less constructive work" has been the policy of the A.I.L.T.A. for the last few years. This has brought the association almost to the gates of ruin.

THE
Associated Cement Companies, Ltd.

The Managing Agents have been authorised by the Directors of The Associated Cement Companies Limited to announce for the information of the Shareholders of the Merging Companies that according to present arrangements all the Merging Companies (except The Dewarkhand Cement Co., Ltd.) are expected to go into liquidation in the last week of July, 1937. The liquidators hope to be able to make the first distribution of the Shares and the fractional Share Certificates of the A. C. C. amongst the members of their respective Companies in the first week of October, 1937, and the holders of fractional Certificates will be asked to get them converted into whole Shares by 30th November, 1937. It is intended to close the accounts of The Associated Cement Companies Limited as on 31st July, 1937, which will complete a full year's working and to hold the Annual General Meeting of the Company early in January, 1938, to consider the accounts and sanction the payment of a Dividend.

For CEMENT AGENCIES LIMITED,
P. J. BILIMORIA,
Managing Director.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

The Rest Cricket Team To Be Picked From Rest Of The World

(By "LOOKER-ON.")

Now that the Pentangular Tournament is a settled fact, the Catholic Gymkhana who have been entrusted with the task of sponsoring the Rest, are, I hear, spreading their nets far and wide with a view to collect a side which would be worthy of the great cricket Carnival of Bombay. As far as I can gather, there are three Ceylonese players: F. C. De Saram and the Kelaart Brothers, who are considered absolute certainties. It is even said that De Saram will lead the side. As a double Oxford Blue and as Ceylon's best batsman, young De Saram's claims will be difficult to turn down. But I am sure by the time the Tournament comes on, there will be many claimants for inclusion in the team and for the captaincy. And Alban De Souza will have a hard job to pick and choose.

HEADLEY AND CONSTANTINE?

It has been suggested to me that since the Rest are going to include players from Ceylon and perhaps, from Burma and Malay States, why not invite some of the famous West Indies players such as George Headley and Leary Constantine. I am authoritatively informed that they cannot collar any of the white players into their fold as they are all considered Europeans whether they hail from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa or Timbuctoo. They may rope in the rest of the world if they like. I am only wondering if this would give an encouragement to our local talents for whose benefit, we were told, the Rest demanded inclusion in the Pentangular. Perhaps, the players themselves will give an answer to this question ere long.

ENGLAND'S NEW CAPTAIN.

In the "Cricketer" (London) Sir Home Gordon, Bart., writes about the new England Captain as follows:—"England is to be congratulated on the new captain. Personality tells in Test matches and there is no more vivid individuality in the game to-day than R. W. V. Robins. It has been said of him that he fields everywhere at the same time. Possibly, no one but he would have gone for the amazing catch with which he dismissed Smailes at Lord's last week. His innings against Yorkshire was truly Jessopian. The ball he sent banging against the upper part of the tavern would have carried right over the road outside had it not been for the obstacle."

WILL HE LEAD AGAINST AUSTRALIA?

"It may be worth recalling that when he went up to Cambridge from Highgate—his former headmaster never missed one of his metropolitan matches—he obtained his Blue though his highest score was less than 40 and he had never been put on to bowl. It was subsequently in club cricket round London that he acquired his length. In his first Test match at Trent Bridge, he had to go into the deep to field after each over that he bowled."

"Those who say his new appointment is a trial towards testing him for leadership against Australia next year are right. But I should like to anticipate that G.O. Allen may then find time to resume his leadership. No one would be more pleased than his successor."

A CRICKETING FAMILY.

The "Cricketer" adds, "At this stage of his career there is little we can say about R.W.V. Robins, England's new Captain, which is not already known. Thirty-one at the beginning of the month (June), Robins first played for Middlesex while at Highgate school. In 1926, he obtained a Blue at Cambridge and made his first Test debut for England v. South Africa at Lord's in 1929. Since then he has played in numerous other Test matches, has captained Middlesex since 1935, and toured Australia with the M. C. C. last winter."

"Robins' father V. H. Robins, was a good all-round cricketer, and played for Staffordshire; his uncle, Col. V. I. Robins, is captain of East Moseley, while his brother, Captain W. V. H. Robins who bats left-handed, played for the Army against Cambridge the other day. Cricket runs in Robins' family and his grandfather, who only died a few years ago, was a keen, if undistinguished player. So keen indeed that one Sunday about 50 years ago, he and his friends endeavoured to play a match at a village on the borders of Nottinghamshire and Leicestershire. This so infuriated the local inhabitants that they stoned the cricketers who had to give up all idea of play. How times have changed."

PITHAPURAM'S GENEROSITY.

Every tennis lover will feel delighted at the news that Tilden's team will now definitely visit this country next cold weather. This has been possible by the generosity of the Yuvaraj of Pithapuram, President of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association, who has guaranteed all losses which the tour might entail. This is really very sporting of the Yuvaraj and every tennis fan in the country will feel grateful towards him. I quite agree with L. Brooke Edwards, Honorary Secretary of the A.I.L.T.A., that "the tour will be a show 'par excellence,' the magic name of Tilden and others will attract a vast gathering of spectators. There is bound to be an excellent 'gate' even in a country like India."

"EDUCATION IN ITSELF."

But how will it benefit Indian tennis? Let Brooke Edwards answer the question: "To witness a celebrity of the game in action is an education in itself, and no student of the game, who carefully observes the great masters in play, can fail to profit by it."

Then he himself argued against the tour as follows:—"Even gran-

(Continued in Col. 4)

Auction Sales.

GANDHI & Co.
Government Auctioneers.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT SAMUEL STREET & DONGRI STREET.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Amin Desai & Nanavati Attorneys for Bai Sakinabai widow of Hajibhai Noormahomed and Gulamhussein Karmali Hajibhai, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of The Mortgagors Janbai widow of Nazaralli Gigabhai, Hussein Karmali and Janmahomed Nanji Executrix and Executors respectively of the last Will and Codicil of the deceased Nazaralli Gigabhai pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 28th day of January 1930 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned valuable immovable property this day Saturday the 17th day of July 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of perpetual Fazandari land (formerly consisting of two pieces of land) with the house situate at Samuel Street and Dongri Street otherwise Chinch Bunder 3rd Row admeasuring 211 square yards or thereabouts and Registered by the Collector under New Survey No. 3153 and 3075 Cadastral Survey No. 1740 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality under B. Ward Nos. 2986 and 3053 and 3054 New Street Nos. 19, 98-100.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their Office at No. 77, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,

CRAWFORD & CO.

SALE OF ONE DIAMOND PENDENT WITH ONE EMERALD INSET IN PEARL NECKLACE OF 50 BEADS.

By order of Messrs Gagrat & Co. Solicitors for pledgee and on account and risk of Keki Ratanji Bhaya (pledger) Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO: will sell by public auction on SATURDAY, 24th July 1937 at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay One Diamond Pendent with one emerald inset in a Pearl Necklace containing fifty beads.

CRAWFORD & CO.,

PLAZA TALKIES
DADAR
SUNDAY, 18th July,
Morning at 10 A.M.
MYTHOLOGICAL TAMIL TALKIE
PADUKA PATTABHI.
SHEKAM
PRODUCED BY:—MADURA SRI KRISHNA TALKIES
Starring:—M. R. KRISHNAMURTHY, T. D. RUKMANIBAI, T. S. SANTANAM, P. B. RANGACHARI.
Rates 4 as. to Rs. 1-8.

HUGE HAUL OF DIAMONDS

Alleged Attempt To Smuggle Them In

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Customs authorities seized yesterday from a private car an attache case containing diamonds believed to be worth a few lakhs. It is alleged that a passenger who arrived by the "Narkunda" yesterday attempted to smuggle the precious stones in. The Customs authorities on suspicion searched a private car and took possession of the attache case containing the diamonds as no declaration had been filed.

Investigations are proceeding.

"BOSWELL" WINS ECLIPSE STAKES

"Daytona" & "Monument" Secure Places

LONDON, July 16.

The Eclipse Stakes run to-day at Sandown Park, over a distance of one mile and two furlongs resulted as follows:—

BOSWELL	1
DAYTONA	2
MONUMENT	3.

Six ran. The winner won by one and a half lengths. Same length separated the second and third. Winner was trained by Mr. Boyd Rochfort.

STARTING PRICES:—20 to 1 Boswell; 8 to 1 Daytona; 100 to 7 Monument.—Reuter.

From LOW to HIGH PRICE CARS!

We have a nice Range of Motor Cars—From the LOWEST to HIGHEST Priced Cars, to suit all pockets. If you are in need of a Motor Car, just either write or 'phone us, and our Representative will be at your Service and give you the fullest information regarding the purchase of a car to suit your pocket.

It will pay you to consult us and see our range of cars before purchase of a car from elsewhere. Don't miss this opportunity as we can offer you a wide choice of selection at a right price.

STOCKS TO CHOOSE FROM

DODGE SIX—Standard and Deluxe Models as Dependable as ever.

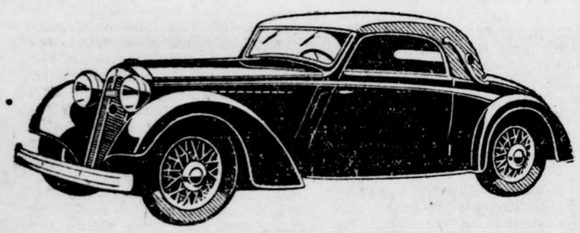
CHRYSLER ROYAL SIX—AIRFLOW AND CUSTOM IMPERIAL EIGHTS

The Comfortable and Luxurious Cars for the Aristocracy.

14 H.P. 4 Cyl. WANDERER 5 Seater Saloons.

The famous HORCH cars (Rolls-Royce of Germany).

DKW—7 H.P. TWIN CYLINDER—The most Economical Car in its class.



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A daily habit that means good health

A glass of **Phosferine Tonic Wine** two or three times a day is more than a good drink—it's a good habit. You can feel it doing you good—restoring your lost energy and generally toning up your system to withstand the tiring effects of the climate. This wonderful tonic wine gives you a new feeling of fitness and banishes all 'headiness' and depression. Don't blame the midday sun—get a bottle of **Phosferine Tonic Wine** today and you will soon feel the difference!

PHOSFERINE TONIC WINE

THE BEST THE WORLD PRODUCES

Agents: SPENCER & Co., Ltd., *Throughout India*

Harwood League

Cheshires Win Championship

RUNNERS-UP POSITION STILL UNDECIDED

It is particularly fitting that, with the topmost position in the first division of the Harwood League having been definitely won by the Cheshire Regiment, the honour of being runners-up will remain uncertain until the very last match of the League to be played on Tuesday. At the moment, the 3rd Field Brigade from Kirkee, last year's runners-up, are second on the list with all their games finished and with a total of 15 points. Then come Bombay City and the R. A. Colaba, who are due to meet in their last match on Tuesday, and who both have 14 points. If that game is a draw, then there will be three teams with 15 points each, and the runners-up trophy will depend upon goal average, in which case the thirteen scored by the Kirkee Gunners against Bombay United this week might well prove the deciding factor.

Very great interest, therefore, will be manifest in next Tuesday's game, and it is worth noting that last year's experience is being repeated, in that the winning of the trophy depends upon the final game in the League. After the game on Tuesday, Miss Edith MacFarlane, Lady Superintendent of St. George's Hospital, and a very keen football enthusiast, will present the trophies and medals to the League champions and the runners-up.

ROVERS CUP

The entries for the Rovers Cup continue to come in, and as the closing date is not until July 24th (not August 24th as erroneously published in one newspaper this week), there may still be unexpected contestants for this very open tournament. The W.I.F.A. Committee are hard at work completing the detailed arrangements, not the least exacting of which are the plans for accommodating for the large crowds that are expected when many of the visiting teams play. In this connection, it might also be stated as a matter of public interest that this year the W. I. F. A. have decided to allot anything up to about Rs. 15,000 in defraying the travelling and other expenses of teams from all parts of India. The plans for season tickets (which are this year to be restricted to members) are already open, and as accommodation is limited in the Members' stand, early application is advised.

THE W. I. F. A. PROTESTS

Now that the full minutes of the recent inaugural meeting of the All-India Football Federation have been received in Bombay, the Committee of the W. I. F. A. have had time to study the full implications of the decisions arrived at, in Simla last month. In general, everything is proceeding satisfactorily, although on two points the W. I. F. A. have already lodged a protest to the President.

One point on which protest is made, is the provisional affiliation of the Dacca Sporting Association, which is regarded by the W. I. F. A. as "objectionable and not in conformity with the Delhi settlement". At Delhi, when the long-standing dispute between certain provincial organisations was settled by arbitration and compromise, Bengal, through its I. F. A., was given extra weightage of one seat in view of its football history and importance. But the affiliation of the Dacca Sporting Association will give Bengal even greater weightage through the addition of yet another vote, although a previous proposal from Calcutta for the separate affiliation of Eastern Bengal was turned down by the Rules Sub-Committee of the A. I. F. F. on the grounds that it was not in keeping with the Delhi agreement.

It is important to note, however, that the affiliation of Dacca is conditional on the sanction of the I. F. A., but at the last meeting of the A. I. F. F. the representative of the I. F. A. declared that he had no instructions from his Council on the point, and actually pleaded inability on the part of his Council to control Dacca.

The second decision to which objection is taken by the W. I. F. A. relates to a motion which makes a certain change regarding the eligibility of provincial officials for the Honorary Secretaryship of the new Federation. In protesting against this change, the W. I. F. A. have stated that this too "constitutes a departure from the Delhi settlement. At Delhi it was agreed, and the decision was subsequently confirmed by the I. F. A. and the A. I. F. A. that no provincial Honorary Secretary was eligible for the post of Honorary Secretary of the Federation, and this condition embodied in the draft rules as agreed upon by the Rules Sub-Committee appointed at Delhi for submission to the recent Simla inaugural meeting. The latter meeting has now deleted this condition, and the rule as amended consequently represents a breach of the Delhi settlement."

A CENTRAL FUND

An interesting proposal which has received the support of the W. I. F. A. relates to the necessity of the creation of a Central Fund for the A. I. F. F. The need for such a fund is freely recognised, and the W. I. F. A. have accepted in principle the proposed payment by affiliated members of the Federation of a percentage of the receipts of all tournaments under their control, although the W. I. F. A. insist that this should be made applicable to all members and all tournaments. It is suggested that the percentage payable should be a small one, and that it be based on gross receipts.

BOMBAY GYM. DRAW WITH TRANSIT SECTION

Two Goals Shared In Harwood League

BOMBAY, Friday.

With the Harwood League almost at an end, one can see the lack of interest in the matches now being played at the Cooperage.

Two goals were shared this evening when the Bombay Gymkhana, though overshadowed at times, by their opponents, were forced to a draw by the Transit Section.

The Transit Section were unlucky not to win this evening. They dominated the exchanges for most of the time, more so in the second half when they were all over the Bombay Gymkhana territory

POOR FINISH.

The Section forwards lacked finish. Only if they had one good opportunist in their attack, they should have retired easy winners.

The game opened with the teams attacking in turn. The Gymkhana failed to open their account on two occasions while in the 18th minute from the start the Section drew first blood, Fluin, their inside-right making no mistake off a rebound from the goalkeeper's hands (1-0).

The Gymkhana forwards were making gallant efforts to level the score but success did not seem to come their way, till a little later, when they were awarded a penalty-kick, and Schultz converted it to put his side on terms. (1-1).

Mild attacks by both sets of forwards marked beginning of the second half and against the determined play of the defences, the forwards could not make any real headway.

The Section now became more aggressive and were continually attacking their opponent's goal but to no purpose.

THE RESULT

BOMBAY GYMKHANA	1 goal
TRANSIT SECTION	1 goal

THE TEAMS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: Wilkins; Collin and Browne; Carlisle, Munro, and Stilliard; Caplen, Squire, Schultz, Harsden and Reid.

TRANSIT SECTION: Osborne; Andrews and Burns; Brown, Bell and Bailey; Mather, Fluin, Gatward, Orange and Britton.

Referee: Mr. Hawooth.

Britain Leads At Eastbourne

EASTBOURNE, July 16.

Quist and Mcgrath (Australia) beat Hare and Wilde Great Britain) 2-6, 8-6, 4-6, 6-3, 6-4.

Tuckey beat Bromwich (Australia) 6-0 6-2 6-1.

Britain leads by three matches to one.—Reuter's Special.

Win For American Owner

SANDOWN, July 16.

In the presence of Queen Mary, the Princess Royal and Lord Harewood, the Eclipse Stakes, worth over £10,000 went to the well-known American, William Woodward through the St. Leger winner boswell.

The runners were identical with the probables.—Reuter's Special.

Indian Tennis

WHY NEW FEDERATION?

Existing A. I. L. T. Association Council Is Doing Its Job Efficiently, Says President

MADRAS, July 15.

The Yuvaraj of Pithapuram, President of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association has issued the following statement:—

I am surprised to find that a considerable amount of publicity is given to a mere proposal, namely the formation of an All-India Tennis Federation. Myself received a copy of it only yesterday.

BASELESS ASSERTION.

Whatever may be the merits or demerits of the proposals, one or two implications must be strongly refuted. The proposal strangely implies the absence of an effective executive to the All-India Lawn Tennis Association. Nothing can be more baseless. The Central Council of the A. I. L. T. A. is the executive body, and it is very efficient and competent too. It needs no replacement whatsoever. It's capacity has been proved beyond doubt by its past record. Moreover, the constitution of the A. I. L. T. A. is similar to that of most of the National Tennis Associations of the World. Surely, it cannot be maintained that all these Tennis Associations of the World have no effective executive bodies.

The game of tennis is being served by the Central Council as effectively as by any other proposed organisation. Moreover, the Central Council has as its limbs, the Provincial Associations with their respective councils which are rendering excellent services. Hence, there is no necessity, whatsoever, for the formation of a Federation on the proposed lines. It will be an unnecessary duplication.

WORK OF CENTRAL COUNCIL.

Items like the All-India Championships and Inter-Provincial Championships, etc. are being handled and tackled efficiently by the Central Council. It is beyond comprehension, how it can be said that the A. I. L. T. A has no machinery of its own to perform its manifold functions, inspite of the existence of the Central and Provincial Councils. The co-ordination of efforts for promoting tennis interests in the country and organising them on scientific basis is being done by the Central and Provincial Councils.

In this connection, it may be pointed out that an All-India International Tennis Club has been formed more or less on the lines of similar clubs in other countries. This should serve the social aspect of Indian tennis and eventually should become a useful limb of the A. I. L. T. A.

In view of what had been pointed out, the formation of a new Federation is really pointless.—A. P.

CHESS TOURNAMENT

The Bombay Central Chess Association will hold tournaments for chess players in classes A B & C from the 24th inst. Intending competitors should see the Hon. Secretary personally between 6-30 and 7-30 p.m. on week days, excepting Saturdays at the Club premises in the Union Building 2nd floor, Apollo Street. The last date for sending in the entries is Tuesday the 20th inst.

FRONTIER SPEAKER'S NARROW ESCAPE

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, July 16.

The Hon. Malik Khuda Baksh, Speaker of the Frontier Assembly had a providential escape when on his way to Peshawar his car met with a serious accident near Bahaur Khel on the Bannu-Kohat Road

It is stated that the driver attempted to avoid a donkey on the road when the car skidded and struck a heavy boulder. The car was damaged. The Speaker received slight injuries. He proceeded to Peshawar in another car.—United Press.

CONVICTED FOR SEDITIOUS SPEECH

BANNU: July 16.

Shrimati Amar Kaur, a prominent Congresswoman of the Punjab, who was prosecuted by the Frontier Government under Section 124-A for a speech made at Bannu during the last Assembly elections, was sentenced to-day by the Assistant Commissioner, Bannu, till the rising of the Court and fined Rs. 50.—United Press.

Loss Of Insured Currency Notes

MADRAS: July 16.

The Crime Branch of the City Police is investigating an alleged case of theft of currency notes valued at Rs. 25,000 from an insured parcel.

It is stated that the parcel was sent by a local bank on July 12 to their Colombo branch.—A. P.

ENDURANCE FOR YOUNG and Old

WHOOPING COUGH, TUBERCULOSIS, PLEURISY, LARYNGITIS and All THROAT and LUNG COMPLAINTS CURED.

Specially prescribed for Tenacious chest diseases. Radical effective and a wonderful restorative.

Bottle of 10 oz. Rs. 2-12-0

MALGHAM BROS., BOMBAY.

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OATINE SNOW

The Cooling Daylight Vanishing Cream.

OATINE CREAM

THE NIGHTLY CLEANSER AND BEAUTY BUILDER.

These two are all you need for Beauty.

Save your Oatine coupons and get the solid silver lid Eight small coupons or four large and Re. 1 for small lid. Eight large coupons or sixteen small and Re. 1-8 for large lid. These lids are heavy silver, hall marked, and do not bear the name of Oatine. They are valuable and attractive ornaments on any dressing table.

MARTIN & HARRIS, LTD. Sudama House, 3rd Floor, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 9, 1993
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 8, 1356
Parsi: Behman 15, 1306
Hightide: 7-47 18-10
Lowtide: 0-36 13-14
Sunrise: 6h 9m
Sunset: 7h 19m

S. S. Maloja, with mails for England, sails 1 p.m.

Mr B. N. Gokhale's Lecture on "The Position of Women in Hindu Law, Past and Present," under the auspices of National Council of Women in India, Wilson College, Staff Room, 4-30 p.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly public concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

The annual general meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Laxmi Baug, New Bhatwadi. A variety programme of vocal music and dance by Bai Menaka of Belgaum has been arranged.

SAKTI RANJINI SABHA

Brimhasri Krishna Bhagawathar will perform a Harikatha on "Ahi-Mahi-Ravanan" at the Sabha premises Mahavir Building, Matunga, G. I. P. tomorrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m.

HACK VICTORIA OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the managing committee of this Association will be held at the office on Sunday the 18th instant at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.).

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES

Swami Vishwananda of Ramkrishna Math, Khar, will conduct the weekly public discourse on "Bhagwat Gita" at the Ashram on Sunday the 18th instant at 9 a.m. (S.T.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Italy Maru' left Colombo for Bombay on the 14th July and is due to arrive here on Monday morning the 19th July at 6 a.m.

THE SARASWAT CO-OP. BANK

The third quarterly social meeting of the members of the Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd., will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at the Saraswat Brahmin Samaj Griha, Girgaum.

M. N. ROY'S LECTURE

Com. M. N. Roy will lecture on Nationalism and Socialism in aid of his weekly "Independent India" on Sunday, 18th instant, at 9-30 a.m. at the Royal Opera House. Admission will be by tickets.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday), at Wilson College, Chowpatti, in the Junior B.A. Class when Dr. H. V. Tilak, will deliver a lecture on "Maternity and Infant Welfare" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.)

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Please Teacher". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Under Your Spell." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jagirdar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Sea Devils". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Lost Horizon" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"A Family Affairs". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Love of a Slave" Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Robinson Crusoe". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The President". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dukhiari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Frontiers of Freedom". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Pratibha". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 pm..

BHARTIYA SANGIT VIDYALAYA, THANA

Prof. Ramkrishna Phatak, Principal, Shri Ram Sangit Vidyalaya, Bombay, will give a classic music concert to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in the Gayan Hall of the above Vidyalaya (Vajifdar Lodge, Gamddevi Road, Thana).

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Australia per s.s. 'Waiwera' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 20th instant

Superscribed regd and unregd mails for Mauritius per s.s. 'Jehangir' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 4-30 and 5 p.m. respectively on Wednesday the 21st instant.

"INDIA'S SUPPORT TO SPANISH PEOPLE"

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at Jinnah Hall at 6-30 p.m. to express India's support to the Spanish people in their fight for liberty against international fascism. Mr. M. C. Chagla Bar-at-Law will preside.

"BOMBAY BUDDHA SOCIETY"

Bhikkhu Ariya Dhamma, a learned propagandist of Buddhism, has agreed to deliver a series of lectures on every Sunday on "Mechanism of Body and Mind" from spiritualist point of view, treating his subject with illustrations and diagrams. The first lecture of the series was delivered on Sunday, the 11th instant. The second lecture will be delivered on Sunday, the 18th instant at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Ananda Vihara, Jetha Street, Lamington Road North (Nair Hospital compound).

CAPITOL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A laugh in every heart-throb... as girl trouble hits the Coast Guard!
The battle of two buddies for the love of a dame!
"Lay off my girl," says Bo'sun's Mate Vic... and the fights and fun begin.
VICTOR McLAGLEN
PRESTON FOSTER
IDA LUPINO
with
DONALD WOODS
SEA DEVILS
An Edward Small Production
Directed by Ben Stoloff
RKO RADIO PICTURES

Also UNIVERSAL News by air.

B. P. C. C. AND D. C. C. S.

Joint Meeting To-day

A Joint Session of the members of the B. P. C. C. and the members of all the Councils of the District Committees in the Congress Province of Bombay, as provided under Art. X of the Constitution of the B. P. C. C. will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress House.

NATIONAL LIBRARY BANDRA

The annual general meeting of the Library, will be held on Sunday the 18th inst. at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Library Hall.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

At the meeting of the Managing Council Sjt. R. K. Prabhu and Dr. Hariram Mohandas were elected Vice-Presidents for the year 1937.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM

A public lecture on "Newspapers in America and Newspapers in India" will be delivered by Mr. G. H. Mudgal M.A (Columbia) formerly Assistant Advertising Manager "Home News" New York at 3 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at the American College of Journalism 33, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

"Under the auspices of Bombay National Guards a First-Aid Class will be held on Sundays from 18th inst. between 7 and 8 a.m. at Congress House and Dr. Nair will be in-charge. All members are requested to be present punctually."

GHATKOPAR TALUKA SAMITTEE

To sanction the constitution of the Ghatkopar Taluka Congress Committee prepared by the Managing Committee in its meeting on the 8th instant, a general meeting of all Congress members will be held on Sunday, the 18th instant at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of Shree Dhanji Deosthi Rastriya Shala.

SPAIN DAY MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, a public meeting will be held at Lalbaug Maidan, to-day (Saturday), at 5-30 p.m., to observe the first anniversary of the Spanish people's heroic fight for democracy. Com. Maniben Kara, Nimbkar, Bhise, Bhogle, V. G. Kulkarni, Kripashankar Sharma, S. S. Batliwalla and others will speak.

Satyamurti Visits United India

Sjt. S. Satyamurthi M.L.A., Ex-Chairman of the United India Life Assurance Company, Ltd., paid a short visit to the Bombay Branch of the Company at Esplanade Road, on Thursday where he was met by a number of Insurance men, including Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer, and others connected with the Institution. There was an informal discussion about the Insurance bill in its various aspects. Light refreshments were served, and the guest was garlanded by the Branch Manager Mr. Deshpande on behalf of the staff.

WELLINGTON

FAMILY PICTURE HOUSE

THREE SHOWS Daily At 3-30; 6-30; 10 P M.

EACH MOMENT A THRILLING HEART-THROB!

A GRAND LOVE STORY with

LIONEL BARRYMORE

and the M.-G.-M. Superb all-Star Cast!

Drunkard Motorist driving two cars to certain destruction in the most thrilling and astounding manner!

A DRAMA with the POWER of FURY!

Plans Open— —'Phone 22666.

PANDHARPUR SPECIAL

It is understood that in connection with the ensuing Ashadi Fair on Monday next, the G. I. P. Railway authorities contemplate running a Pandharpur Special, which will leave Victoria Terminus to-day (Saturday) morning at 10-30.

The train will be well equipped for the comforts of the pilgrims and will have a military bogey and a buffet car attached to it.

The return journey will commence on Tuesday (20th instant) evening at 5. Arrangements for issuing tickets have been made at the following stations: V. T., Byculla, Dadar, Kurla and Thana, and the City booking offices at Pydhonie and Girgaum.

Kamala Nehru Memorial Fund

The Hon. Secretaries of the Gandhi Seva Sena announces that the Prabhat Cinetone and the proprietors of the Central Cinema have kindly consented to give a Benefit Performance of the Hindi Talkie Dharmatma in aid of the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital Fund at the Central Cinema on Sunday the 25th inst. at 10 a.m. (S.T.) The entire proceeds will be given to the fund.

The rates of the tickets are Rs. 2-4-0, Re. 1-2-0 and As. 0-9-0 and can be had from the following places:— (1) Central Cinema, Girgaon, (2) Gandhi Seva Sena, Adenwalla Bldg., New Queen's Road, 'Phone No. 25563. (3) Gandhi Seva Sena Shop, Nair Bldg., Sandhurst Road, 'Phone No. 43174 and (4) A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar, Kalbadevi Road.

Counterfeiters Jailed

Mr. Justice Somji at the High Court Sessions sentenced Amaddin Jabra, Yacub Mahomed and Mahomeddin Mahomed Alam to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment each on the jury finding them guilty of being in possession of instruments for counterfeiting the King's coins.

Late Pochkhanawalla

(From A Correspondent)

The Committee, Bombay Shroff Association at their meeting held on Thursday last have passed a resolution of condolence on the sad demise of Sir Sorabji N. Pochkhanawala.

PUBLIC LECTURES

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, there will be the following programme at the Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday) at 5 to 6 p.m. Dr. B. P. Hivale will resume his study class on Psychology, taking his subject: "Abnormal Psychology". The lecture is open to public. At 6-30 p.m. a Public Lantern Lecture by Mr. N. S. Ullal, B.A., S.T.C.D., Deputy Educational Inspector for Visual Instruction, will lecture on "Ancient Greece". (illustrated by slides)

INSURANCE REPRESENTATIVES' SOCIETY

"A deputation of the Insurance Reresentatives' Society of Bombay, waited upon the Hon. Mr. S. Satyamurti on the 15th instant on his way to Simla and handed over to him the representation and views on the proposed Insurance Bill from Agents point of view." "An Insurance Social dinner of the Society will be held on 18th inst. at Mahaluxmi. Dewan Bahadur H L Kazi, I.E.S. shall be principal guest of Honour."

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the League, a meeting will be held today (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in the League's Hall, 129, Abdul Rahman Street, when Mr. Yahyabhai A. Jasdenwalla will speak on "Death". Mr. Shaida will preside.

Great sensation was caused in Sheikhupura by the disappearance of the keys of the armoury from Sangala Hill Police Station. The locked room contained guns, cartridges and some cash.

The Superintendent of Police went to the Police Station and after inquiry inflicted punishment on eight constables and the headconstable in charge of the thana.

The keys have not been recovered.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 5.)

endorse the Directors' recommendation regarding the payment of a Bonus as a mark of appreciation of the services rendered.

I now propose that the Report of the Directors together with the Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st March 1937 and which have been taken as read be and the same are hereby approved, adopted and confirmed.

PROGRESS OF SUBURBAN ELECTRIC COMPANY

Dividend Of 6½ P. C. Declared

Mr. E. C. Reid, Chairman of the Bombay Suburban Electric Co., Ltd., in his speech made on Thursday, at the eighth ordinary general meeting of its shareholders, said:—

Your Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts made up for the year ended 31st March 1937 have been in your hands for not less than 14 days as required by the Amended Companies Act and I therefore ask you to take them as read. Before proposing their adoption, you will expect me to comment upon the affairs of the Company and this I now have pleasure in doing.

The general results of the Company's working for the period in question show satisfactory progress. The total number of consumers connected at the close of the year has risen by 736 to 5,829 or by 14.5 per cent. above the previous year's figure. The units sold for all purposes during the period show an increase of 3.9 lakhs or 14 per cent Analysing the increase in consumption I would say that Lights and Fans used 22.5 per cent. more energy, Domestic Purposes used 27.6 per cent. more, Street Lighting 7.4 per cent. more and Industrial Motors 5.7 per cent. more. The expansion of the first two of these classes of consumption is satisfactory and is mainly due to the continued development and expansion of the Suburban residential area combined with the cheapening of the rates charged for energy which is referred to in your Directors' Report.

It is relevant to remark here that with every reduction made by your Company in the rates charged for Lights and Fans supply the incidence of the Government Tax of 6 pies per unit where consumption is more than 12 units per month, increases and renders it practically impossible to make charges for energy, in one single tariff, which would cater for any Domestic Appliance as well as Lights and Fans howsoever used in residential premises.

The use of current for Street Lighting and Motive Power purposes has not risen to a marked extent. It is to be hoped however that the Municipalities in your Company's area will in the future utilise to a still greater purpose the advantages of the reduced rates offered to them last year, particularly as it is now becoming more and more obvious, as stressed by the Authorities and by the Press, that inadequate lighting is a contributing factor to the numerous road accidents occurring in the Suburbs. It is also to be hoped that development of various classes of small industries will increase the offtake on account of Motive Power.

It is gratifying to note the continued popularity of your Company's Showroom at Bandra, which no doubt also contributed considerably to the progressive increase in the use of Domestic Appliances. All articles sold from this Showroom are provided at the lowest possible cost and hire charges for electrical appliances have been lowered very recently.

I have occasionally heard of criticism being levelled against your Company's rates for supply, and in this connection I cannot do better than refer you to my predecessor's remarks in his speech last year, when he pointed out the difficulty, natural to a layman, of understanding the intricacies of Electric Supply.

"The Company is very much alive to the necessity of charging the lowest rates, consistent with its responsibility as a Public Utility Undertaking and its obligations to the Shareholders. It has a comparatively large area to serve but, as this area is somewhat sparsely populated, the cost of supply is relatively high. In these circumstances, therefore, it is not difficult to understand that the more consumers we have on our books the more likelihood there will be of a reduction in costs. As it is your Directors and Agents are even now closely considering the question of whether it will be possible to give further concessions in the matter of certain rates of supply to the Public in the near future.

Referring to the Accounts, these have been drawn up in conformity with the Indian Companies Act as amended last year and I feel that very little comment is necessary from me in connection therewith. The dividend recommended by your Directors is half per cent higher than that declared last year, which I trust you will find satisfactory.

Before concluding I woud like to refer to the good work performed by your Company's staff who, as usual, have carried out their duties with energy and efficiency and I feel sure you will

(Continued in Col. 4.)

THE EMPIRE

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1937

CONGRESS CABINETS

There is a feeling of jubilation among many Congressmen at the prospect of the Congress administering six provinces and powerfully influencing the administration in the others. The feeling is natural as Congressmen have long been a persecuted race, and to them the spectacle of Cabinets of "jail birds" brings the hope of complete Swaraj being inaugurated at no very distant date. But even those who are most jubilant realise but too well that the goal is still far off and that any disposition to rest on one's oars is a danger to be guarded against. Nay, inasmuch as acceptance of office is an extension of the front in the fight for Swaraj, an extension into regions hitherto unexplored, Congressmen cannot but be deeply impressed by the fresh responsibilities undertaken, to be discharged with utterly inadequate resources. The burden of Congress Ministers is particularly heavy because, while the resources made available to them by the Constitution are extremely meagre, the programme they are pledged to is necessarily very ambitious. Their burden can be lightened and their responsibilities duly discharged only, as Mr. C. Rajagopalachari felicitously put it the other day, if with the Congress accepting office every Congressman felt that he had accepted office and responsibility.

Immediate Programme

Some of the difficulties of the Congress Ministers are obvious, though the means of overcoming them are not equally so. In the last analysis a programme can be made a success only if it is adequately financed. But Mr. Satyamurti, though he has been repeatedly telling us he is now the happiest man alive, warns us at the same time that finance is our biggest problem and it cannot be solved unless the military expenditure is halved, which is impossible so long as the Government of India Act is there. Yet something must be done even now and it must be done better by Congressmen than by others Consider now some of the main features of the Congress programme. The Land Tax must be reduced substantially as early as possible. The tainted liquor revenue, too, must be eliminated progressively and fast. On the other hand mass education and rural uplift, to take only two of the items in the Congress programme, are costly jobs in all conscience. To reduce tax burdens on the one hand and to render wider service to the public on the other is a problem that must sorely try a Congress Ministry. But to the extent it can be solved under the Constitution it must be solved. And it can be solved if Congressmen give every possible co-operation to the Congress Ministry and persuade others to do likewise. When having done their best they fail to do justice to the needs of the public, it will be easy to convince the latter that the failure is due entirely to the evil in the Constitution and that, therefore, their foremost duty is to wreck the Constitution itself.

Communal Amity

Apart from the difficulty of financing its programme, Congress has to face one more serious responsibility which needs to be mentioned here, however briefly. It is to maintain communal amity. The tendency to give a communal colour to the most innocent events has been prevailing for a pretty long time past. It is likely to be more common under the present system of party government when persons who are either aggrieved or fancy they are aggrieved may thoughtlessly or maliciously invoke communal prejudices in criticising Congress administrative. Many of the old communal disputes are still unsettled and parties hostile to the Congress may be unhelpful rather than helpful in the task of settling them. Yet that task must be accomplished in a far worthier way than has even been attempted so far. And in accomplishing it Congress Committees with their freedom from official restraints, may often be more serviceable than even Congress Ministries. The Congress should not be content with settling or preventing local communal disputes. It must, without any further delay, make an earnest attempt to tackle the larger all-India problem of minorities. Only to the extent Congress solves this problem will it succeed in its new venture of provincial administration and the larger task of achieving complete independence.

The Only Solution

According to the Simla correspondent of the United Press a new orientation in the Frontier policy is believed to be the likely outcome of the important talks that Sir George Cunningham, Governor of the North-West Frontier Province, and General Sir John Coleridge, General Officer Commanding, Northern Command, are having with the Viceroy. The correspondent understands that "the authorities are anxious to evolve a lasting solution of the tribal trouble, as it is felt that the bill of cost of periodic operations necessitated by the spasmodic outbursts of hostility on the Frontier increases in dimensions more and more." If it is true that a genuine change in Government policy is likely to take place, nothing could be more welcome. We are, however, afraid that even financial considerations will not induce the Government to adopt the right course of action because it does not accord with "imperial" interests and that whatever change of policy does take place will be only superficial and will not go to the root of the matter. The solution of the Frontier Problem is a very simple one. It has two aspects: one negative and the other positive. The negative aspect is that the Government of India must leave the tribes alone. The positive aspect is that men like Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan should be permitted to go amongst them and let them know that not only has India no quarrel with them but is also anxious to be friendly towards them and help them, in every way she can. But a Government, which makes its willing instruments like the Punjab Premier, say that the entry of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan into the Punjab will be a menace to peace and tranquillity, will refuse to adopt this right course because imperialist consideratons do not dictate it.

No Compromise

Though the Indo-British trade talks have gone on for weeks, we are now told by "Reuter" that "active negotiations on debatable issues have not yet started, the preliminaries having been in the nature of a cautious approach to them." It appears there is a hitch over the question of Lancashire textiles and that the British are asking for impossible terms. The measure of preference already given to Lancashire is too high and a menace to the development of the Indian textile industry. While India wants that preference to go, Britain seems to be asking for increased preference in the hope that as a compromise at least the present scale might be continued. Indeed we are now told that "the eventual outcome of the Trade Pact will be a compromise on the British textiles import duty." Whatever may the Government of India's notions of compromise, the non-official Indian advisers ought not to support any preference to Lancashire that may in the least prejudice the Indian industry. The Legislative Assembly and the public will not tolerate any preference to a strong and dangerous rival of the indigenous industry.

WORLD OF FINANCE

Random Jottings

(By "TODARMAL")

The most important development of the week was a substantial drop in cotton prices as a result of exceptionally favourable weather over the U. S. Cotton belt. From the beginning of the present season the crop has been doing well and all threats of Bollweevil damage have failed to do any damage and naturally speculators who, long after the last acreage report, had lost all confidence, unloaded their holdings on an unwilling market and prices registered a bad break on Thursday. The American crop is now entering the most critical period and speculators will do well to wait for the next Government crop estimate as it is very likely that a fairly good provision will be made in the estimate for the possible damage.

Jobbing Business

Troubles have again started in the local Stock Exchange as nearly 20 members have been fined Rs. 101 and badges of their clerks and sub-brokers have been taken over by the authorities for three days. According to the Morison Committee recommendations it is suggested that strict watch over jobbing business is essential. The Exchange authorities, with a view to enforce this recommendation, have adopted different "saoda-books". But some members were found doing business against the principle laid down. Thus those, who were found guilty, were fined, but it was complained that there were many more doing such jobbing business. It is understood that the Board had asked many other members to produce their "saoda-books" for examination."

The Board of Direcotrs are naturally right in improving trading methods and it is the duty of every member to honour all rules. If the Board persists in its present policy it will not take much time to raise the standard of business and the time will soon come when there will be no complaint against our Stock Exchange.

It took 71 days for Columbus to cross the Atlantic but as a result of the present improved methods of modern ships and aircraft, the period is greatly reduced. Eighteen years ago Sir John Alcock and Sir A. W. Brown made the first crossing by air and now the owners of "Caledonia" set a new example. The Imperial Airways flying boat "Caledonia" and the Pan-American "Clipper" crossed the Atlantic from opposite sides in about 15 hours. This is the change in time, and in a few years' time air will be the normal means of transit all the world over. The question remains who will travel by trains and steamships.

Railway Windfall

A Simla message states that instead of a surplus of Rs. 15 lakhs which Sir Manomed Zafrullah Khan anticipated in his budget speech in March last, a surplus of Rs 120 lakhs is disclosed by the actual receipts. This goes to prove how up-to-date our accounts are kept! There are banks who do large business and if the Directors find that there is such a long delay in the presentation of accounts and such a large difference in the estimated and actual profits, the account department would be taken to task. The money is there and the cash balance ought to show it. But the peculiar system of keeping accounts must be responsible for this delay. We must have our balance adjusted day by day or at least every week.

Wheat Crop

Alarming reports of serious damage to the Canadian wheat crop by drought cheered bulls in wheat markets but they forget that things are always overdone in speculative markets. Moreover, the harvesting period of world crop is drawing near and it will require a good many buyers to absorb all crops at the present prices. In the circumstances it will be advisable to await further developments before entering the market at the present high level which greatly discounts the reported damage.

The U. S. Congress session is likely to be closed in a few days' time and speculators believe that there will be no disturbing bills any more for some time. This fact is regarded by some as a bullish indication. President Roosevelt's discussions with the Democratic Party are reported to have not yet ended and healed the dissensions over several impending new legislative measures.

The Etherio-Phone message which I received last week proved correct in many respects and today's message although not distinct says: Things are confused in the political sphere and many disturbing cross-currents are likely to develop and everybody needs caution on both bull and bear sides in almost all markets Wall-Street may react and cotton may see a small rally. Attention will be diverted to Congress Ministries in many provinces and operators will be more optimistic.

Ideals Of Education

Sectarianism Has No Place Amongst Them

By: "ACADEMICUS"

The crude and certainly mischievous suggestion that the poor response a certain college in Bombay receives is the result of narrow-minded provincial bias is easily refuted by actual conditions obtained in Bombay colleges and the total absence of the kind of sectarian or provincial-clannish feeling so conveniently discovered in certain interested quarters.

What Students Want

As far as the students (or their guardians) are concerned, the only consideration that weighs with them is that of the quality of education available in the college they would prefer to join and they cannot very well be blamed if they favoured an institution that was well-established and enjoyed a reputation of excellence in its equipment, in teaching personnel and other facilities. It is impossible to attract attendance with extra-academic advertisement which certainly cannot take the place of good tradition or superior teaching standards established with years of steady work and experience. That explains the success with which some of the local colleges are run. The students who attend these colleges are drawn from all classes of the city's population and an actual analysis of the sectarian grouping represented by these boys and girls would easily impress the rankest communalist with the admirable spirit that governs the entire attendance.

College Atmosphere

This spirit of freedom from any sectarian or racial bias amongst the students characterises also the most important features of the city's life; and it is essential that the atmosphere of fraternal feeling obtained in educational institutions should be guarded against the propaganda that seeks to destroy it. However defective the system of education that the colleges have to adopt might be, the value of the education or cultural equipment that the students are enabled to imbibe would definitely suffer to an alarming extent if educational institutions were conducted on the basis of sectarian differences. The intrinsic value of a college-education must be appraised not merely in terms of the equipment of purely academic knowledge and preparation for the various university degrees but in those also of its utility in the process of individual adjustment, in the environment of social existence without which education becomes meaningless

Future Of Education

University education here may inevitably have been reduced to the degrading position of a requisite for marketable careers. But there is no reason why we should not look forward to a not distant time when its value would be recognised in the purely intellectual cultural life of the community, when, freed from its position of dependence to which it submits at the present time, it would develop along the lines of the classic seats of learning. The opportunity would come of greater possibilities of intellectual freedom and extension in the direction of real culture if only we made an endeavour to seize it and to protect the seat of learning, in its real end comprehensive sense, against the menace of barbarism and organized gangsterdom that have in recent years turned some of the greatest European universities into concentration camps and prisons of the human intellect and learning.

A Common Ideal

We have seen at least in a few cases how it is possible to reclaim the splendour of learning, in its humanistic sense for the modern university that the world-famous universities even in the days of medieval darkness could hold out and we recognise its share in the achievement and enrichment of intellectual culture, in the general literary artistic output. Our ideal of a university is that of a place which would keep alive, the tradition of thought, learning, culture in its noblest form and make it accessible to the young who would be trained not merely to move with freedom in the "cities of the mind" but to face the trials and turmoils of life with a philosophy of action that harmonized with the philosophy of pure thought.

Danger Of Sectarianism

The terrible conditions of unemployment and poverty in the midst of which we are living today and which we fall into the fallacy of attributing exclusively to the inefficiency and inadequacy of university education need hardly, at any rate in improved conditions of existence, react to the same degree, on the intrinsic quality or utility of that education. But we must strengthen such elements in the present-day education as to make for an easier achievement of the distant ideal. We must combat the prophets of sectarianism, and apostles of communalism, who might invade the field of education for their propaganda. The fundamental principle of secular education demands that, while boys and girls should be free to develop their individuality to the fullest extent, they should move in an atmosphere that is not poisoned with sectarianism.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITISH APATHY

Familiar platitudes were repeated by Mr. Eden while replying to Mr. Atlee's motion of adjournment in Commons protesting against British proposals for non-intervention which the British Labour leader described as a complete surrender to Fascist Powers. The Foreign Secretary declared that if non-inervention collapsed, the risks of a European conflict thereby would inevitably be increased. He also flattered himself that these proposals could make non-intervention effective. In the light of existing realities any scheme of "non-intervention" based on these proposals would be a misnomer and would only provide the Fascist-Nazi bloc "a convenient screen behind which they could intervene". The lack of support which the motion received and, indeed, the cold indifference with which the Commons treated it reveals the moral apathy of British politicians on grave matters of international crisis.

FILM CENSORS

The Government of Bombay have just announced the personnel of the Board of Film Censors for the Presidency. In the past numerous complaints were made regarding the vagaries of the Film Censors and it is necessary that the greatest care should be exercised in selecting the personnel of the Board. There are some persons among the Board to whose selection no exception could be taken. But as regards the rest, a much better selection could have been made. Besides, in view of the fact that the Congress Ministry was soon to function and that the term of membership of the Board is three years, the retiring Ministry would have acted with grace and propriety if they had left the decision about the personnel of the Board to the incoming Ministry.

MOST ANOMALOUS

The Bombay Municipal Corporation has taken a right step in deciding to secure an amendment of the Municipal Act empowering that body to enquire into the conduct of municipal servants subordinate to the Municipal Commissioner. Of the many anomalies in the constitution of the municipality the most serious is its lack of any effective control over its own executive. The Municipal Commissioner himself, its chief executive officer, is appointed by the Government. Nay, under the present Constitution the municipality cannot so much as make its own enquiry into the conduct even of servants subordinate to the Commissioner.

GO FURTHER STILL

Such an enquiry was demanded by many Councillors in 1931 into the conduct of the City Fire Brigade but the motion for it was ruled out of order by the President on the ground that under the constitution the Corporation had no authority over its subordinates, who were responsible only to the Municipal Commissioner. The Advocate-General, too, supported this view. Hence the present decision to secure an amendment of the Municipal Act. It is impossible to urge any sensible objection against the proposed change. The wonder is the change has been so long in being recommended. The Corporation should go further and demand effective control also over its own chief executive officer.

MUSLIM STUDENTS AND CONGRESS

University students' magazines are not generally allowed to discuss seriously the vital problems of national life. It is most commendable, therefore, that in the Summer Number of the "Aligarh Mazagine",—journal of the Muslim University,—the editor has thrown open the columns for the discussion of the Muslim attitude towards Congress. Of the four articles, all by past or present Aligarh students, one alone advocates aloofness from the Congress, another seeks to state both points of view while the remaining two make an unanswerable case for Muslims wholeheartedly and unreservedly joining the national movement. The mass of Aligarh students have recenlty shown distinctly wide-awake interest in national politics and repeatedly given expression to their radical views. The lead given by their representative journal by publishing these articles once again vindicates the solidarity of Muslims students with the advanced political opinion in the country which is also confirmed by the resolution recently passed by Muslim students of Lucknow denouncing the Muslim League.

Crying Scandal

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. B. G. Kher has raised a very interesting and constitutional question in regard to the nomination of three members made by the Governor early this week.

Mr. Kher is also right in protesting against the personnel of the Public Services Commission. It is a scandal of the first magnitude that a retired I.C.S. man like Mr. H. B. Clayton and a retired engineer like Mr. Arbuthnot should be appointed to represent Bombay on the Commission. Are there not Indians qualified to fill those three posts? The "Chronicle" has already drawn attention to the fact Mr. Arbuthnot though he has resigned his post or retired from the P.W.D., his successor Rao Bahadur Jagtap has not been nominated to the Municipal Corporation. One fails to understand what business Mr. Arbuthnot has on the Municipal Corporation when he is no more in the P.W.D. It is hoped the new Ministry will immediately rectify the mistake and appoint Mr. Jagtap forthwith who is the Executive Engineer P.W.D.

H. E. the Governor can ask those who are nominated to resign from the Legislative Council and fresh nominations could be made on the advice of the new Ministry. Likewise the three members of the Public Service Commission could be asked to resign and new appointments made under the advice of the new Ministers. It is hoped Lord Brabourne will rise to the occasion and play a very tactful and diplomatic part in this matter.—Yours, etc.

CITIZEN.

WITHOUT COMMENT

"Some educational bodies had proposed a revision of school text-books so that they should tend to give what was called a peace mentality. This should be allowed .....this tendency to produce text-books which put forward particular ideals, whether pacifism or anything else, is un-English and undemocratic."

—A British Major reports in London "Times".

* * *

Mr. Atlee's adjournment motion in Commons to protest against British "Non-Intervention" proposals was "talked-out".

How very aptly symbolic!

* * *

Thus the "Statesman" on the prospects of Federation:—

"The lonely wilderness where extremists meet is becoming increasingly empty, and the children of the desert who passionately plough the sands of despair are a diminishing band."

One has only to add that the silver lining is even now visible in the dark clouds, the early bird has secured the worm and that the caravan moves on even though dogs bark.

* * *

Fishy Business

Under the present Ministry, the Fishing Department may be revived as a part of Mr. Nalini Sarkar's "More Fish" campaign.

Loaves, too, would be duly provided by the Government bakery!

* * *

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, expressing delight at Congress decision to accept offices, said that a new chapter would be opened in the political history of India.

Sir T. B. Sapru's own contribution to this new chapter are the statements on the constitutional position which he showed on the eve of his departure for England.

* * *

"Bande Mataram" was sung on the first day of the Madras Assembly.

The Justice Party members, however, did not retaliate by blowing their own trumpet.

* * *

According to Reuter, "the British and American Governments are closely watching events in North China."

"Events" or "interests"?

* * *

LONDON, July 15.

"The British-Indian trade talks are progressing. Both sides have concentrated hitherto upon a clarification of the atmosphere. Now that trade advisers on both the sides have come to grips with their subject, it can be said that they appreciate each other's viewpoint."—Reuter.

That's all very well. But which are the *two* sides? The British Government in Britain and the British Government in India? No wonder "they appreciate each other's view-point"—as well, indeed, as their own!

* * *

"Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan arrived at Poona, last night and during his stay there for about three weeks will be touring throughout Bihar."

—B. B. Minor.

Congress provinces evidently are not only making history—but also brand new geography.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.)

(1) The Government of India have come to the conclusion that a lakh per day is too much expense for killing a few goats on the North-West Frontier.

(2) Taking the cue from Sir Harry Haig the Bombay Governor too would duly express profound regret for nominations to the Council which, he would explain, were made in a moment of absent-mindedness.

* * *

A tourist journeying from Cairo to the Great Pyramid thought he had at last found a place where nothing savoured of Western civilisation. The 'Arabian Nights' atmosphere of ancient days made him sigh with delight.

Reaching the Pyramids, he was hoisted on to the back of a camel by a picturesque Arab.

'Tell me, my good man', he said to his guide, 'what's the name of your camel?'

'Greta Garbo, sar', came back the answer.

BR. PROPOSALS CONDEMNED AS "UNJUST & DANGEROUS"

Surrender To Fascist Powers' Demands

Non-Intervention, A Convenient Cloak

Labour Leader Attlee's Charge: Eden Tries To Reconcile Opposition In Commons

LONDON, July 15.

Initiating the Common's non-intervention debate Major Attlee declared that the British proposals were unjust, ill-conceived, dangerous and would not take effect as was desired.

Mr. Eden was attempting to reconcile the irreconcible with the result that he in fact had surrendered to the demands of the Fascists powers who only wanted the non-intervention as a convenient screen behind which they could intervene.

There should be no consideration of the new proposals until the complete withdrawal of foreigners from Spain. He contended that the Government's proposals were falling away from the standards of international law especially the granting of belligerent rights.

EDEN'S REPLY

Mr. Eden replying declared that the Governments of Europe knew if non-intervention collapsed the risks of an European conflict thereby would inevitably be increased.

It might well be that we should be unable to avoid reaching that point, but every European nation was reluctant to approach that abyss if the British proposals were accepted by the non-intervention committee.

The could prove means of making non-intervention effective and limiting risks of conflict spreading. A failure would mean that Europe would enter an era of grave peril with the instances such as already marked by the war and with much deeper significance.

The Government were convinced that Europe did not want this and that was why Europe had charged us with the task we sought to discharge equitably and rapidly. To-morrow would be for Europe to decide. The Government did not accept the doctrine of the inevitability of war.

War postponed might be war averted and in the light of that he asked the House to judge the Government's policy in respect of the Spanish conflict.

VICTORY FOR DE VALERA

Irish Plebiscite Result On New Constitution

LONDON, July 16.

In the Irish Free State plebiscite the official result was 685,105 for the new Constitution and 526,945 against.—Reuter.

General Support To Br. Plan

German And Italian Govts. Fall In Line

LONDON, July 16.

Introducing the British proposals in the Non-Intervention Committee, Lord Plymouth emphasised that in the British Government's view, they struck a fair balance and was the best practical solution. Although there was no objection to discussion, modifications and amendments of various items were closely dependent and omission, or substantial alterations of any proposals, would necessarily affect the British Government's attitude towards the other parts.

He emphasised the interdependence of the withdrawal of volunteers and the grant of "Belligerent rights." He said the object of the latter was to seek the best means of avoiding incidents to warships in the Spanish waters. It would also oblige the Neutral Powers to define the reason for keeping their warships in the War Zone and preserve real neutrality. He admitted the difficulty of those Powers, who recognised only one party in Spain in granting belligerent rights, but emphasised that the same sacrifice should be demanded of both sides and the whole meaning of Non-Intervention was that both parties in Spain should be treated on the same basis of legal equality.

M. Maisky supporting the general principle of the proposals, said that his Government would make certain reservations.

PORTUGUESE ATTITUDE.

The Portuguese Ambassador stated that his Government was ready to reinstate observers on the Portuguese frontier, simultaneously with the reinstatement of observers on the Pyrenees, and abolition of Naval Control

Lord Plymouth said that British Government was very gratified with the tributes to their efforts to find a way out of the difficulties and hoped that practical effect would be given to the proposals at the earliest date.—Reuter.

mittee that they accepted the British proposals as the basis of discussion.

The French Ambassador asked for more time to enable him to receive further instructions from his Government.

The meeting adjourned at noon and is resuming at 16/00 (B.S.T.)

The Soviet Ambassador did not speak.—Reuter.

General Agreement To Accept Br. Proposals

LONDON, July 16.

British circles consider the start of the Non-Intervention discussions highly satisfactory.

In addition to the speeches the Italian and German Ambassadors, representatives of the majority of smaller Powers have agreed to accept tehe British proposals on principle.—Reuter.

FRANCE AND SOVIET FALL IN LINE

LONDON, July 16

The remaining Powers including France and Soviet Russia have agreed to accept the British proposals as the basis of discussion at the resumed Non-Intervention meeting this afternoon. The proposals will be referred to the Chairman's sub-Committee, which will probably meet on July 20, when the various representatives will express more detailed views.—Reuter

FRENCH ATTITUDE CLARIFIED

Secure Agreement Before Giving Belligerent Rights To Both Sides In Spain

PARIS, July 16.

It is authoritatively learned that the French attitude to the new non-intervention plan may be summarised as follows:—

France accepts the British proposals in regard to the restoration of sea and land control and the withdrawal of volunteers provided both sides in Spain consent thereto. Such a consent is essential before the granting of belligerent rights can be usefully discussed.—Reuter.

French Attitude

PARIS, July 16.

The Ministerial Council this morning approved of the statement by M. Delbos dealing with the Non-Intervention situation and the instructions sent to the Ambassador in London.—Reuter.

Insurgents' Demand Before Considering Withdrawal Of Volunteers

SALAMANCA, July 16

It is semi-officially stated here that the new British non-intervention proposals do not appear to have made much advance on the former proposals and will not be acceptable to both sides.

The insurgents declare that recognition of belligerency must come before the question of withdrawal of volunteers can be discussed.—Reuter.

British Proposals As Basis

LONDON, July 16.

The Italian and German Ambassadors stated at the full meeting of the Non-Intervention Com-

Muslim Mass Contact Drive In City

A full-fledged programme for carrying on Congress work among the Muslim-masses was adopted at a well-attended meeting of the Muslim Mass-Contact Sub-Committee of the B.P.C.C. held on Friday evening at the Congress House.

TENTATIVE PROGRAMME

The programme includes work among Muslim women, providing medical relief, night classes, reading rooms, and popularising Khadi and Swadeshi among other things.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. S. A. Brelvi and about 20 members were present.

Among them were the officials of the B.P.C.C. Executive, Messrs. S. K. Patil and G. N. Desai.

TENTATIVE PROGRAMME

The tentative programme is as follows:—

Two centres of work in general would be provided, one at Madanpura and the other at Dongri, with facilities for work among the Muslim women also.

It was decided to approach the Adult Literacy Association to establish adult-classes in Muslim localities.

It was also decided to hold group as well as mass meetings to popularise Congress ideology and programme among the Muslim masses. A reading room would also be provided.

In order to popularise Khadi in Muslim localities it was decided to communicate with the local Khadi Bhandar and the A.I.S.A. to open branches in the localities concerned.

To prepare the ground for this, it was agreed upon to organise a Swadeshi Exhibition in a Muslim locality.

COMMITTEE OF ACTION

A Committee consisting of the following with powers to co-opt was set up to make arrangements regarding the Exhibition.

Sjts. K. F. Nariman, S. A. Brelvi, Smt. Maniben Kara, Messrs. J. Bukhari, and Abdul Bari, Mrs. Safia Khan, Mr. and Mrs. Sirajuddin Vasi, Mrs., Perinben Captain, Messrs. Dost Mohamad. V. L. Mehta, Dhirajlal Mody, Purushottam Kanji, I. S. Patel and G. N. Desai.

The last named proposed the Committee.

WORK AMONG WOMEN

A special programme of work among Muslim women was chalked out—fortnightly meetings, social functions and study classes for teaching Urdu and Gujarati in the afternoons.

To propagate and carry on Congress propaganda among Muslim masses it was decided to publish handbills explaining the objects of the Congress.

Besides the A.I.C.C. is to be approached in regard to the periodical publication of leaflets and articles and also for supplying printed copies of Moulana Abul Kalam Azad's articles on 'Congress and Mussalmans'.

A budget towards the establishment charges etc., in the proposed centres was passed.

NEW MEMBERS

Three more members were co-opted to the Committee at the meeting. They are: Messrs. Sadiq, Yusuf Calcuttawallah, and Mrs. Noor Bann Meherally.

High Court Has No Jurisdiction

'SIYASAT' SECURITY CASE

Application For Stay Of Order Turned Down

LAHORE, July 16.

The High Court has no jurisdiction to stay the security forfeiture order under the Press Act pending hearing of a regular appeal. This important principle was enunciated in the judgment delivered by Justice Kemp this morning rejecting the application of Maulana Syed Habib, the proprietor of the daily "Siyasat", who invoked the Specific Relief Act in order to obtain three months' stay of the Government order forfeiting the "Siyasat's" security of Rs. 4,000, pending the hearing of a regular appeal against the order.

CITES ALLAHABAD JUDGMENT

Maulana Habib pleaded that if the order is not stayed until the High Court re-opens after the vacation, he would suffer a Rs. 1,000 loss even though he had filed an appeal. He cited in support of his contention the recent judgment of the Allahabad High Court regarding the newspaper "Udaya"

JUDGE DIFFERS

The Judge held that the decision on the "Udaya" case did not apply in the circumstances of the present petition.—A.P.

The Romance Of Words

Flirt

According to a reference to the subject in the writings of Lord Chesterfield, (who died in 1773), the word "flirt" was first used by Lady Frances Shirley early in the 18th century.

Doubtless she was a frequent user of the fashionable fan, for the word originated in the habit of moving a fan with a quick, sharp motion (described as "flirting with it). This suggested to Lady Shirley a term for the inconstant flitting from one object of admiration to another that characterised the activities of certain "lovers" she knew.

Now, however, the word is used to describe anyone who makes love without serious intention, whether to one person or a number

GOVT. WILL RESPECT PUBLIC OPINION

Assembly To Be Consulted On World Sugar Agreement

SIMLA, July 16.

According to informed quarters here, the Government of India have already made up their mind in regard to the Sugar Convention and the fact that they have instructed the High Commissioner in London not to take seat on the Governing Board established by the Sugar Convention supplies evidence.

Government's representative has initialled the Agreement subject to ratification by the Central Legislature.

The "United Press" learns that Government of India will abide by the Assembly decision which is more or less anticipated. In fact the report current here indicates that Government have informed White Hall that Indian opinion is not in favour of the Convention and they will prefer to fall in line with public opinion.—United Press.

(Continued from Col 7).

and laughs instead of being ashamed of himself.

The Speaker upholding his original ruling that the conduct of the Ministers could not be discussed except by a substantiative motion passed on to the next item.

Diwan Chamanlal, amidst ministerial cries of "order, order", again stood up. He said: "I have no intention of questioning your ruling. But the fact remains and has been admitted by the Minister himself that he called members of the opposition "mad dogs". I ask you, Sir, if it is parliamentary.

The Speaker: It is a very important matter and I will consider it and give my ruling later.

The House thereupon passed on to consider legislative business.—A. P.

Clove Bill Becomes Law

ZANZIBAR GOVT.'S APOLOGIA

Chief Secretary And Resident Defend Measure

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 16.

The Indian community in Zanzibar has now been given an additional seat on the Board of Management of the Clove Growers' Association, according to the latest advices received here. As reported on Wednesday, one seat had been allotted on the Board and negotiations were in progress to secure two. This increased representation has now been obtained.

THE CONCESSIONS

The Board is a Statutory Body of seven members but, in practice, hitherto it has never consisted of more than five, namely, three Government officials, (a Treasurer, who is also the chairman, reputedly sympathetic towards Indian interests, the Public Administrator and the Director of Agriculture), two non-officials, Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Dunlop. The latter died recently and it is not known whether he has been replaced. The Indians thus have two seats on the Board and two on the Advisory Committee consisting of five members and one seat on the Sub-Committee of the Board consisting of two members.

Advices available here further state that the Clove Bill amended as above. passed the second and third readings yesterday.—A.P.

APOLOGIA FOR MEASURE

SIMLA, July 16.

Reports of speeches made in Zanzibar Parliament show that the Chief Secretary expressed the hope that an Advisory Committee with two Indian members was provided for in the amendment together with the offer under the existing law of two places on the Board of Management to Indians, would dispel any nervousness regarding the actual stock held, as the Committee and Board would know the stock position from the auditors' certificate. He reaffirmed the assurances regarding the automatic issue of buying licences to persons trading since 1933 and stated no new Indian applicant would be refused licence against the advice of the Sub-Committee, nor would there be arbitrary refusal of participation by merchants in export.

The Acting Resident admitted that the new proposals would adversely affect some, who made a living under the old conditions but were considered essential in order to place the Clove industry on a sound basis and if they proved successful and the agricultural indebtedness was cured, agriculturists merchants, shopkeepers and professional men would all benefit.

He added that efforts were being made to ease the transitional period.

Referring to the alleged unfair treatment of Indians the speaker gave the assurance that any aggrieved person reporting to the Board of the Clove Growers' Association or the Government would obtain prompt investigation of the complaint and sympathetic consideration would be given, where reforms pressed hard on individuals or a class. In view of the complaint that exporters, who were mainly Indian, were not represented on the Clove Board and in accordance with the desire of the Government of India in this matter, the Chamber of Commerce, which was predominantly Indian, had been invited to nominate for appointment to the Board two members, who were expected to be Indian.

The acting Resident concluding expressed the hope that these appointments would persuade doubters that the object of Government was to secure proper appreciation and sympathetic consideration of Indian interest and restore co-operation and good-will.—A.P.

KOLABA BY-ELECTION RESULT

ALIBAG, July 15.

The following is the result of the Kolaba District Muslim Rural Constituency by-election:

Mr. Mohomed Amin Jitekar (Muslim League). Elected 1,322.

Mr. Mohomed Mohsin Mohamed Amin Bhaiji (Independent) 1,314.

Mr. Ahmed Gulam Nabi Haji Naje (Independent) 30

Punjab Minister's Affront To M.L.A's

EXCITING SCENES

Adjournment On Palestine Report Banned

SIMLA, July 16.

The Ministerial party in the Punjab Assembly made a futile attempt to debate the Palestine report by moving adjournment of the House this morning.

The speaker informed the House that the Governor had disallowed the motion acting in his discretion, secondly, the speaker pointed out that Palestine was not subject to the administrative responsibility of the Governor of the Punjab.

After questions the proceedings of the House warmed up over two motions of adjournment.

The Speaker informed the House that he had received the motion of adjournment signed by eleven persons to discuss a matter of urgent importance, namely, the serious repercussions that the recent report of the Palestine Royal Commission will have on the people of the Punjab. He said that the Governor under Rule 35 had decided in his discretion that the motion could not be moved.

Raja Ghaznafar Ali asked whether the matter was referred to His Excellency by the Speaker or by the Government.

Speaker:—Under the Rules it is the duty of the Speaker to bring the matter to the notice of the Governor.

FOREIGN STATE!

The Speaker further pointed out that the subject matter of the motion, for many other reasons, was not competent to be moved before the House and in this particular matter the Governor has a special responsibility as it referred to the relations between His Majesty's Government and a Foreign State.

Diwan Chamanlal:—Palestine is not a foreign State, but part and parcel of the British Empire and governed under a mandate. Moreover, a Royal Commission could have no power to visit a foreign State and the British Government has the right to issue passports to Palestine."

Diwan Chamanlal argued that the particular objection pointed out by the Speaker did not apply to Palestine.

HOW IT AFFECTS PROVINCE.

In reply to Begum Shah Nawaz, the Speaker inquired in what respects the motion concerned the administrative responsibility of the Punjab Government.

Raja Ghaznafar Ali:—The serious repercussions that it might inevitably have on the vast masses of the Punjab

The Speaker felt that the motion was clearly out of order and as for serious repercussions in the province as a result of the recommendations of the Commission, the Chair considered that that was a matter for argument and could not form a substantial reason for allowing the motion.

Mr. Krishna Gopal Dutt enquired if before disallowing the motion the Governor had consulted the Government.

The Speaker disallowed the question.

INSULT TO HOUSE

When Diwan Chamanlal moved the adjournment motion in the Punjab Assembly relating to the utterance of the Hon'ble Sir Chhoturam, Minister, at an election meeting regarding the Congress members of the Opposition there was considerable excitement and there were many angry exchanges between the Ministers and members of the Opposition.

The Speaker had to intervene many a time to keep order.

Diwan Chamanlal moved the adjournment motion to discuss a matter of urgent public importance, namely, the serious situation created which may result in breach of the peace, by a speech delivered by a responsible Minister, Sir Chhoturam, on Wednesday, July 14, at Kharar, while electioneering for Sardar Gurbakhsh Singh, a candidate for the Punjab Assembly. He said his motion was based on a telegram from Sardar Sampuran Singh, a member of the House as follows:—

WHAT MINISTER SAID

"Sir Sunder Singh Majithia did not speak. Extracts from Sir Chhoturam's speech follow: 'We both have come to help Sardar Gurbakhsh Singh because we are sure that he will join our Party, which is for the benefit of Zamindars (agriculturists). When we replied to Dr. Gokulchand Narang's motion (in the Assembly) about the Land Alienation Act, the Congressmen rushed upon us like mad dogs. Look at the appearance of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Nehru. What can we expect from them? We can never expect help from the Congress people'." Diwan Chamanlal urged that the matter was of very great importance when those words were uttered by a responsible Minister.

PREMIER'S PLEA

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier, said: "I have no doubt my colleague will protect himself but the mover (Diwan Chamanlal) will forgive me, if I say that the people outside are merely trying to malign the Government in order to gain cheap notoriety and publicity. I would ask if the Hon. Member is justified in moving the adjournment on the basis of a telegram sent on hearsay without himself attempting to verify the facts from the Minister concerned.

Diwan Chamanlal explained that it was not a telegram sent by any irresponsible person, but by Sardar Sampuran Singh, a prominent Opposition member of the House and he had no doubt as to the veracity of the report.

Sir Sunder Singh: Was he present at the meeting?

A CHALLENGE

Diwan Chamanlal: After the admission made a few days ago by Sir Chhoturam himself describing Congressmen as "Nakli Topiwallas", I have no doubt in believing that the Minister uttered those words. I want the Hon'ble Minister to stand up as a man and face the music if he really did not use those words.

The Speaker said as far as the motion referred to the conduct of Ministers, it could not be moved except through a substantiative resolution. If the Hon. Ministers wished to make a statement the Speaker said he would have no objection.

The Premier: My Hon'ble colleague will certainly make a statement.

"MAD DOGS"

Sir Chhoturam then said: "The gentleman, who sent the telegram was not at all present at the meeting. My speech extended over an hour. I went there specifically to help Sardar Gurbakhsh Singh's candidature. A few words distorted from my speech can be made to mean anything. As for the objectionable words I did use the words "mad dogs". It was not in connection with the motion made by Dr. Narang regarding the land Alienation Act. My reference was to the scene in the House, that of three or four members standing up and interrupting constantly the proceedings."

This reply from the Minister was a signal for considerable excitement and the Speaker had to call repeatedly for order.

HOIST WITH HIS OWN PETARD

Diwan Chamanlal declared: Despite the moral indignation shown by the Premier, the Hon. Minister Sir Chhoturam has corroborated every word contained in Mr. Sampuran Singh's telegram. The Hon. Member sits over there

(Continued in Col. 4).

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India Government's Inglorious Surrender

Betrayal Of Zanzibar Indians

Tyabali Exposes Hoax Of Concessions: Urges Boycott Of Cloves

BOMBAY, Friday.

"The so-called concessions are more or less illusory. They cannot save the Zanzibar Indians from being squeezed out of the Clove trade and ultimately ruined.

"By becoming a party to such an unsatisfactory agreement, behind the back of Zanzibar Indians, the Government of India has made an inglorious surrender of the interests of Zanzibar Indians.

"The one bright spot, on the otherwise dark horizon is the resolution of the Bombay spice merchants not to import any cloves until justice is done to their countrymen in Zanzibar.

"It now remains for the people of India to vindicate the honour and protect the legitimate interests of Zanzibar Indians" says Mr. Tyabali, President of the Indian National Association of Zanzibar in a scathing exposure of the so-called concessions.

IS IT A VICTORY?

Mr. Tyabali, Bar-at-Law, President, Indian National Association, Zanzibar, has issued the following statement on the Zanzibar crisis:

The much-boosted agreement between the Government of India and the Zanzibar Government on Clove legislation has, at last, been disclosed through the Associated Press. This so-called agreement has been hailed by the Simla Correspondent of the "Times of India" as a great victory for the Viceroy, Sir Jagdish Prasad and Mr. Hydari. He also characterises it as establishing a new landmark in the development of relations between different countries of the British Commonwealth of Nations. The latter claim may be right, I am afraid I am too dense to see the victory. On the other hand, I feel that the fears of the Zanzibar Indians in regard to the results of the negotiations between the Governments of India and Zanzibar have been fully realized.

FRAUD OF CONCESSION?

Let us examine in a calm and dispassionate manner the great concessions which the Government of India claim to have secured for their Nationals in Zanzibar.

(a) The Indian community will have one Indian "nominated by the British Resident" to represent them on the Board of Management of the Clove Growers' Association. According to the existing law, this body may be composed of seven members all "nominated" by the British Resident. What can be achieved by a solitary Indian voice in a body of seven nominees of the British Resident may be left to the judgment of the readers.

(b) The Sub-Committee of the Board consisting of two members appointed to decide the applications for licences to buy cloves will have one Indian member "also nominated by the British Resident." In this connection it has to be pointed out that in the event of difference of opinion all applications will inevitably have to go to the parent body i.e., the Clove Growers' Association.

(c) The Advisory Committee will have an Indian representation; presumably one Indian "nominated by the British Resident." According to the recommendations of Mr. Binder the functions of this Committee will be to confer from time to time with the Board of the Association and to discuss purchase and sale prices to be fixed from time to time, "the actual fixing of prices remaining, however, as the duty and responsibility of the Board." The only remark that I want to make in this connection is that it is difficult to understand the usefulness of such a committee and still more difficult to appreciate the value of Indian representation thereon.

(d) Employment of Indians as buying agents of the Clove Growers' Association. In view of the fact that the C. G. A. are to maintain its own depots at all the important centres in Pemba and Zanzibar islands for receiving the delivery of cloves directly from producers, it is hardly likely that many Arab or Native producers will go to the Indian Agents of the Association, particularly as the relations between them, thanks to the recent legislative and other anti-Indian activities of the Zanzibar Government, are none too pleasant at present. Moreover, the duties of the Indian buying agents would be fraught with many and serious difficulties as cloves are divided into several grades. For instance, the cloves for which the agent has paid the price fixed for Grade I when taken by him to the godown of the C. G. A. may be treated as Grade II. In that case, the poor agent will have to make good the difference between the prices of Grades I and II. Even if everything went on smoothly and without a hitch, the number of people who could be employed as buying agents would be a mere fraction of the number now engaged in clove trade.

MERELY ILLUSORY.

(e) Right to such of the Indians as are able to get an export licence to export cloves. In this connection, it may be pointed out that the power to grant or refuse an export licence is to remain vested in the C. G. A. And so long as the C. G. A. reserves to itself the right to deal directly with the consumers the position of the Indian exporters is bound to remain precarious notwithstanding any assumptions.

From what is stated above it would be obvious that the so-called concessions are more or less illusory. They cannot save the Zanzibar Indians from being squeezed out of the clove trade and ultimately ruined.

As far as I know the Zanzibar Indians have not asked the Government of India to secure for them a voice in the control of the clove trade. What they have been all along fighting for is the abolition of monopoly as it is neither in the interests of the country nor the growers. And they have reasons to believe that the Government of India were in complete agreement with these contentions of the Zanzibar Indians until the conclusion of the said agreement.

INDIAN GOVT. FAILS.

It is my painful duty to have to say that the Government of India, instead of frankly admitting their failure to obtain a substantial measure of relief for their nationals in Zanzibar, blame the Zanzibar Indians for not having a representative body for voicing the community's views and put forward the belated plea that the creation of monopoly by a country is essentially a matter of internal economic adjustment and cannot be interfered with by another country.

It seems to have taken the Government of India full three years to discover (1) that a country possesses the right of creating a trade monopoly and (2) that there is no representative Indian body in Zanzibar to voice the community's views.

If the Government of India knew that they were not justified in objecting to the clove monopoly then what was the object of their calling an urgent meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee in May last and consulting them in connection with the placing of an embargo on the importation of cloves into India.

INGLORIOUS SURRENDER

The Government of India were warned in good time not to conclude any agreement with the Zanzibar Government without first consulting the Zanzibar Indians lest the terms of any such agreement may be found unacceptable to the Indian community. In utter disregard of this warning the Government of India have entered into an agreement with the Zanzibar Government and the inevitable has happened. By becoming a party to such an unsatisfactory agreement the Government of India has made an inglorious surrender of the vested interests of the Zanzibar Indians and rendered the position of the latter more difficult and awkward.

Indians in India as well as in Zanzibar stand disillusioned today and cannot but realize the extent to which the Government of India is able or willing to protect the legitimate interests of their nationals abroad.

In anticipation of what the Government of India was getting for them, the Zanzibar Indians have already decided to withdraw from the clove trade and to start Passive Resistance. And as they have the backing of the whole Indian nation they feel confident of success in their just fight.

THE ONE BRIGHT SPOT

The one bright spot on the otherwise dark horizon is the resolution passed at the recently held meeting of the spice merchants of Bombay registering their determination not to import any cloves until the just demands of their countrymen in Zanzibar are conceded. Let us hope the Central Legislative Assembly will pass a law in next August preventing the import of cloves into India. These patriotic merchants deserve the gratitude not only of the Zanzibar Indians, but also of their countrymen in India for their spirit of self-sacrifice. They have indeed set a bright example. It now remains for the people of India to vindicate the honour and protect the legitimate interests of their countrymen in Zanzibar.

Mr. B. G. Kher, (garlanded), Leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, was given a hearty send-off at the Dadar Station on Friday morning, when he left for Poona to meet the Governor.

Jumna Rises

NEW DELHI, July 16.

Due to heavy rains in the hills, the level of the river Jumna is rapidly rising and all the Ghats (bathing places) on the banks are under water but there is not the remotest possibility of floods yet. —A. P.

Jute Strike Echo

Bengal M. L. A. And 3 other Labour Leaders Jailed

CALCUTTA, July 16.

A sentence of four months' rigorous imprisonment was passed this afternoon upon M. Zaman, M.L.A., a councillor of the Calcutta Corporation, on a charge of rioting in front of the Hastings Jute Mills, Rishra, Hooghly, on the morning of 24th April.

He was also directed to execute a bond for Rs. 250 to keep the peace for one year. In default he will undergo simple imprisonment for the same period.

The incident occurred during the period when the strike in the other mills was in progress. The prosecution story was that Labour leaders tried to dissuade 'loyal' workers in the Hastings Mills from working and when they failed in their attempt they assembled at the gate, with a mob of a thousand strikers armed with lathis and brickbats. Fifteen policemen, including a Sub-Inspector of Police, were injured and also eight of the accused.

DEFENCE ARGUMENTS

The defence alleged that the Labour leaders were assaulted by the police under orders of the Mill Manager. The Magistrate held that the Manager did not pass orders for assault as he knew Mr. Zaman was very popular with the strikers. The policemen were compelled to charge on the rioters with lathis in order to stop the rioting and to disperse the crowd. There was wanton and unprovoked attack on the policemen, who assaulted the rioters in exercising their right of self-defence. On the facts of the case the Magistrate added that they were perfectly justified in using lathis in dispersing the rioters, who had damaged mill property.

THREE OTHERS SENTENCED

Three other Labour Leaders, including Mr. Dayaram Beri, were also sentenced.

Four strikers of the Wellington Jute Mills, who were charged with the same offence were given the benefit of doubt and acquitted.

The trial took place in the Court of Mr. K. C. Som, Deputy Magistrate of Serampore.

Mr. Beri was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta on a charge of sedition to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

He was on bail pending appeal in a previous case in the High Court.—A.P.

VICTIMS OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

India Government Unable To Protect Interests Of Nationals Abroad

BOMBAY, Friday.

"The legislation of interference with the legitimate trading rights of the Zanzibar Indians will not fail to show to the Indians in India and other parts of the Empire where Indians have settled for centuries, that there exists definitely a policy of discrimination against Indians from which even the Colonial Office is not free," declared Mr. Hoosseinbhoy a Lalljee, M.L.A. (Central), in an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle" on the situation in Zanzibar.

Mr. Hoosseinbhoy Lalljee said: "For the last two days, we have been fed with news from Simla which was meant to show that the Government of India had succeeded in their pleadings to some extent in inducing the Colonial Government to show some mercies towards Indians in Zanzibar. To-day we have received the news that the Bills have been passed.

"It is over three years that the Government of India has been pleading the cause of Indians in Zanzibar, which establishes the fact that an important part of the British Empire Administration consisting of an eminent influential British Viceroy and his Cabinet in India agree with Indians that a great injustice was being perpetrated on Indians who also were subjects of His Majesty. Therefore there is no need for us to attempt to justify our case.

LESSON OF METRAYAL.

"Now the question resolves itself into this that either the great British Viceroy and his Cabinet in the great Continent of India are incompetent and helpless or have not done what is required in the interests of India or that even though they have been in the right, the British Government cannot help them to do the right nor could they help to stop the British Colonial Government from perpetuating the great injustice upon Indians. And, therefore, it behoves Indians now to insist upon both the Government of India and upon the British Government to be so fair as to make a statement in clear terms in this respect, in order that once for all the people of this country may know from them, as to what really is their position as British Subjects in British Territories or otherwise outside India.

EXPLAIN PROCEDURE.

"If it be a fact that the Government of India have compromised with the Colonial Government in this respect, then it is indeed regrettable that the Government of India should have negotiated with the other side over the head of the accredited leaders of the Zanzibar Indians and Indians here and should have come to an arrangement which is unjust and unacceptable to the community.

ANTI-INDIAN POLICY.

"This would be one more definite instance of the helplessness of the Indian Government to protect the legitimate rights of the Indian nationals abroad. Much time and effort would have been saved by taking into confidence and consulting the leaders of the Indian community in Zanzibar and in India, who have been so earnestly and anxiously looking after this matter on behalf of the people.

NOT TOO LATE YET.

"The events which will take place in the near future, will have serious repercussions outside the Zanzibar territories. It is not yet too late to adopt a policy of compromise and conciliation."

The thirty-ninth list of subscriptions received for the King George V memorial Fund, United Provinces for the week ended Friday, July 9, 1937 include Rs. 100/ from Raja Birendra Kant Singh and the grand total now amounts to Rs. 85,268-8-0.—A. P.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

SUSPICIOUS

"Well, in the absence of champagne and chambertin you must content yourselves with that."

"And so you've ordered wine from Anjou. What a connoiseur you are", said Porthos.

"Not exactly, it's the wine you have sent me."

"We?" exclaimed the three Musketeers in one voice.

"Yes, or your purveyor, Godeau, the purveyor of the Musketeers."

"My faith! Well, never mind where it comes from. If the wine is good let us drink it", answered Porthos.

'No', said Athos, 'don't let us drink wine which comes from an unknown source.'

'You are right, Athos', said D'Artagnan. 'So it's not you who have instructed the purveyor of the Musketeers to send me the wine?'

'No, but did he say he was sending it from us?'

'Here's his letter', said D'Artagnan, handing the note to his comrades.

ON THE RUN

"That's not his writing!" said Athos. "I know it, because, before we left Villeroy, I reviewed his accounts with him."

'The letter is false', said Porthos, 'we have not been confined to quarters.'

'D'Artagnan', said Aramis in a reproachful tone, 'how could you believe that we had made a noise?'

D'Artagnan turned pale and could not restrain a shiver all over his body.

'You frighten me, D'Artagnan', said Athos, 'what has happened?'

'Come, gentlemen, let us hurry,' answered D'Artagnan, 'A horrible suspicion crosses my mind. Can this be another vengeance of that woman?'

It was now Athos who turned pale.

D'Artagnan then rushed towards the refreshment-room, the three Musketeers and the two Guards following him.

Pimples

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Muslims' Duty

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Muslims of Bombay under the auspices of the local Muslim-League, by passing a resolution of protest against the proposed partition of Palestine by England perhaps, think that they have done their duty by Islam and the holy-land; and the immediate affect, they visualise, of this wonderful resolution would be that England would at once recede from her intention of partitioning Palestine! I simply marvel at these simple folks that they do not realise that England does not care a brass-farthing for 'Resolutions' passed by the Muslims of India or as a matter of that by any body of people in the whole world. Have the Muslims of India forgotten that they protested and protested, shouted and shouted till they became hoarse against the unjust treatment meted out to Turkey by England after the great war, without any result? Was it their deputation to England or the victorious march of Mustafa Kamal's army into Smyrna which saved Turkey from being 'wiped out' from the map of the world?

Having known these solid facts so well, when Muslims take to the old slavish tactics again, it makes one's blood boil with indignation and disgust

Will my Muslim brethren, I pray, pause a little and try to find out the true cause underlying the Imperialistic policy of England against the Muslim countries? If they did, they would find that the countries that are being or have been enslaved, subdued, parcelled out, or partitioned are the countries which lie on the route march, so to say, to India, and because are or may become a source of danger to the British sovereignty in India, therefore they must be made safe for England, in order that she may rule India and keep her in bondage. This is a simple truth and does not require any elaboration at all. Now again, do my Muslim brethren realise what India's freedom would mean to the millions and millions of human beings inhabiting the countries that have lost their independence because of India? Do they realise what India's freedom would mean to Egypt, Syria, Palestine, Arabia, Iraq, Yemen, Algeria, Morocco, China, Tibet, etc., too numerous to mention, in fact the whole of Asia Minor, Soviet Republic, Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan and Japan, the greater part of Africa? If they do, then it is their sacred duty to Islam and to humanity that they should strive hard, devote their whole life and energy for the freedom of India and should never rest, until she was free. If they think that they can succeed in their task of gaining independence for India alone and without the help of others, well and good; but if they find that they cannot do it alone then it is also their sacred duty that they should make common cause with those who are already fighting for the liberation of India.

"Allahumma-ehde Qaumi!—Yours, etc.,

TRUTH.

Toddy Adulteration Scandal

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Recently in some quarters sinister allegations have been made against the excise policy of the Government of Bombay which in the wider interest of the public should be either refuted or inquired into by them. Briefly, the allegation is that the revenue of about Rs. 67 lakhs derived from the licence fee for retail sales and the tree cess leaves no option to the toddy dealer but to adulterate toddy freely with water, sugar and deleterious drugs. It is estimated that on an average a retailer has to pay Rs. 10 or Rs. 12 per tree in the shape of the tree cess. The incidence of licence fee works out at about the same figure. About Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 per tree have to be paid to the owner of the trees. If to these figures other items of ordinary expenditure are added, such as transport costs, rents of shops, expenses of management, a tree would cost a retailer approximately Rs. 40 per annum. This figure was accepted as a fair estimate by the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta a few days ago when he spoke incidentally on the evils of toddy adulteration in the course of his speech before the Indian and European Progressive Groups.

Now if one takes into consideration the normal yield of a toddy tree at 30 to 32 gallons per annum, it is plain that the cost per gallon would work out at Rs. 1-4-0. Now actually toddy is sold at prices as low as two annas a bottle and even less. Surely, the Government cannot pretend ignorance of the market rate! The public naturally concludes that the gap between the cost price and the selling price is bridged by sugar, water and deleterious drugs without which toddy would be tasteless. And in what proportions must these alien ingredients enter? I suppose at a modest estimate 60 per cent would not be wide of the mark.

The public would, therefore, ask two questions: Do the Government not realise that their policy of extracting maximum of revenue from toddy has compelled some of the dealers to resort to these dangerous practices of adulteration? If they do so, why do they connive at the evil and launch so few prosecutions? Is it they are afraid that prosecutions may cause serious inroads in their revenue from toddy?

The Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was extremely frank in admitting the existence of this scandal of toddy adulteration. Credit is due to the present Ministry which has decided not to derive revenue from this tainted source, at the cost of public health. But one asks, is mere determination enough? What is first needed is a thorough investigation into the magnitude of this scandal, which is nothing but a legalised process of slowly poisoning the public on a large scale. A Committee must be immediately appointed and the present policy of the Government examined and re-oriented. Unless this is done few people will feel immune from risk to their health caused by a policy for which a large measure of blame must be attributed to the Government alone.—Yours, etc.

T. J. PUNTER.

July 6, 1937.

Juvenile Court

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is over ten years since the Juvenile Court was established in Bombay. The Court sits every Friday.

Of late the number of Juvenile cases has increased enormously and owing to the brief sessions of the Court most of the cases have to be inevitably postponed week after week.

This entails a hardship on the guardians and witnesses and leads to unnecessary prolonged detention of the children, in the Remand Home. Also the Children's Aid Society find great congestion as stated in their last annual report

It is high time that a separate Juvenile Court be formed for the North of Bombay. This will, of course, necessitate establishment of a Remand Home in that area. In the interests of child-welfare it must be done and done quickly. The Children's Aid Society is a well-established institution and it should not be very difficult to run and staff an Auxiliary Home.

The Bandra and Kurla Juvenile Courts function regularly and a Remand Home in the North would serve these Suburban Courts besides facilitating the work of the City Police Stations in the area.

If an earnest endeavour is made in co-operation with the established Homes, required financial help from the public will not be lacking.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. VELKAR.

Bombay.

E. I. Jubilee

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I find recently that several inquiries are made through your journal about the E I. Golden Jubilee Celebrations and the Fete accounts. May I just add two more queries?

1. What about the Jubilee stamp account? Though well nigh six months have elapsed since they were printed, no account has yet been submitted to the Working Committee. We should like to know how many of the stamps were sold out of the 1,00,000 printed.

2. When is the Jubilee Souvenir to be out? Will Mr. A V. Misquitta, the only E. I., who is a London qualified journalist, explain its delay from month to month?—Yours etc.,

DR. DIAGO.

Bandra

"Their Last Bow"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—At long last the Puppet Cooper Ministry have made their exit from the place undeservedly occupied by them. You have, Sir, unreservedly given them credit in your to-day's leader for grace which is nowhere present in any of their actions. Graceful to a certain extent would have been their action in making room for Congressmen, had they declared immediately after the Wardha decision. They resorted to objectionable tactics, showed absence of political sagacity, and they have been hurling insult at the intelligence of the electorate and the elected members of all other parties except their own if they have any. The Poona Conference which proved a great debacle, was a big farce. And just imagine, even after the conference they had the temerity to declare their intention of continuing to perpetuate the political blunder they had perpetrated in accepting the ministerships at a very critical political development and in betraying the self-respect of the Nation.—Yours, etc.,

NATIONALIST.

Bombay, July 15.

PRISONERS FROM ANDAMANS TO INDIA

MADRAS, July 15.

Jairam Singh and Mistri Jalaldin, Martial Law prisoners of Lahore and three ex-convicts who had been released and eight prisoners transferred to jails in India, were brought here from the Andamans this morning. A lunatic also was brought for treatment in the mental hospital.

The Deputy Jailor of the Andamans Criminal Settlement was in charge of the party.

Jairam Singh and Mistri Jalaldin were, it is stated, released in 1933 and settled there, doing business. Determined now to return to their homes in the Punjab they closed their business and embarked for India.—United Press.

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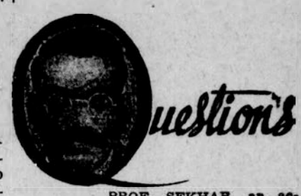

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FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK.

"Lost Horizon" At The Empire—"Under Your Spell" At The Regal—"Sea Devils" At The Capitol—"A Family Affair" At The Wellington—"Please Teacher" At The Excelsior—"Robinson Crusoe" At The Globe

"The Lost Horizon" at the Empire this week.

"LOST HORIZON"

At The Empire

Enthralling screen translation of James Hilton's famous novel dealing with adventures of British diplomat kidnapped by strange sect of Tibetans, to rule remote Utopia as High Lama. Opening with gripping scenes of Chinese rebellion and thrilling 'plane trip to far-flung Asiatic output, story enthrals throughout. Superlatively staged avalanche, drama of apparently young girl's change to wrinkled old womanhood, and benign philosophy of contented colony supply overwhelming entertainment angles. Elaborately mounted, directed with magnificent imaginative skill, and finally acted by cast including Ronald Colman on top form, a smash Box-Office proposition for any hall.

Here is a screen adventure that cannot fail to thrill even the most blase patron, with Frank Capra at the height of his directorial form and Ronald Colman turning in one of those whimsical performances for which he is so justly renowned.

The opening presents all the turbulent tension of a Chinese rebellion, with Robert Conway, British diplomat, evacuating Europeans by aeroplane. The machine in which he personally travels is piloted by a strange individual who later turns out to be the emissary of a certain High Lama, who rules a remote Tibetan Utopia and who, having read some of Conway's philosophical works, desires him to succeed his own rule. Thus kidnapped, the Englishman, although at first annoyed, gradually finds the charm of the place captivating him, until he no longer desires to go back to the "civilized" world. Eventually, urged by his hysterical brother (also a prisoner) to disbelieve the high principles of the community, Conway starts back for the outside world, but later relents and the finale sees him struggling to retrace his steps and to find again the Utopian serenity of the "Lost Horizon."

Capra's superb direction is responsible for a gripping entertainment that enthrals all the way, whilst his delicate handling of the more sensitve passages merits the highest possible praise. The attention is caught right at the start, with turbulent rebellion crowding the canvas, and a burning hangar guiding relief 'planes to ground. The subsequent journey to "Utopia" is magnificently staged. Conway's motley party contributing several strongly etched cameos. A girl dying of consumption, a wanted crook and a fussy fossil-hunter comprise the assorted collection aboard the 'plane, their reactions to kidnapping supplying rich entertainment.

Once arrived at the hidden stronghold of Shangri La, where moderation is the guiding rule and the age of 300 years no phenomenon, the action takes on an even more enthralling quality. Conway's gradual realisation that this is the state of life he has been yearning for is cleverly suggested, and the romantic attachment he forms for one of the young woman there adds the requisite love angles.

The hero's decision to leave the Utopian content of the community lends itself to a graphic sequence that introduces a brilliantly staged avalanche, and strong drama born of his struggle to get back to the outer world. Another striking episode shown an apparently young girl suddenly changing into a wrinkled old hag when switched from the placid surroundings of Shangri La to the cold and bleak desolation of the grim Tibetan mountains. It is this miracle, in fact that convinces Conway the things he has seen in "Utopia" are no mere hallucination.

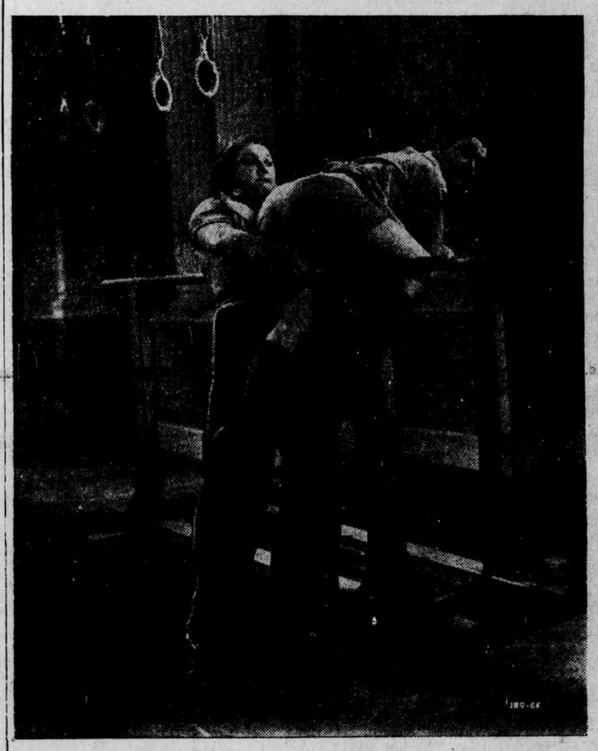
Presentation is magnificent, the canvas embracing a Chinese airport, vast panoramas of Tibet, and the ornate luxury of Shangri La, replete with gleaming white buildings, modern amenities and a contented people. These surroundings make a perfect and peculiarly convincing framework for the telling of a story rich in thrills.

Despite the magnitude of the setting, the acting reaches a peak point, Ronald Colman, taking honours as Conway, who finds his goal in the remote fastnesses of the beautiful land. Strong in comedy, emotionally holding and always a delight, the star's performance is outstanding. Sam Jaffe's High Lama is superb, and H. B. Warner is exactly right as his chief lieutenant. Jane Wyatt capably essays the leading feminine role, and Edward Horton is on hand with some telling comedy. Others in a sterling cast acquit themselves with honour. ("D.F.R.")

"Sea Devils" with Ida Lupino and Preston Foster at the Capitol this week.

Frances Farmer, an Unusual close-up of the Paramount Star.

"Robinson Crusoe of Clipper Island" at the Globe this week.



"Please Teacher" with Bobby Howes and Vera Pearce at the Excelsior

"ROBINSON CRUSOE"

2nd Instalment At The Globe

(CONTRIBUTED).

You have seen the most thrilling situations in Republic's sensational 28 part serial "Robinson Crusoe" in its first instalment at the Globe Talkies last week. Now if you want to know how brave Mala saves himself, defies his opponents and wins his bride, must be seen this week at the Globe in its second instalment which concludes this serial.

Tarzan ropes (made of grapevine and withes), 20 native drums, poison darts and blow guns, Malay kris knives, dugout and brick bark canoes (swarms of them), war clubs, war paint, masks, spears and polynesian battle apparatus—

These are only a few of the thousands of props gathered together for Republic's latest serial film, "Robinson Crusoe of Clipper Island," which is now showing at the Globe Talkies.

All of which indicates the South Seas background of the picture as well as the efficiency of a movie property department. Frazier Acosta, pure Malay type from Borneo helped in gathering the material and supervising its use. He also plays an important part in the fourteen-chapter drama.

Starred in this story of world wide intrigue is Mala, famous Eskimo of "Lost Pagans" fame. He is supported by a large cast of human troupers as well as Buck, the unique wonder dog of films and Rex, the King of Wild Horses, known to every movie fan in the world.

Mack Wright and Ray Taylor directed under the supervision of Larry Wickland and most of the scenes were filmed on the wild island of Santa Cruz, several hundreds of miles off the California coast.

In the cast is Mamo Clark, beautiful Hawaiian and U. S. C graduate, who first became known as leading lady for Clark Gable in "Mutiny on the Bounty." She plays opposite Mala, William Newell, Al Taylor, Bud Osbourne, Robert Kortman, John Ward and John Piccori. Together with this serial, you must not fail to get the lucky-number-coupon which may fetch you the prize of a fine wrist watch—this scheme will last only till Wednesday and the lucky numbers selected by Mayor of Bombay and two leading citizens will be announced on Friday on the screen of Globe Talkies.

TIBBETT MUSICAL "UNDER YOUR SPELL"

At The Regal

With Lawrence Tibbett as a fed-up singing star and Wendy Barrie as a hot-headed heiress after his aria supplying riotous romance, Gregory Ratoff and Arthur Treacher collaborating on riotous comedy, "Under Your Spell", the Twentieth Century-Fox newest tune triumph opens to-day at the Regal Theatre. Loaded with laughs and studded with swingy songs, by Broadway's rhythm kings, Arthur Schwartz and Howard Dietz, "Under Your Spell" is the snappiest, singiest story of Lawrence Tibbet's career. The hilarity starts when baritone Tibbett becomes bored with the continual round of engagements, endorsements and publicity schemes arranged by his indefatigable manager and mentor, Gregory Rataff and returns to the lone prairie to resume his former occupation of "cowboying". Tibbett wants peace at any price, even if he has to fight for it. He no sooner lands at his rancho when Wendy Barrie, a society siren, who has made a bet with Country Gregory Gaye that if she can't persuade Lawrence to sing at one of her private parties, she will marry him (the Count), arrives on the scene and causes pandemonium on the plains. It's love at first 'fight' and romance on the run as Wendy pursues and pesters Lawrence to return with her in her plane. She finally wins her point and they are about to fly East, when the ever-active Ratoff works a fake publicity 'gag' that shows her up as a love-sick silly, chasing a celebrity. Wendy is so mad and disgusted at what she believes to be Tibbett's trickery that she decides to go back and marry the Count just for spite. Tibbett is furious over Ratoff's scheming. Accompanied by Arthur Treacher, his butler returned branco-buster, he determines to leave the country and get away from it all, but just as he boards the boat, Wendy has him arrested on a charge of breach of contract to sing at her party. Hit tunes and howls follow one another as Tibbett turns the dignified court-room into a concert hall to prove his innocence. His singing defense captivates and convinces an admiring judge and he is set free. Then he goes after the stubborn Wendy and in a rib-racking climax woos her with wallops, spanks her love and leads her off to the altar. Darryl F Zanuck selected Otto Lugwig Preminger, famous European theatrical impressario, to direct with John Stone as associate producer. Frances Hyland and Saul Elkins wrote the screen play based on stories by Bernice and Sy. Bartlett.

Marlene Dietrich a recent portrait study of the Paramount Star.

LIONEL BARRYMORE IN "A FAMILY AFFAIR"

At The Wellington

Lionel Barrymore becomes an Idaho judge, a politician, and the father of two grown daughters and a son, all at the same time.

It is in this composite of three different characterizations that the veteran actor makes his latest screen appearance in the new M-G-M drama of family life. "A Family Affair," which will be shown this week at the Wellington.

The play is a comedy of marital mix-ups from the viewpoint of the father of the romance-busters rather than the young people themselves.

Barrymore plays an Idaho judge who, on the evening of learning that crooked politicians are trying to kill his chances of re-election, finds that his daughters have moved in on "dad and mother."

One daughter rushes into the mix-ups by entering the campaign for her father, to the disgust of her engineer fiance who hates women politicians. From that point the comedy moves rapidly to a happy ending, but not until all lives in the family have been juggled considerably.

"A Family Affair" was produced by Lucien Hubbard and Sam Marx. Kay Van Riper wrote the screen play.

This is a strong story of life in any average small town in America. An old family, long respected in the community, comes to grief when an older married daughter indiscreetly gets involved with another man. At the same time the father, a courageous old county judge, returns a decision on a public project which is bitterly opposed by his townspeople.

"PLEASE TEACHER"

At The Excelsior

Laughter-making situations abound in the new Associated British picture, "Please Teacher," seen at the Excelsior this week, a screen version of the musical comedy success with Bobby Howes, Wylie Watson, Vera Pearce and Bertha Belmore in their original roles.

Imagine irrepressible Bobby Howes as the young and impecunious Tommy Deacon who masquerades as an Anglo-Indian in order to get into a girls' school to recover a missing legacy. Complete with topee and khaki shorts and carrying a polo mallet, he gets into a bewildering conversation with a real Anglo-Indian and becomes hopelessly mixed up with monsoons and tiffin.

Then there is the scene in which Bobby Howes and Wylie Watson, dressed in billowy night-shirts, cavort around the girls' dormitory searching for the bust of Napoleon, in which the legacy is supposed to be hidden. And when school-mistresses Vera Pearce and Bertha Belmore discover them there they put on a sleep-walking act which has to be seen to be believed.

Bobby's feigned attack of malaria, his singing of a part song in the school pageant, his prize-giving speech, and his experiences in a Turkish bath, are a few more of the rollicking situations in the film.

The love interest is charmingly catered for by pretty Rene Ray, who plays the role of a schoolgirl with whom Tommy Deacon falls in love, while Lyn Harding, as a sinister Oriental, is calculated to bring shivers down the spine when he kidnaps the young cou-

(Continued on page 19 Col. 5)

"Under Your Spell" with Lawrence Tibett at the Regal this week

Minority Rights Are Safe In Congress Hands

PROMINENT BERAR MUSLIM LEADERS' CALL TO COMMUNITY TO JOIN CONGRESS

AKOLA (By Mail).

The following statement has been issued by prominent Muslims of Berar:—

"That the only right policy and the correct attitude for the Muslims to act upon and adjust is to unconditionally join the Indian National Congress and participate in the struggle for freedom of the country."

This was the resolution adopted by the conference of the Muslim Nationalist leaders held at Allahabad on the 23rd May 1937.

This conference was attended by men like Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Maulana Ahmad Saeed, Secretary Jamiat-i-Ulma-i-Hind Dr. Syed Mahmud, Sir Wazir Hasan, ex-Chief Justice, Maulana Abdul Hameed Siddique, Maulana Hafizur Rahman, Member Jamiat-i-Ulma-i-Hind, Dr. Abdul Hameed Quazi, Maulana Basheer Ahmad, Maulana Syed Zufail Ahmad and others.

As we all know that these revered persons are among those great personalities of the country whose love for freedom, their friendship and services to Islam, their patriotism and honesty of purpose, their deep learning and culture are beyond reproach and need no recognition.

The Jamiat-i-Ulma-i-Hind, the most august body of the Muslims in matters of religion and the biggest religion institution of the Indian Muslims, which is responsible for their good and progress in the sphere of religion, has also straightly recommended the Muslims for mking a common cause with the Indian National Congress for achieving this great object of freedom of their Mother-land.

EVILS OF ISOLATION

It is an irrefutable fact that the life of slavery which the Muslims of India have been leading has absolutely marred the progress of individuals as well as their community. In the recent years keeping themselves aloof and isolated from the struggle for freedom the extent to which their working faculty has become useless and the degree to which their mental progress and the political developments have been affected, all these facts can be demonstrated by their ever-increasing and fatal activity and slothfulness by the evil spirit of disunion and chaos among the ranks and files and by their degeneration and deterioration. For want of sufficient spirit of nationalism in them, they have fallen a victim to the mortal disease of communalism to an extent which has made their tragic happenings an integral part of their national life.

Therefore, in our opinion, the Indian National Congress is the only political organisation in the country which is the strongest and the biggest. It is the most well-disciplined body in which to a lesser or greater extent all the communities and parties are represented and the doors of which are always open to all of them irrespective of caste or creed.

Individually and collectively the great and the continuous sacrifice which the Indian Muslims are making for the cause of freedom from the days of Non-Co-operation Movement to the present time, shall be written in letters of gold in the future history of India.

SAFEGUARD FOR MINORITY

Regarding the question of rights and privileges of the minorities the point of view held by the Congress, has already been made clear by means of that historical declaration which is generally known as the "Declaration of Fundamental Rights"

It has been clearly stated therein that "the culture, language and script of the Minorities of the different linguistic areas shall be protected."

As regards the question of religion the Congress has already announced that "the State shall observe neutrality in regard to all religion. Every citizen shall enjoy freedom of conscience and the right freely to profess and practice his religion subject to public order.

Who does not know the miserable life which the Indian peasantry and Labour classes have been leading since a long time, and the Indian National Congress the only body in the country which has been increasingly trying for their rights and emancipation.

EARN RIGHTS BY SACRIFICE

It is our firm opinion that regarding the question of the minorities, especially of the Muslims, the Congress will have no stone unturned in removing all doubts and fears entertained by them, and it shall make every effort to give them fullest satisfaction on this once again. Therefore, we consider that the proper time has come when the Muslims, like their brethren in other provinces, should join the Congress in struggle for freedom of their Mother-land and also for the preservation of their legitimate rights and interests. They must give clear proof of their patriotism and nationalism with greater sacrifices. They must always remember the fact that the rights are acquired by certain sacrifice and by the face of strength and solidarity. They are never accepted as charity.

The Signatories are:

Seth Abdul Latif Khamgaon, Seth Mohmad Ali Ahmad Ali, Seth Abdulla Bhai Mohamad Ali Seth Aminuddin Ahmad Md. Nizamudin, Seth Akbar Ali Tyab Ali, Messrs Shujat Khan Alli Khan, Mohmad Khan Imam Khan, Habib Khan Subhan Khan Ramza Khan Dulekhan, Shaik Hasan Nizami, A. K. Nizami, President Sewa Sangh, Mirza Azzizulla Baig, B.A., Ahmad Hussain Azad Hashmi, Kadarbhai, Mohmad Ibrahim Baig, Mohmad Ayoob Sabir, Mansab Khan, Sadullah Khan, Abdul Razaque, Quazee Amiruddin, Abdul Wahab.

LEASE OF INDORE STATE MILLS TO END

INDORE, July 14.

The lease of the Indore State Mills which have been with the Bhandaris for several years now expires next year. The authorities of the Holkar Government are considering several proposals, including the sale of machinery to the highest bidder.

It is stated neither the authorities nor the public would like to give further extension to the present lease-owners.—United Press

Mr. R. K. Nehru, I.C.S., special officer conducting investigation regarding the conditions of those minor industries which felt they had a claim to protection against unfair competition from Japan, was in Bombay last week. Mr. Nehru is a cousin of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Imports Of Yarn Into Turkey

SIMLA, July 14.

Information has been received that the Turkish Government have issued a Decree under which cotton yarns under item Nos. 366-370 of the Customs Tariff, a part of which was in the list of goods which may be imported only under permit from the Ministry of Economy and the other part in the list KL (i.e commodities which may be imported free of puota restrictions provided they are the produce of manufacture of countries having a clearing agreement with Turkey or whose commercial exchanges are in favour of Turkey in which no special measures of restriction are applied to imports from Turkey), have been transferred to List S (Free list, i.e. goods which may be imported free of quota restrictions).

Imports of cotton yarns into Turkey from British India are permitted only against exports of Turkish articles of the same value.—United Press.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

a.m.

8-30 Classical Music. Prof. B. R. Deodhar. 8-40 Talk (Marathi): "In the Gardens of the Nilgiris." By Leela Bhagwat. 8-55 Light Music. Prof. B. R. Devdhar.

noon.

12-0 Indian Recorded Music. (Recorded—Columbia.)

p.m.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Light Selections. (Recorded Decca.) 5-30 A Variety Programme. Instrumental and Vocal Music. By The Students of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage. 6-0 The News in Marathi. 6-5 Orchestral Music. By The Students of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage. 6-15 Talk (Marathi): "Village Opinion". By M. G. Gore, R. H. Joshi and V. B. Dabke. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 7-30 "Bewafa Putri." A Gujerati Musical Play. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "The Week in Sport." By A. F. S. Talyarkhan. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Pianoforte Sonata Recital. By Wilhelm Backhus. 9-45 Dance Music. (Recorded—H. M. V.) 10-0 The Radio Quartet. Leader: Dominic Pereira.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

a.m.

7-0 Sitar Solo: By D. T. Joshi of Lucknow. 7-20 Asad Ali Khan. 7-50 Afghani Nautch Tunes: By Pazeer Khan. 8-0 Rashida Begum of Amritsar. Classical and Light Music. 8-40 The News (Hindustani). 8-50 The News (English).

p.m.

12-30 Indian Music. (Recorded.) 6-30 Veena on Tambura: By Ghulam Sabir. 6-40 Asad Ali Khan. 7-10 Sitar Solo: By D. T. Joshi of Lucknow. 7-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Current Publications." Hindi: By Ram Singh. 7-45 "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-30 Asad Ali Khan. Thumri and Ghazal. 9-0 D. T. Joshi of Lucknow. Sitar Solo. 9-15 The News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 Time Signal. The News and Weather Report. (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "Man and Matter." No. 1. Lightning and Thunderbolts. By R. L. Moore. 10-0 Asad Ali Khan. 10-20 Rashida Begum of Amritsar. Light Music.

Hindu Women's Conference

QUILON, July 14.

To consider arrangements in connection with Kerala Hindu Women's Conference proposed to be held here during the month of August for presenting an address to Her Highness the Maharani of Travancore in recognition of the part she played in connection with the temple entry proclamation, a meeting of the Hindu women of Travancore was held last evening at the local Sreemulam Memorial Town Hall. Miss T. Narayani Amma, Member Sreemulam Assembly, presided.

The Conference was fixed to be held on 23rd August. Sreemathy Parukutty Nathiaramma of Cochin will be requested to preside over the conference.—United Press.

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CONSTITUTION

Defenders Of Liberty Fight With Back To The Wall

FARCE OF NON-INTERVENTION GOES ON—AND WARFARE LASTS FOR FULL YEAR

It's The Duty Of Every Lover Of Democracy To Contribute To Spain-India Fund

BOMBAY, Friday.

How long must men and women bleed
Before humanity be freed?
How long must children suffer pangs of dearth?
What, do they battle all in vain
In China, India and Spain.
The sorrowful exploited of the earth?—Harindranath.

To-morrow, July 17, is the anniversary of the commencement of the conflict in Spain. One year of endless tribulation to the Spanish people. One year of bloodshed and pain during which the Fascist powers are gradually gaining the upper hand and the Democratic countries of Europe, through the solemn farce of Non-Intervention, are throwing Spain to the Fascist wolves and incidentally, perhaps, writing their own doom.

Through it all the Spanish people are fighting with unparalleled bravery.

A thousand million hearts outworn,
A thousand million bodies torn
And bullet-riddled, belted, slashed and bled,

and still they go on, undaunted. All the progressive forces, the world over, are ranged on the side of the Spanish people. They are doing whatever lies in their power. Heroic men from all over the world have gone over and joined the International Brigade, named after the Indian champion of Liberty, Saklatwala. Dr. Atal, the friend of Pandit Jawaharlal, has gone over to render medical aid to the Brigade. The Spain-India Air Committee organised by Indians in England has undertaken to send a well-equipped ambulance, which costs about £500.

The All-India Congress Committee, the Congress Socialist Party and others interested, both here and in England, have so far collected £300. £200 more are badly wanted.

To enlist support for this cause the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation is organising a "Spain Day" which will be observed on Saturday which marks the anniversary of the commencement of the struggle. A meeting will be held at the Blavatsky Lodge with Mr. M. C. Chagla in the chair.

The Bombay Presidency Students' Federation has published a poem "ON LIBERTY" by Harindranath Chattopadhyaya. This poem will be sold by lady volunteers in the schools and colleges of the city to-morrow. The entire proceeds from the sale of this booklet will be sent to the Spain-India Aid Committee of which Mrs. Saklatwala is the President.

The poem (from which the stanza at the head and the other excerpts are quoted here) is a magnificent Poem of Liberty. The poet envisaging the conditions of life when Liberty rules the world says:—

Where weeds grew once there flowers shall bloom,
And there will be no dingy room,
No smell of filth or hunger anywhere.
No smoking ovens, choking hells,
nor the unnoticed torture-cells
We know as worker's chawls, life's sepulchres!

And those who long to keep alive the fiery cause of Liberty must strive and battle as the people of Spain are battling to-day.

It is hoped that the Liberty loving people of Bombay will purchase this booklet at the highest price they can afford.

WOMAN'S CORPSE DUG OUT OF GRAVE

Poisoning By Father-in-Law Suspected

LAHORE, July 14.

A sensation was caused in Moghalpura when a party of police headed by S. Ghandharb Singh, Magistrate, raided a grave-yard in Moghalpura and exhumed the dead body of Iqbal Begum, a Muslim woman, from the grave. The dead body has been sent to hospital for post-mortem examination.

It is stated the body was taken out for examination on a report alleging that the woman had been poisoned by the family of her father-in-law.—United Press.

SIND PREMIER'S LEAD

KARACHI, July 14.

In connection with the removal of the ban on certain newspapers in Sind announced by Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah, Chief Minister, Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, President of the Karachi District Congress Committee, in the course of a statement says:—

"It is pleasing to note that the Chief Minister has acted rightly in anticipation of the verdict of the Sind Legislative Assembly.

"I am really pleased at the broad-mindedness of the Premier when he says that if there were any detenus in Sind he would release them. I will suggest to Sir Ghulam Hussein to prove his sincerity by refunding the bank balance of the Reception Committee of the 45th session of the Indian National Congress held in Karachi in 1931 and the motor bus confiscated by the Police during the Civil Disobedience Movement and also to repeal the repressive laws."

It is understood that resolutions to that effect have been tabled by Mr. R. K. Sidhwa in the Sind Assembly.—United Press.

Youth Sentenced To Death

LAHORE, July 14.

The death sentence of Gaman, a Muslim aged 24, was confirmed by Mr. Justice Bakshi Tek Chand, Acting Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Abdul Rashid.

The prosecution alleged that the accused had grown into intimacy with Mst. Barkate of Targarah village near Lahore, who later grew cold towards the accused and began to ignore him. This lack of response towards her paramour enraged Gaman, who one day assaulted Barkate in broad day-light while she was sitting with her sister and some women friends outside her house and killed her on the spot.—United Press.

THREE RIOTS IN FOUR DAYS

Heavy Casualties

SHEIKHUPURA, July 15.

Reports of three serious riots have been received during the last four days.

Five persons were grievously injured in a fight between the Harijans and the Zamindar of Chack No. 5.

A Harijan owed a small amount to a zamindar, but his failure to pay the amount within the stipulated time exasperated the zamindar who, it is alleged, accompanied by his friends proceeded to the Harijan's house and assaulted him and several others, who came to his rescue.

A fight between two Muslim parties of zamindars yesterday, at Sheikh Billawal, Sayadwalla, over the possession of a piece of land, resulted in the death of one zamindar and grievous injuries to some others.

Two Sikh factions of village Khai came to grips and as a result one died and two sustained grievous injuries.—United Press.

Recruitment Of Literate Bengalis

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

The Associated Press understands that, as a result of the new policy adumbrated by His Excellency, Sir John Anderson at Dacca, it may be expected that over a thousand literate Bengalis may be recruited every year in the province for the unarmed branch of police service.

His Excellency said "I may mention further as a matter of general interest an order issued early in April by the Inspector-General that as a general rule only literate Bengalis should be recruited to the unarmed branch of the force: the experience of the past year continues to show that there is no lack of recruits of this character".

From the figures available it is learned that the average recruitment of constables is about 1,500 for the Bengal police and 140 for the Calcutta police every year. During the last three years the average number of Bengalis recruited to the Bengal police was about 600 per year. The total strength of the force is 20,000 in the Bengal police and 4,500 in the Calcutta police.

It is believed that as a result of this new policy the average recruitment of Bengalis will be considerably increased and it may come to over 1,000 to the relief of unemployment.—A. P.

KHADI WORK IN MALABAR

Mr. Shankerlal Banker On Moplahs' Keenness

CALICUT, (By Mail).

Mr. Shankerlal Banker, Secretary of the All-India Spinners' Association, returned to Calicut on last Tuesday evening by the Malabar Express after visiting the Payyanur Centre of the A. I. S. A., accompanied by Mr. C. K. Kartha, Secretary of the Kerala Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association.

Reviewing the progress of the Khadi movement in Kerala, Mr. Banker told me that the work at the Spinning Centre at Payyanur was going on very satisfactorily. He said: "We went to a village called Vellore about three miles from Payyanur, where a competition of spinners had been arranged. The spinners have been supplied with new wheels, locally made on the Yeravda pattern. These are very much liked by the spinners. It enables them to spin a larger yardage, more uniform and stronger. The weavers have also taken to larger width looms. The Muslim families in the village are also getting interested in the spinning work and they have made a request that arrangements might be made to give instructions to their girls in spinning.

"It is very gratifying to note that the new wheels are being manufactured locally which means considerable amount of work for the village carpenter and blacksmith.

"At Pulikal village in Ernad Taluka, where a new centre has been opened recently, 10 Mopiah girls have taken to spinning."

"The programme of the year," he added, "is to replace the old wheels by new and efficient wheels of the Yeravda pattern, so that the spinners may be able to spin more and earn the minimum wages fixed for them. A special amount has been sanctioned for this purpose for introducing about 100 wheels of the new type, and the success of this experiment, i.e., the introduction of these wheels at Payyanur makes one feel confident that all the spinners will take kindly to the new wheels."

Referring to the progress of the Khadi movement elsewhere, he said: "There is an increasing demand at all the places I have visited and the public are nicely reacting to the new programme of Gandhiji to give higher wages to the spinners. We have now to push on the production of Khadi to meet the demands."

"The Moplahs were," he remarked, "very keen about spinning. A new centre has been opened in the Payyanur area at Taliparamba and about 100 wheels are working."

When asked whether there was a possibility of increasing the Spinning Centres in Malabar, he replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Shankerlal Banker left for Tiruppur accompanied by Mr. C. K. Kartha.

After visiting the Tamil Nad Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association in that place, he will visit the Rajapalayam and Tinnevelly Spinning Centres and also the Gandhi Ashram at Tiruchengode in Salem District.—"Hindu."

DACOITS EXCHANGE SHOTS WITH POLICE

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, July 13.

The exchange of shots between police and dacoits in a daylight raid has been reported from village Agol in Kadi taluka of Mehsana District. The dacoits heralded their arrival in broad daylight by beating of drums and the firing of guns. The villagers resisted the assault. Four villagers were wounded. The dacoits decamped with a booty of about 15,000 rupees. An armed police party, coming to the scene of offence, met on the road and there was a regular exchange of shots. A Police Sub-Inspector was wounded. The dacoits escaped because they were on horseback. Investigation is going on.

A public meeting was held today evening when a condolence resolution was passed on the sad demise of the Raja of Sawantwadi.

12 inches of rain has been recorded till to-day morning in Baroda City. It is drizzling at present.

Corporation Appoints Enquiry Committee

CALCUTTA, July 15.

Regarding an alleged assault on a former woman teacher of the Calcutta Corporation Mr. Hashemi raised the matter at the Corporation meeting on July 7 as it involved an employee of the Corporation when the Mayor announced that the matter was under Departmental investigation. The Corporation yesterday appointed a Committee of seven councillors to investigate the incident.

The Mayor informed the House that the woman involved was employed as a teacher in a primary school a year ago. He understood that the Inspector of the Corporation Primary Schools had been suspended pending further enquiry in this connection.—A.P.

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Circus Competition

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See Sunday Chronicle To-Morrow

RAILWAYMEN'S CONFERENCE

Sessions Begin On Thursday In Bombay

Thirty delegates representative of the dozen A Class Railway Systems of India and Burma are expected to attend the forty-first Annual Conference of the National Union of Railwaymen which starts its three-day sessions in Bombay on Thursday, July 22 under the Presidency of Mr. C. W. A. Gidney.

Among the subjects that figure on the Agenda are the Mudie and the Wedgwood Reports, the revised Rules with regard to Railway Staff's pay and free passes, as well as the question of devising ways and means to affiliate the different Unions in the country under the banner of the Corporation of Railway Unions (India) that was recently formed at Delhi by Sir Henry Gidney and Dr. Zia Ud-Din Ahmed.

The conference is also expected to lay out propaganda tours all over India with a view to foster unity and solidarity within the ranks of Railway Labour.

Pleader Suspended From Practice

LAHORE, July 15.

A special Bench of the Lahore High Court pronounced order today suspending Mr. Benarsi Das Sharma, pleader, from practice for months on a charge of professional misconduct under the Legal Practioners' Act for retaining Rs. 50/ given by a practitioner as arbitration fee. Their Lordships, however, postponed the effect of the order until October 1 and directed him to pay Rs. 100 to the Advocate General and Rs. 600 to Dr Jessie George, petitioner, as costs.

The order would not take effect if Mr. Benarsi Das pays costs before October 1. A second case against Mr. Das on a similar charge was dismissed.—United Press

BOMBAY-SIND RAILWAY

Karachi Deputation To Commerce Member

SIMLA, July 15

The "United Press learns that Karachi Chamber of Commerce and other commercial interests propose to lead a deputation to the Railway Member and the Railway Board to urge the opening of a direct railway line between Bombay and Sind. It is understood their request will be granted and Sir Sultan Ahmed will meet the deputation in August

The authorities here feel that the proposed project of direct connection between Bombay and Sind will not yield more than one per cent return on capital at charge, but they have not arrived at final conclusions for or against the project. The final decision will be arrived after hearing the commercial interests from Karachi.—United Press.

MUSLIM LEAGUE FORMED AT HAMIRPUR

(From A Correspondent)

JHANSI (By Mail).

At a meeting of some Muslims a branch of the Muslim League was formed at Hamirpur with following office-bearers:—

President: Haji Rahimbux, Vice-President: Mahmudul Hussain, Secretary: Syed Barkhat Ali. Assistant Secretary: Murtza Hussain Treasurer: Haji Abdul Rahman. A resolution expressing confidence in Jinnah's leadership was also passed.

WEALTHY MERCHANT ARRESTED

Quite a sensation was caused in the city when the news about the arrest of Kallumal, a wealthy businessman and President Director of a local film promotion committee, for alleged kidnapping of a minor girl spread like wild fire in the city. Kallumal was later bailed out. It will be recalled that 2 persons are already under custody in this connection.

A word to HUSBANDS

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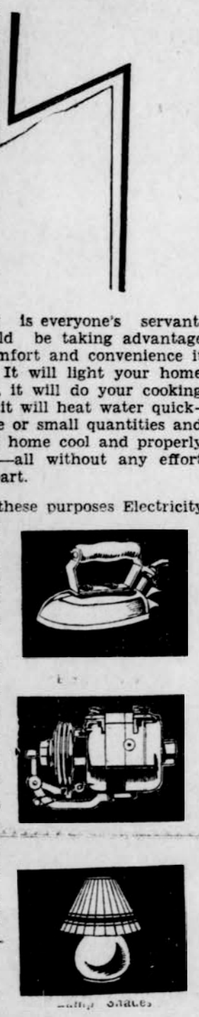

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Civil War Will Break Out In America

Democratic Legislators' Strong Warning Against Roosevelt's Economic Policy

WASHINGTON, (By Mail).

Civil war will break out in America unless president Roosevelt breaks off his alleged allegiance with the Committee of Industial Organisation, the great Trades-Union which is organising so many strikes in the United States.

This view was expressed here in a speech to the House of Representatives by Mr. Cox, one of the more Right-Wing members of the Democratic Party, President Roosevelt's Party.

Deadly Economic Plague

"The C.I.O." Mr. Cox declared, "is a deadly economic plague spreading over the country. If this sinister movement is not brought within the bounds of law and order, outraged citizens will arise in the protection of their industries, employment and homes and that will be civil war."—Reuter.

Britain Rejects 40-Hour-Week

Parliamentary Seceretary's Speech At Geneva: Reduction Would Increase Unemployment

GENEVA, (By Mail).

The rejection by Britain of the proposals for a 40-hour-week, was explained in a vigorous speech by Mr. R. A. Butler former Under-Secretary for India, now Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Labour, at the International Labour Conference here.

Mr. Butler emphasised that the policy of the British Government has, for many years, been to encourage and help to build up in industry a vast machinery of collective bargaining between employers and employed.

"It has been said that the British Government relies upon the operation of voluntary joint negotiation even where there is no sufficient organisation to make that system effective, he said.

"This is not the case as is proved by the fact that in certain sections of the textile trades minimum wage boards have been established. The decisions of which are enforced by law and that in the cotton manufacturing section of the industry wages fixed by agreement are also legally enforced on every employer.

MAIN FEATURE

"The main feature of all these arrangements is that hours and wages are fixed in relation to each other and there is no question of fixing hours without regard to the effect of wages. In these circumstances any proposal to impose a reduction of hours without regard to the effect on earnings must cause any Government to hesitate.

"On the information at present available, the British Government is satisfied that under present circumstances the reduction of hours to forty would be likely to cause a reduction of wages and a rise in costs of production to an extent much which would increase and not reduce unemployment.

VAGUE AND INDEFINITE

"No attempt has been made in the discussions which have takes place on the committee to examine these aspects of the matter and no Government could properly assume the responsibility for taking such action on the basis of so vague and indefinite a discussion as that to which I have listened.

"In suggesting a tripartite conference, my Government had the desire to bring all the interested parties together and to elucidate the facts.

"The Washington Conference showed that there were many aspects to be examined and it was a matter of great surprise to us that, instead of discussing the results of that conference, it was decided at once to proceed to the immediate formulation of a convention on hours alone as if a tripartite conference had never taken place.

"That conference produced one of the most valuable exchanges of views and information on the problems of the textile industries which has ever taken place and the British Government is unable to acquiesce in a course of procedure which virtually ignores the results of that conference."

A RETROGRADE STEP

Mr. Butler objected to the proposal for the averaging of hours over an indefinite period.

Such a proposal, he declared, "offend the system well understood in our country, that the calculation of the number of hours worked a week should be governed by a maximum in any one week, other hours in that week being regarded as overtime even though such hours are for the purpose of making up time not worked in other weeks.

"This proposal, we regard as a retrograde step as far as the workers are concerned.

"The power to average seems to us to run counter not only to our own practice, but to the beliefs of all those who put their trust in international conventions. Moreover, we should find it very difficult, if not impossible, to administer and we believe that it would tend to casualise the employment of our work-people.

SURPRISED AT LABOUR ATTITUDE

"I cannot but express surprise that the workers' representatives should have accepted a provision which, in fact, not only allows a week of appreciably more than 40 hours, but also destroys principles which they have established after long years of effort.

"The British Government has also to face the position that in the cotton industry only one shift per day is worked. Other countries work more than one shift per day and it is clear that, unless account is taken of this fact in this convention comparisons of hours and wages are totally illusory.

"International equality cannot be achieved by limiting only the hours of operatives: the running hours of machines must also be taken into account. This is clearly a question upon which an opportunity for consultation with employers' and operatives' organisations is necessary upon the basis of the draft convention proposed by the Committee.

JOINT MACHINERY.

"The position of the British Government has been made more difficult by reason of the fact that the Committee, for reasons which I fail to understand, have decided to delete from this and other draft conventions the clauses which would have enabled the Government to allow joint machinery to function.

"We welcome the attempt made by the office to meet the desires of countries having the voluntary collective system.

"These proposals were made in respect of such important matters as the fixing of the period over which hours should be averaged, the limit of hours in any week and the working of overtime.

"I am unable to understand the reason for rejecting a provision which was calculated to encourage joint voluntary agreements and to give the operatives the full protection of trade union organisation.

"CONFRONTATION OF FACTS."

"Perhaps the conference will now appreciate why we approach this convention with hesitation. We are, in effect, faced, to borrow some words of the director, by a "confrontation of facts" that our signature to this convention would tend to undermine principles to which both employers and work-people in my country attach importance, would endanger relationship between employers and employed, would prejudice wages and employment, and result in an increase in international rivalries owing to one nation being able to interpret the convention on a principle of average and to another being obliged to adhere to a national system of the maximum number of hours in each week, thus cutting at the basis of international equity in hours of work."—Reuter.

GOLD AND EMPIRE TRADE RECOVERY

Viscount Elibank On Restriction Schemes

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

At the annual meeting of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire, the Earl of Dudley was elected President for the ensuing three years.

Viscount Elibank, retiring President, in the course of his speech from the chair, made the following observations:—

"Perhaps the most serious threat to the further smooth progress of recovery within the Empire is the position of gold, on the export of which South Africa so largely depends to pay for her necessary imports.

"Whilst the nations were on the Gold Standard, the withdrawal of currency and therefore credit, from circulation, due to the scarcity of gold, caused a fall in prices which resulted in the great depression. Since the countries went off the Gold Standard, however, they have been paying a much higher price for gold per ounce than before. Whereas in the years before 1931 England paid just under 85 an ounce, it is now paying about 140 and as the price of commodities is still below the level of 1929, an ounce of gold is now convertible into far more goods than it was.

"Under the stimulation of a higher price for gold, production has been increased from £80,000 000 in 1929 to £250,000,000 in 1936, so that whereas at the beginning of the period the world suffered disaster through a shortage of gold, it would, if we had still been on gold, have suffered a further disaster through a super-abundance. Severe deflation at the beginning of the decade would have been followed in the middle by an equally disastrous inflation.

"DANGEROUS RISE IN PRICES"

"This danger has hitherto been averted by this country and the United States borrowing the money at interest for their Exchange Equalisation Funds, and with these Funds buying the gold to keep it out of their Central Banks. Had they followed the orthodox Gold Standard method of printing new paper notes with which to buy the gold this would assuredly have resulted in a steep and most dangerous rise in prices.

"Whilst, on a short-sighted view, it might be argued that this nation can ill afford, with its other heavy commitments, to increase the tax payer's burden in order to buy gold, it is clearly far better for the nation to pay interest on borrowed money with which to buy gold than to follow the orthodox Gold Standard principle of buying it with newly printed notes which would be far in excess of the needs of industry. The loss, too, is relatively small compared with the loss of trade which would follow if the South African gold-mining industry were upset, and for the matter of that Canada and Australia too.

"It has been suggested that a method of meeting the situation would be to get agreement between the producing nations to restrict their production. The world has, however, already had experience of the difficulty of working restriction schemes, especially when several nations are involved, and in this connection we have to remember that Russia has now apparently emerged as one of the world's biggest gold producers. There can be no doubt that a wise solution of this problem is of the greatest importance to the Empire and to the world. The worst thing that could happen to-day would be a collapse of the Tripartite Agreement under which a definite start for the stabilization of currencies has been made."—Reuter.

BRIBERY ENQUIRY IN SIND

KARACHI, July 14.

The Committee appointed by the Officials Conference to study the problem of eradicating the forms of bribery and corruption in the P.W.D. commenced its session this afternoon. Mr. Mukhi Gobindram, Minister in Charge P.W.D., chairman, presiding.

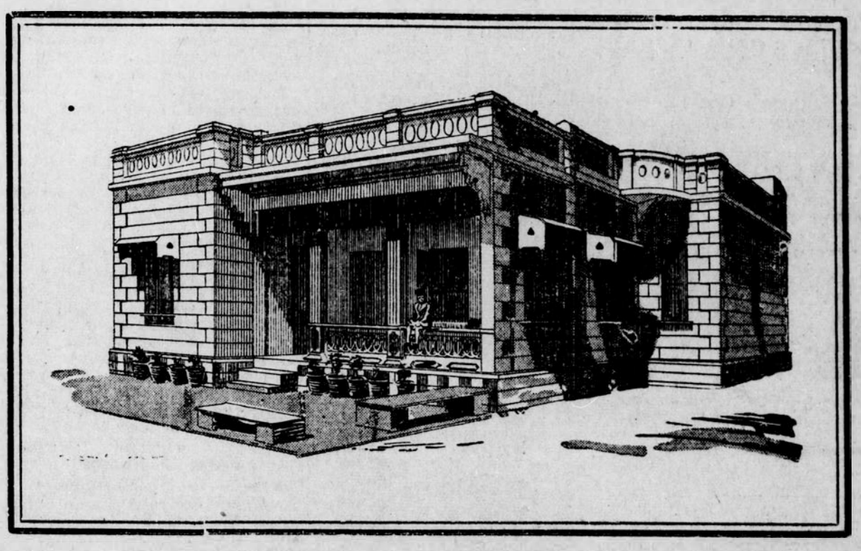
The Committee sat for three hours and will meet daily in the afternoon for about a week. At this evening's meeting it is understood, discussions centred round "Rasai", which is illegal gratification paid to Government servants computed at Rupees thirteen to fourteen per day per officer. The meeting felt it was necessary to appoint a Vigilance Committee to investigate the extent of evil and suggest suitable remedies.

LAND REVENUE COMMITTEE

The meeting convened by the Minister-in-Charge of Revenue to consider the existing system of land assessment in Sind has been postponed owing to the Minister's indisposition to July 22. The members, however, requested the Minister to convene the meeting during August.

The meeting will consider how the Commission is favouring flexible system of assessment based on commodity prices every year.

CONSTRUCT IN CONCRETE FOR FIRE SAFETY, DURABILITY AND ECONOMY.



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SEX-OL (For Permanent Sex-Health)

which is an ideal nerve builder, increases appetite, puts on weight and brings you back to that ROSY YOUTH which you have lost. Remember W. Rihrs' SEX-OL is the only remedy which rejuvenates the body from within and also removes all malformations and discrepancies by strengthening the nerve tissues. No external applications are needed. One full course of SEX-OL will make you a perfect He-Man (at all Chemists)

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The GIRL with GOLDEN VOICE
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LATEST CREATION—
ANATH-ASHRAM
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TENSE MELODRAMA of LIFE and LOVE
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MOON LIGHT PICTURES
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Under the kind patronage of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.
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SUNDAY, the 18th July, at 3-30 p.m.
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Specially for ASHADHI EKADASHI
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Booking daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. at the Theatre. Plans open at the Theatre.

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IS COMING IN THIS CITY
TO YOUR PLEASURE
IT'S
BEYOND THE HORIZON
PRABHAT'S another screen hit
Directed by: K. NARAYAN KALE
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LEELA CHITNIS, CHANDRA-MOHAN, MASTER CHHOTU, the tried stars and KARUNADEVI. PRALHAD, ULHAS, the new "Prabhat" finds.
It will present itself to you on
SATURDAY, THE 31ST JULY, at
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THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The musical comedy that was the rage of London
"PLEASE TEACHER"
Is a bigger success on the screen, with
BOBBY HOWES
Singing and dancing away the blues.

SECOND
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PACKED with THRILLS!
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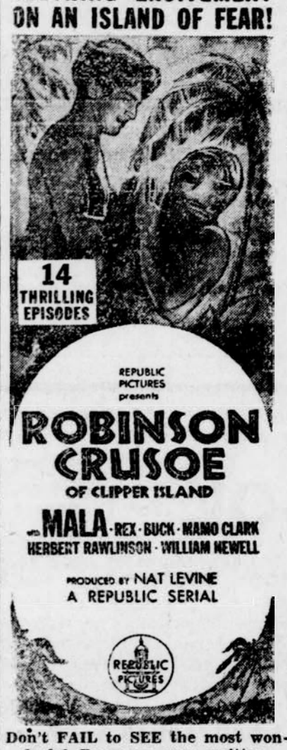

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ALSO
WIN WRIST WATCHES
—the LUCKY NUMBER Coupons will be available till WEDNESDAY!
So, HURRY UP! Please
The Result—the Lucky Numbers selected by MAYOR of Bombay and two Leading Citizens will be displayed on the Screen on FRIDAY, 23RD.
THE GLOBE
TALKIES ::: SANDHURST ROAD
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Saturday, Sunday & Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

On a charge of receiving sutta bets, Maloo Prabhu was arrested by the DeLisle Road Police last night at about 10 p.m. on the footpath of Chawl No. 42, Worli.

Pending further enquiries, he was remanded in police custody till July 26, at Dadar Police Court to-day.

Saribai Shankar Rama, a girl aged about 12 years was knocked down and killed by an 'Up' local train of the G. I. P. Railway near Sewri Station this morning.

The inquest was adjourned to July 17 for the evidence of the driver.

That death due to misadventure, was the verdict returned by the Bombay Coroner's jury to-day, at an inquest on Ramchandra Waman, six months, who died of an overdose of opium poisoning in the B. J. Hospital on July 15.

Fatal Collision

A horse was instantaneously killed and two persons were injured, following a hack-victoria and a motor-car collision at Falkland Road, last night.

Both the motor-car and the victoria were smashed.

Gulam Hussein Elami, the driver of the motor-car, was arrested by the Lamington Road Police on a charge of rash and negligent driving and placed before the Girgaum Police Court Magistrate, to-day.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail for 14 days, pending further Police inquiries.

A verdict of accidental death was passed by the Bombay Coroner's Jury to-day, at the inquest held on Yerappa Ramappa (30), who died of injuries, in the K. E. M. Hospital on July 15.

The deceased wanted to get out of a train at Parel but finding that it did not stop at that station, he jumped out of the fast train

Upholding the defence contention that he had no notice of the charge for which he was convicted, Mr. Justice Barlee and Mr Justice Sen, at the Bombay High Court on Thursday afternoon, set aside an order passed by a Bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates in Bombay imposing a fine of Rs. 30 on Mr. J. M. Lawrence and binding him over for six months.

Bhimabai Govind, aged about 55 years, was bitten by a snake when asleep in her hut last night.

She became unconscious, and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died.

The inquest was adjourned to July 31.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. B. D. Kavina is appointed to be Inspector of Steam Boilers and Smoke Nuisances, Bombay Presidency, with effect from the 15th May 1936.

Mr. T. M. Chaudhari to be First Grade Deputy Collector from 3rd May 1937, vice Mr. M. S. Moulvi promoted, until Mr. E. de B. Jewell returns to the regular line.

Mr. D. G. Shaligram to be Second Grade Deputy Collector from 3rd May 1937 until Mr. T. M. Chaudhari reverts to that grade.

Mr. H. K. Kittur, Head Clerk, Commissioner, Southern Division's Office, should continue to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, Southern Division, vice Rao Bahadur K. V. Koundinya on leave.

Mr. A. S. Mundkur, District Deputy Collector, Ratnagiri, is granted an extension of leave on average pay for two months in continuation of the leave granted to him by the Commissioner, Southern Division.

The Governor of Bombay is pleased to direct that Mr. R. P. Wagle, Mamlatdar of Malwan, should continue to officiate as District Deputy Collector, Ratnagiri, vice Mr. A. S. Mundkur on leave.

Mr. B. J. Phadke, officiating Huzur Deputy Sollector, Sholapur, on relief by Mr. K. R. Atre, to officiate as District Deputy Collector, Satara, vice Mr. P. G. Deshmukh transferred.

Mr. P. G. Deshmukh, on relief, to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Collector of Satara, vice Mr. J. R. Kinikar proceeding on leave.

Mr. J. R. Kinikar, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, Nasik, vice Mr. D. A. Sontake reverting.

The services of Mr. D. R. Norman, I.C.S. (Bombay), Judicial Commissioner in the States of Western India and G... States, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the forenoon of the 15th June 1937.

Mr. P. H. Gunjal, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Satara, to officiate as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

Mr. R. M. Bhise, on relief, to officiate as District and Sessions Judge, Kaira, reverting Mr. M. H. Mehta.

Mr. R. N. Welingkar, B.A. (Oxford), officiating Professor of English in Bombay Educational Service, Class I, is appointed to do duty at the Karnatak College, Dharwar.

Mr. S. A. Lal to be seconded in the post of Personal Assistant to the Remembrancer of Legal Affairs with effect from 1st April 1937.

Mr. R. T. Katarki in the post of Personal Assistant to the Remembrancer of Legal Affairs vice Mr S. A. Lal seconded.

Mr. S. B. Palekar is confirmed in the post of Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Legal Department, with effect from 1st April 1937 vice Rao Bahadur V. H. Vachhrajani seconded.

Mr. Peter Francis Dias, J.P., is confirmed as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Public Works Department, with effect from the 1st February 1937, vice Mr. J. P. Rego, I.S.O., J.P., retired.

BRUTAL MURDER IN CITY

Police Chief Announces Reward For Informant

The Commissioner of Police, writes:—

A reward of Rs. 200 will be given to any person, other than a Police Officer who supplies information leading to the identification or the tracing of the culprits responsible for the murder of a person whose body was cut up and disposed of in different parts of the City.

The facts relating to the crime are briefly as follows:—

The deceased is probably a young man, aged about 25 years of good physique and used to footwear. The name "R. Shivram" was found tattooed on the right fore-arm. The deceased appeared to have been circumcised. Parts of the body were found at the following places on the dates mentioned against them, and it is probable that a taxi or a victoria may have been used for the disposal of the bundles.

(1) The trunk of the body wrapped in a brown and blue striped woollen blanket tied with a coir rope was found in a dust bin near Worli Chawl No. 63 on the morning of the 8th July, 1937. Near this bundle was found a small round tin of red paint.

(2) The thighs of the deceased wrapped in a cotton counterpane were found near a latrine below Chinchpokli Bridge on the morning of the 9th July 1937. This bundle also contained the following articles of wearing apparel:—Blue torn shirt and a white bundi. One piece of white dirty cloth. The following washing Company marks were found on the bundi:—

B|S. D. S. in English, o o|11057, K 18886, L 17757 in Gujrathi. A black leather empty spectacle case bearing the name of Barton and Co., was found in the pocket of the bundi.

(3) The third bundle comprising of the arms and the legs wrapped in a blue and red small carpet were found on the side of the road leading to the Mahalaxmi Race Course Stables on the morning of the 12th July 1937. This bundle also contained the following clothing:—

A blue striped cotton coat having a metal key in the left lower pocket similar to that of a Millar key with inscription made in Germany. A brass button with a design of a Masjid was also found in the coat. One torn white bundi bearing a washing company mark "P. R. M." in English.

All three bundles were tied with a thin coir rope which was partly stained with some red substance. Any information regarding the above crime should be communicated to the C.I.D., Crime Branch or DeLisle Road Police Station, where the articles of clothing and other exhibits can be seen.

Should the information given, result in the detection of this case and the conviction of the offenders, the reward will be considerably increased.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE

Newly-Elected Fellows

Of the eight candidates contesting the election, Dr. K. G. Naik, Prof. D. R. Gadgil, Dr. George Coelho and the Rev. Fr. Heras were elected Fellows of the Bombay University Senate and other teachers, including Principals.

The following have been elected from the Registered Graduates' Constituency:—

Dr. B. G. Vad, Principal G. S. Mahajani, Dr. J. M. Mehta, Mr. B. N. Datar and Mr. M. K. Desai.

4th WEEK
of unprecedented appreciation
Acclaimed Applauded
by
Classes and masses alike
See RANJIT'S
masterpiece production.
LOVE OF A SLAVE
A Jayant Desai Production
Starring
MADHURI
&
E. BILLIMORIA
Now Showing
WEST END TALKIES

Unsurpassed
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in Technique!
New Theatres' Masterpiece
17 Seventeeth Glorious Week
THE **President**
Starring **Saigal**
Directed & Photographed by
Sjt. Nitin Bose
Still drawing crowded houses at THE KRISHNA TALKIES DUBASH THEATRE
Time 5-15, 8, 10-45 Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

The Picturization of those Glorious Days--
The Days of Shivajee the Great
Frontiers OF Freedom
(SWARAJYA SEEMEWAR)

A PRINCE SHIVAJEE PRODUCTION—
The days when Red Blood alone could give the Baptism of Manhood.
—When domestic happiness was coward's pastime.
—When youths and maidens made love with swords and shields at their side alert to the sound of the bugle even in their maddest moment of ecstasy.
Directed by:
MAJOR DADASAHEB NIMBALKAR
Story—Dialogues—Songs by:
BHAL G. PENDHARKAR
Starring:
DILEEP, JAYASHREE,
COL. NANASAHEB INGALAY,
NANASAHEB PHATAK
DINKER, MEENA,
Mrs. SHILOTRI
DRAWING CROWDS IN
2nd Week at Majestic
Daily at 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.
SPECIAL MATINEE on MONDAY, the 19th July, at 2-30 p.m. for ASHADHI EKADASHI.
The Gramophone Records of sweet songs from this picture shall soon be available at all the H. M. V. authorised dealers.
HIS MASTER'S VOICE

An Enviable Achievement
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"32 Weeks at one theatre"
Through 3 Seasons—PRABHAT'S
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32ND WEEK AT CENTRAL
Directed by
V. DAMLE and S. FATEHLAL
Starring:—
V. PAGNIS, GOURI and others
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p. m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.
Special Matinee for ladies and children on Wednesdays at 2-30 p.m.
Special Show at 2-30 p.m. on Monday the 19th July for ASHADHI EKADASHI.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT'S PROGRAMME

Work Planned For Areas Outside Western India

A comprehensive survey of the archaeological ruins of India is envisaged in the programme laid down by the archaeological Department of the Government of India for the next cold weather. The survey will include excavations at several mounds in the Punjab and in the United Provinces, and some recent discoveries in Bengal and South India.

The expectation long entertained in the Archaeological Department of the Government of India that, like Sind, the Punjab must also have many vestiges of ancient Indian civilization, has recently been realised in the discovery of 6 mounds in the Sheikhupura district in the Central Punjab not far from Lahore. Pottery fragments, both painted and ordinary ware, similar to the regular pottery, discovered at the sites excavated on the Indus, have been recovered from the surveys of these mounds.

The most extensive of the mounds is that at Asrur covering an area of about two miles in a circuit and rising to a height of 60 feet above the surrounding fields. Although the mound itself was noticed by General Cunningham over 60 years ago, its prehistoric character has recently been brought to the notice of the Archaeological Department by Dr. C. L. Fabri, at present employed in the Central Museum, Lahore. This scholar has also discovered another site named Kala Shah Kaku, where painted pottery, beads and terra cotta objects have been found on the surface. Four more sites have been discovered in the course of further investigations by Mr. H. L. Srivastava, Superintendent of the Archaeological Survey, Frontier Circle, Lahore, two on the Lahore-Sheikhupura Road, one on the Lahore-Sargodha road, and the fourth on the Lahore-Gujranwala road, from all of which terra cotta figurines, painted potsherds and other distinctive relics of prehistoric occupation were found.

The further extent of the Indus civilization may, no doubt, with proper exploration, be traced towards the North-West beyond Sargodha into the Marj-Indus tract and to the North-East into the Ludhiana district, and even beyond the Jumna. With the limited funds available it is proposed to make a beginning with trial excavation on some of the mounds on the south-east of the Punjab. The best known of these mounds are those at Agroha in the Hissar district and the extensive site of Khokra Kot near the town of Rohtak. Operations will be commenced next cold weather at the latter site.

MOHENJODARO SITES.

In this connection it may be noted that ever since the discovery of the ruins of the ancient cities at Mohenjodaro and Harappa in the Punjab, disclosing the remains of a well-developed urban civilization in the third millenium B.C., Indian archaeologists have been confronted with the problem of the extent and scope of India's oldest culture. During the 12 years that have elapsed since investigations were commenced in these two extensive city sites, surveys have been made by Mr. N. G. Majumdar in the plains and hilly tracts of Sind and in the Northern and Southern Baluchistan by Sir Aurel Stein, which have brought to light a number of other sites disclosing cultures contemporary with or slightly earlier or later than Harappa and Mohenjodaro. One of the promising sites on the left bank of the Indus has since been taken up for regular excavation by Dr. E. G. H. Mackay for the American School of Indic research, whose fruitful operations during 1935/36 are to be resumed next cold weather. In the Punjab no regular survey has so far been attempted, though two sites, one as far east as Rupar in Ambala district and another near Harappa, both contemporary with the Indus Valley culture, were surveyed by Mr. M. S. Vats.

It is hoped, therefore, that the survey which it is proposed to undertake next winter will throw more light on India's ancient history which is particularly obscure in the period between the prehistoric Indus culture and the historic age, commencing with the birth of Buddhism, found in the Lower Gangetic basin.

WORK IN UNITED PROVINCES.

Another piece of very important work which it is proposed to carry out is a systematic survey and excavation of the sites and mounds in the United Provinces of which over a couple of hundred are protected but very imperfectly known. A beginning has been made this year in the Saharanpur and Bijnor districts where Dr. K. A. A. Ansari has discovered several important sites. Very great interest attaches to this survey now after the discovery of the prehistoric civilization in Sind, for it is here that the History of India between 2500 B.C. and 700 B.C. is sure to be found buried in the lower strata of some of the extensive mounds which appear to have been in unbroken occupation owing to the continued fertility of the Gangetic plain as contrasted with the progressive drying up of the lower Indus region. The Archaeological Department propose to take up next November control excavations at the ancient city of Kausumbi near Allahabad which was one of the earliest historic cities. It is likely that the foundation of the city rests on the settlement of an earlier period, and if so, the work is likely to prove of the greatest interest.

At Lauriya Nandangarh in Bihar, a temple of pre-Christian date, of stupendous dimensions, and of a plan as yet unknown to Indian architecture has been brought to light by Mr. N. G. Majumdar. Further proofs of the early prevalence of the Naga Cult (Serpent worship) have been discovered at Rajgir, the earliest historic capital of the Province, by Mr. G. C. Chandra, Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Central Circle, while Nalanda, the famous Buddhist University, continues to yield further artistic treasures in the shape of bronze images from its buried monasteries, the latest discovery there—one of great technical importance—being that of a four-chambered furnace and foundry where these images were regularly cast.

BENGAL AND MADRAS.

In Bengal also where, on account of the alluvial and diluvial action of the rivers and the rank vegetation which is the result of the heavy rainfall, one can hardly expect well preserved remains of an earlier period, the existence of a site representing one of the later phases of pre-historic culture has recently been brought to light. The present site which is so far unique, is situated on the bank of the river Damodar near Durgapur in the Burdwan district and has yielded on the surface stone celts, flakes of chert, pottery and beads and other objects which point to its pre-historic character. Steps are been taken to bring it under the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act and to arrange for trial operations in the course of the next cold weather.

In the Madras Presidency, a number of sites of the period of Ikshvaku Kings, who were devout Buddhists and endowed a number of establishments of the faith, have been discovered in the Kistna Valley, but no further work was possible during the last six years. An American expedition led by Dr. de Terra, collected a number of the earlier artifacts of man in palaeolithic and neoli thic periods from a dozen sites, and this work will be continued during the coming session by Dr. de Terra in some early pre-historic caves in the Kurnool district

In the Madura and Tinnevelly districts in the South there is a large field of work in the prehistoric and iron-age sites and cemeteries awaiting systematic exploration, while a number of caves, cromlechs and urn burials brought to light in recent years in different parts of the Province, particularly in Malabar, make it necessary that there should be systematic exploration before the evidence afforded by these finds is lost by unauthorized diggins.

Places of archaeological importance where systematic exploration is likely to yield important finds lie scattered also over the rest of India. Unfortunately, however, though promising sites are known, it has not been possible to conduct excavations in many of these places.

Thus, in Orissa, which is already well-known for its archaeological glories, there is a site of considerable archaeological importance at Sisupalgarh, which is believed to be the site of the ancient capital of the Province in Mauryan times. Similarly in the Central Provinces, several sites where excavation can with profit be conducted, are well-known, both in the Mahakosala and Vidarbha regions, but the limited funds and scarcity of trained workers hamper the work of research in this untrodden field. Assam is another great area where the possibilities of successful work have never yet been explored.

SOVIETS' GENERAL ELECTION

First Under New Constitution

MOSCOW (By Mail).

Draft regulations, under which the first general elections to the supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R. are to be held, are published here.

A meeting of the central executive council of the U.S.S.R. (the Soviet Russian Cabinet) has been convened to approve the scheme.

The draft regulations are based on the corresponding articles of the constitution of the U.S.S.R. giving votes to all citizens who have reached 18 years of age, with the exception of those certified as insane and persons deprived of suffrage by a court.

The elections to the Soviet of the Union are to be based on the principle of constituencies of 300,000 of the population each area sending one deputy to the Soviet of the union.

Provision is also made for election to the Soviet of nationalities —a body to deal with international questions inside Soviet Russia.

"FREE SPEECH"

The right to nominate candidates to the Supreme Soviet is confined to Communist Party organisations, trade unions, co-operative socities, youth organisations, cultural societies and other registered organisations.

It is claimed that each candidate will have a free hearing and each citizen will be allowed to canvass without impediment for any candidate.

Further, it is hoped that the elections to the Supreme Soviet will be completed in one day throughout the whole of the U.S.S.R.

The ballot will be conducted on similar lines to the French system—election by absolute majority with provision for a second ballot. —Reuter.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST WAR AND MILITARISM

PARIS, (By Mail.)

Following the tradition for international collaboration of the International Anti-Militarist Congress, the Assembly of Absolute Pacifists, the Total Disarmament Committee, and other congresses, the International Campaign against War and Militarism (generally known as R.I.G.M., Rassemblement International contre la Guerre et le Militarisme) will meet in Paris on August 2—5 in the first Congress of a permanent Pacifist International.

The organizations represented at this Congress include members of the Quakers, the War Resisters International, the Fellowship of Reconciliation, and every group which rejects violence, collective and individual. The programme of the R.I.G.M. is summed up in five points which are intended to distinguish between absolute pacifists and other peace workers. They are:

1. Moral and military disarmament.
2. Political, economic and social justice between nations as an essential conditions of total peace.
3. Abolition of compulsory military service and every other form of militarism.
4. Opposition to military, industrial and social preparation for a totalitarian war.
5. The immediate release of the 500 conscientious objectors now languishing in prison in different countries.

In elaborating this programme, the R.I.G.M. has taken definite stands on various burning social and economic issues. It is opposed to every doctrine of "racialism," whether directed against the Jews or against the coloured peoples. It recognizes capitalism and imperialism as part of the war system, but "there were large wars before the coming of capitalism and it is by no means certain that there will be none after its abolition." It rejects every system of armed peace, whether in the name of national defence or in that of collective security, including military sanctions. At the same time it is emphasized that the R.I.G.M. is not an organization created for the purpose of combating other peace groups.—No frontier News Service.

FOREIGN COMPETITION IN INSURANCE

Mr. Napoo's Suggestion To Promote Interests Of Indigenous Concerns

Mr. Velji Lukhamsi Napoo, in the course of his speech made at the Annual General Meeting of the Vulcan Insurance Co. Ltd., held on Thursday, referring to the foreign competition in the Indian insurance line, offered the following remarks:—

"I now come to the most acute and important problem which nowadays faces indigenous Insurance companies, Life and to a much greater extent General companies, viz that of unfair and uneconomic competition by old established foreign Insurance companies having at their back huge reserves and having their business operations extending to various countries of the world.

This question has been times out of number raised at various meetings of indigenous insurance companies in the past by their respective Chairman.

As a result of persistent agitation carried on during the last 20 years, Government on the recommendations of the report made by Mr. Sushil C. Sen introduced in the Legislative Assembly a Bill being Bill No. 4 of 1937 with a view to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Insurance in India.

LICENSING OF AGENTS: SOME SUGGESTIONS.

Concluding Mr. Napoo said:—

I would also request Government to incorporate in the Act clauses 35 and 36 of the Bill relating to licensing of Agents. If Government and the Legislatures are really anxious that indigenous Insurance companies should exist and develop as they ought to be, I would suggest that the following provisions suggested by the Indian Insurance Legislation Committee may be incorporated in the Act, namely:

(a) The Governor-General should be empowered to cancel the certificate of registration granted to an Insurer if he conducts his business in a manner adversely affecting the normal growth and progress of indigenous Insurance companies. (b) That no new non-Indian companies should be granted a certificate of registration for a period of 20 years. (c) That no certificate of registration should be granted to a non-Indian company unless it agrees to effect a certain percentage of its reinsurance business with Indian Insurance Companies. (d) That Government should be empowered to direct that all Insurance business controlled by Government or any public or semi-public body should be placed with Indian Companies and that every firm person or company receiving any bounty or protection from Government should be compelled to place the insurance business under his or their control with Indian companies.

GENERAL.

You will observe from the Revenue Account that the nett Premium Income of the Company shows a slight increase. This is mainly from Indian business. The expenses, however, show a slight increase. This is due to the establishment of two new Branches at Calcutta and Mombasa in the latter part of 1935. These additional expenses, your Directors hope, will be more than compensated in course of time, by addition in premium Income. The Directors are pleased to report that there is a small reduction in the Loss Ratio. Your Directors however, regret to observe that there is a further increase in the acquisition cost due to the cut-throat and uneconomic competition from Foreign Companies which still continues with greater vigour. The Directors, however, hope that when the proposed Insurance Bill, which suggests restrictions of Commissions and prohibition of Rebates becomes Law, the situation will materially improve.

Your Dirctors have thought it expedient to postpone the opening of Life Department in view of the pending Insurance Legislation which will be passed into Law in September next.

Mrs. Naidu To Undergo Operation

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) July 16.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, who returned from Wardha after attending the Working Committee Meeting will undergo a nasal operation shortly.—United Press.

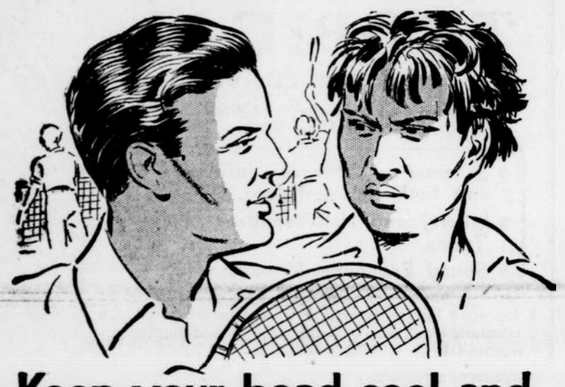
THAKORE OF DHROL HANDS OVER CHARGE OF THRONE TO GRANDSON

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, July 16.

Information has been received here that the Thakore Saheb of Dhrol has handed over the charge of the Throne of Dhrol State to his grandson Yuvraj Kumarshri Jorawarsinhji.

This ceremony is being performed on account of the old age and weak health of His Highness.



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..	..	Rs. 89	.. ..	Rs. 100
..	..	Rs. 445	.. ..	Rs. 500
..	..	Rs. 890	.. ..	Rs. 1000
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NERVES

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PAINS, WEAKNESS
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AGEING LOOKS
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The Nerve Tonic that gets at the CAUSE of your Trouble

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full of goodness & ENERGY

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Special requirements called for -
the mosquito net.

The Special Protection for the Tropics

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Cafiaspirin the quick reliever of all aches and pains, is so composed as to best suit the special needs of tropical climates and is therefore:

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Safe *and* Effective

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Whether it be a social or business occasion, mellow, friendly old Beehive adds tone and sparkle to the conversation, helps a man think clearer and makes even the pessimist admit that "it's not such a bad world after all." Keep a bottle handy—ask for it at the club.

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AMBALA	GUNTUR	MERCARA	RAWALPINDI
AMRITSAR	JALGAON	MOMBASA	SINGAPORE
BANGALORE	JALPAIGURI	MULTAN	SUKKUR
BAREILLY	JODHPUR	MYSORE	TRICHINOPOLY
BELLARY	JUBBULPORE	NAGPUR	TRIVANDRUM
CALCUTTA	KARACHI	PATNA	VELLORE
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INCREASED PRODUCTION OF TIN

Consumption Analysis

According to the June issue of the International Tin Research and Development Council's Bulletin, published by the Hague Statistical Office, world production of tin in the first four months of the current year was 60,646 tons, showing an increase of about 5,600 tons as compared with the corresponding period of 1936 The comparable statistics of consumption were 65,636 tons in 1937 against 54,691 tons in 1936 Attention is drawn to an important revision in these statistics, whereby they now include the quantities of tin smelted and consumed locally in such countries as Japan and Australia. This revision has been applied to the figures for past years as well as for the current year, so that these statistics now cover practically the whole of the world's production and consumption of tin, excluding only the quantities refined and consumed locally in China, in respect of which no information is available.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.

Statistics for the past three years on the new basis are given as follows:—

	1934.	1935.
World Production (tons)	114,881	146,819
World Consumption (tons)	122,790	148,713
		1936.
World Production (tons)		178,226
World Consuption (tons)		162,738

The following table shows the consumption statistics for the year ended April 1937 in comparison with the statistics for the previous year, in tons of 2,240 lb.

	Year ended April 1937.	1936
U. S. A.	84,132	66,330
United Kingdom	20,592	24,131
U. S. S. R.	11,155	7,992
France	10,116	8,879
Germany	9,606	9,431
Japan	7,832	6264
Other countries	30,250	33,364
Total Apparent Consumption	173,683	156,391

	Per cent. increase or decrease.
U. S. A.	+ 26.8
United Kingdom	— 14.7
U. S. S. R	+ 39.6
France	+ 13.9
Germany	+ 1.9
Japan	+ 25.0
Other countries	— 93
Total Apparent Consumption	+ 11.1

The increase in world consumption in the year ended April 1937 was due principally to the U. S. A., where there was an increase of 17,800 tons over the previous year's consumption.

Apparent consumption in the United Kingdom shows a decrease of 14.7 per cent., despite increased activity in the tin consuming industries. this indicating that "invisible" stocks (in consumers' works or at smelter) are being depleted. Consumption in Russia, at 11,155 tons. has again exceeded all previous records, being nearly 40 per cent. ahead of the figure for the previous year. Substantial increases in tin consumption are also recorded for France, 13.9 per cent.; Japan 25 per cent.; Poland 48 per cent., and Canada 10 per cent.

TIN CONSUMING INDUSTRIES.

World production of tinplate increased by 24-1/2 per cent. from 3,196,000 tons in the year ended April 1936 to 3,976,000 tons in the year ended April 1937, and the quantities of tin used in this industry were respectively 53,000 tons and 66,000 tons. The world output of motor vehicles in the year ended April 1937 totalled 6,060,000 vehicles, against 5,251,000 vehicles in the preceding year. Approximately 13,500 tons of tin were used in this industry in the year ended April 1937

WORLD STOCKS AND PRICES.

During May 1937, world visible stocks of tin decreased by 786 tons to 23,027 tons, equivalent to 13 per cent. of the current annual rate of consumption. The average cash price of Standard tin in May 1937 was £250 17s 0d compared with £267 8s 8d. in April and £283 5s. 7d. in March.

Burma Corporation Ltd.

Bawdwin Mine. During the month of June 38,432 tons of ore were mined, including 488 tons of High Grade Ore. 31,320 tons of Ore were milled in the Treatment Plant producing 11,186 tons of Leady Concentrates.

13,077 tons of Lead-bearing material, including 313 tons of High Grade Ore were smelted in the Blast Furnaces, producing 6,886 tons Hard Lead for treatment in the Refinery.

Refinery Products were:—

6,375 tons Refined Lead

510,000 ounces Refined Silver

Experimental Zinc Plant produced 5,634 tons Zinc Concentrates, assaying 6.89 ounces of Silver, 3.55 per cent Lead, 57.71 per cent zinc.

In addition to the above 550 tons Copper Matte were produced from the treatment of accumulated smelter by-products and 4,989 tons Copper Ore.

50 tons of Refined Antimonial Lead and 300 tons Speiss were also produced.

HEAVY DAMAGE TO CROPS

Rain And Caterpillar Havoc In Dohad

(From Our Correspondent).

DOHAD, July, 15.

Reports have been received in the office of the Dohad-Jhalod Kisan Sangh that wholesale crops have been destroyed in many of the villages of the Dohad & Jhalod taluquas by caterpillars. Whatever was left has been destroyed by heavy rains as the crops were washed away.

Teachers' Protest

At a meeting of the primary Teachers' Association presided by Mr. Ramchandra Shukla, M.A.LL.B. a resolution was passed protesting against the refusal of permission to use the Hall of the Main School for the purpose of the meeting. It will be remembered that this hall is given for private use to others.

WEATHER IN POONA AND KIRKEE

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, July 16.

After a spell of wet, cloudy, depressing days, there were indications of a break in the weather, yesterday afternoon.

Happily, this morning, the sun came out in all its splendour, and had an exhilarating effect on drooping trees and the spirits of mankind generally.

The Bund is in full flood, and the whole country around is refreshingly green and charming.

Many visitors have taken up their residence for the season, and the hotels too are being well patronised.

The racing fraternity have been experiencing rather a trying time of it, owing to the inclemency of the weather, but they will be in full working trim now that the meteorological conditions promise to be brighter and clearer.

CITY GETS RAIN IN CENTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

There were few showers to-day and sunshine was in evidence throughout the afternoon. The highest amount of rainfal for the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m. on Friday was recorded at Byculla and that was only 33 cents. The rest of the city had less rain, Matunga getting only 10 cents.

With the decrease in rainfall temperature has increased, and the chilliness these two or three days has vanished. The maximum temperature, which was described as being two degrees below normal, has gone up one degree above normal. The minimum temperature was 78 degrees, also one degree above normal.

The rainfall figures for the 24 hours ending 8 a. m. on Friday and the total since the monsoon began are as follows:—

Colaba 21 cents, total 36.53 inches; Fort 17 cents, total 52.20 inches; Byculla 33 cents, total 46.36 inches; Matunga 10 cents, total 42.13 inches.

Monsoon Vigorous In Orissa, Central India And Gujerat

POONA, July 16.

The monsoon has been vigorous in Orissa, East Central India and Gujarat; strong in the Punjab, West United Provinces and Chota Nagpur and active in Malabar.

Temperatures were appreciably below normal in north Punjab. Rain has also been general in Bengal and Konkan, local in east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, North West Frontier Province, east Rajputana and north Hyderabad, while a few falls occurred in Bihar, west Central Provinces, west Rajputana, Kashmir, Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and Madras Deccan.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Dehra Dun and Mahabaleshwar five inches, Khandala four; Sambalpur, Deesa, Ahmedabad, Cherat and Bikaner three; Chandrali, Dharampur, Mangalore and Mercara two; Port Blair, Daltonganj, Roorkee, Norong, Bhavnagar, and Khanpur one and a half; Sandheads, Jagdalpur, Mussooree, Meerut, Bhavalpur, Rajkot, Lahore and Calicut one.

Forecast:—Monsoon will continue strong in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, east Central India and Gujarat and active in west Central India, east Rajputana, west United Provinces, the Punjab and Malabar. Rainfall will occur locally in Konkan, west Rajputana, North West Frontier Province, Kashmir and Bengal and at a few stations in Assam, Bihar, Central Provinces and Bombay Deccan.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16-7-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .015 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.2 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.1 derrees 1.0 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 77.7 degrees 1.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 88 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 186 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 33 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7

Rain in 24 hours 0.21 inches

Total rainfall during the month 18.24 inches

Total rainfall during the year 37.12 inches

Weather remark: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-7-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.7 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.85 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.64 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

PRESIDENCY HEALTH RETURNS

Rise In Cholera Incidence In Last Week

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended July 10th were as under:—

CHOLERA:—The presidency cholera figures for the week were:—406 attacks and 136 deaths against 288 attacks and 122 deaths in the previous week. West Khandesh district reported 179 attacks and 54 deaths against 137-57 in the previous week; Nasik 72-25 against 27-16; Bijapur 47-11 against 29-20; East Khandesh 44-13 against 19-2; Sholapur 33-14 against 46-13; Ahmednagar 11-4 against 7-1; Thana 7-6 against nil; Dharwar 7-3 against 9-3; Satara 5-5 against 12-8 and Poona 1-1 against nil.

The week under report reveals a rise in cholera incidence in East and West Khandesh, Nasik and Bijapur districts. In East Khandesh four villages and in West Khandesh ten villages have reported fresh infection during the week. In Nasik district the disease is spreading in Igatpuri and Niphad talukas, while in Bijapur district the intensity is confined to Hungund taluka only. In Sholapur district there is a small decline during the week. One special medical officer has been appointed in Nasik district for anti-cholera work.

Anti-cholera inoculations performed during the week numbered 9,881 bringing the total of inoculations since 1st January to 1,12,490.

PLAGUE:—Five cases and 2 deaths from plague were reported during the week against 3-3 in the previous week. Belgaum district had 3 attacks and 1 death against 0-2 and Kanara 2-1 against 0-1.

SMALL-POX:—Small-pox figures for the week are:—Poona 7-0; East Khandesh 6-3; Kolaba 6-0; Sholapur 6-0; Nasik 5-1; Bijapur 4-2; Satara 4-1; Ratnagiri 4-0, Panch Mahals 3-1; Ahmedabad 1-1 and Bombay City 22-10. Total 68 attacks and 19 deaths against 82-35 in the previous week.

Seven cases and 4 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the Presidency during the week against 7 attacks and 5 deaths in the previous week. Ahmedabad town had 2 attacks only and Bombay city 5-4.

The touring medical officer on anti-malarial duty appointed in Kanara district visited 7 villages and treated 75 persons. Of these 62 were treated for malaria. The number of children and adults examined for spleen was 113; of these 89 were found with enlarged spleen.

The Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Panch Mahals and Kaira Districts visited Mojare, Dhamnod and Khojalwasa Tank Works. Cheap grain shops were inspected as usual. Drugs were provided at all the works. Vaccinations performed during the week numbered 265.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., the Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and the Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

28th Week (ended 15th July)	
1935	11,018,000
1936	10,484,000
1937	13,021,800
Total for 28th Weeks (1st January to date)	
1935	306,100,800
1936	304,694,100
1937	339,788,000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 16

Wheat	9,975 cwts.
Linseed	1,317 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	26 cwts.
Gingellyseed	245 cwts.
Castorseeds	638 cwts.
Rice	9,579 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,354 cwts.
Mowraseed	716 cwts.
Gram	807 cwts.
Jeowar	91 cwts.
Barley	764 cwts.
Bajree	183 cwts.
Coal	865 tons.

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LONDON AGENTS.
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,05,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs 500 to Rs 1,00,000 at ½ per cent. per annum. (Interests on balances in excess of 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement No credit will be given in account for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year

FIXED DEPOSITS
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

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Rules may be obtained on application.

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A. G. GRAY,
Manager

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Government Borrow Rs. 3 Crores

Rise In Gilt-Edged Market

NARROW MOVEMENT IN SHARES

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, July 16.

MONEY

Money rates were unchanged during the week under report, call loans being quoted at 3|4 per cent. Total tenders for this week's three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 206.75 lakhs, of which Rs. 1 crore were accepted at a fractionally lower rate of Re. 0-14-8 per cent. Maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore. The Government have borrowed from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 3 crores against Ways and Means advances. Fixed deposit rates were: two months 1 per cent., three months 1.1|4 per cent. and six months 1.1|2 per cent.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was dull throughout the week, with sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 6-7|64d. and buyers 1s. 6-1|8d. Tenders to Government were much better at £265,000 as against £20,000 last week. All tenders at 1s. 6-1|8d., amounting to £265,000, were accepted in full.

The main feature of the foreign exchange market in London was the continued appreciation of the sterling and the French franc in terms of the dollar. The sterling|dollar rate, after opening at 495.15 cents, gradually advanced to 497.12 cents on Tuesday on Continental selling against the purchase of French francs. At the higher level, the British Control is reported to have stepped in order to force the rate back to under 497.00 cents. The turnover in the market was smaller than last week's. The sterling|franc rate, after opening at frs. 128.25, declined to as low as frs. 127.96, but closed at frs. 128.98. The French Control was active throughout the week and was reported to be selling French francs against the purchase of dollars. The discount on three months' forward francs, after opening at frs. 3.96, advanced to frs. 4.125 over the week-end, probably in anticipation of the new taxation announced by the French Finance Minister on July 9, 1937. After the week-end, however, the discount narrowed to frs. 3.310 in the absence of much speculative interest, and closed at frs. 3.930. The belga opened at 29.43-1|2 and after advancing to 29.51-3|4 in midweek, declined and closed a 29.50. The guilder fluctuated between 9.03-5|8 and 9.01-9|16 and the Italian lira between 94.40 and 94.14.

GOLD

In spie of the depreciation of the dollar in terms of sterling and the consequent decline in the London price of gold, variations in the price of the metal in the local market were narrow. Spot gold, after opening at Rs. 34-10-9, declined to Rs. 34-9-3 on Tuesday, but immediately reacted to Rs. 34-9-9, closing at Rs. 34-9-6. The backwardation between spot and September, which was two annas and nine pies at the close of last week, narrowed during the period under report to one anna and nine pies, resulting in August settlement being quoted at Rs. 34-9-6 and September at Rs. 34-8-0. Business in connection with export was very restricted, dealers being reluctant to sell for forward deliveries in view of the progressively narrowing backwardation. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 50,000 tolas, while the daily arrivals average about 7,000 tolas. The offtake averages some 1,000 tolas a day. In London, gold opened at 140s. 5-1|2d., declined to 139s. 11d. on Tuesday last, but improved later and closed at 140s. 1 1|2d. At the lower level gold was at a premium of 1d. over the London| New York arbitrage parity. The price of spot sovereigns was steady around Rs. 21-15-0. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Naldera", on July 10, amounted to Rs. 22.70 lakhs to London and Rs. 6.92 lakhs to New York per "President Hayes", on the same day. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were: Rs. 34-11-0 and Rs. 34-9-3 for spot, Rs. 34-10-9 and Rs. 34-9-0 for August settlement and Rs. 34-9-0 and Rs. 34-7-6 for September settlement. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 2,70,221 in bar and coin.

SILVER

A bullish sentiment prevailed in silver during the early part of the week. The quotation for spot, after opening at Rs. 52-0-6, advanced sharply to Rs. 52-6-0 on reports to the effect that a joint monetary statement by China and United States was to be issued reaffirming the existing Sino-American monetary arrangements referring to American dollar credits against exchange of Chinese silver. The outbreak of hostilities between China and Japan near Peiping gave further impetus to the bulls and the rate advanced to Rs. 52-10-0. At the higher level, however, there was good profit-taking and the market declined to Rs. 51-15-0 at the close without much business. In London, the quotation for spot silver opened at 20-3|16d. and after declining to 20d., closed at 19.15|16d. The quotation for two months' forward opened at 20-1|4d. and closed at 20d. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 24,000 bars, while the offtake averages about 40 bars a day. Yesterday's arrival per s.s. "Narkunda" is valued at £11,200. Silver worth £50,500 is en route to Bombay. Imports during the week amounted to about 190 bars from Vancouver; coins worth Rs. 1,198 were also imported. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were: Rs. 52-10-0 and Rs. 51-13-0 for spot, Rs. 52-11-0 and Rs. 51-14-0 for August settlement and Rs. 52-12-0 and Rs. 52-0-6 for September settlement. The Shanghai dollar fluctuated between 1s. 2-3|8d. and 1s. 2-1|4d.

GILT-EDGED

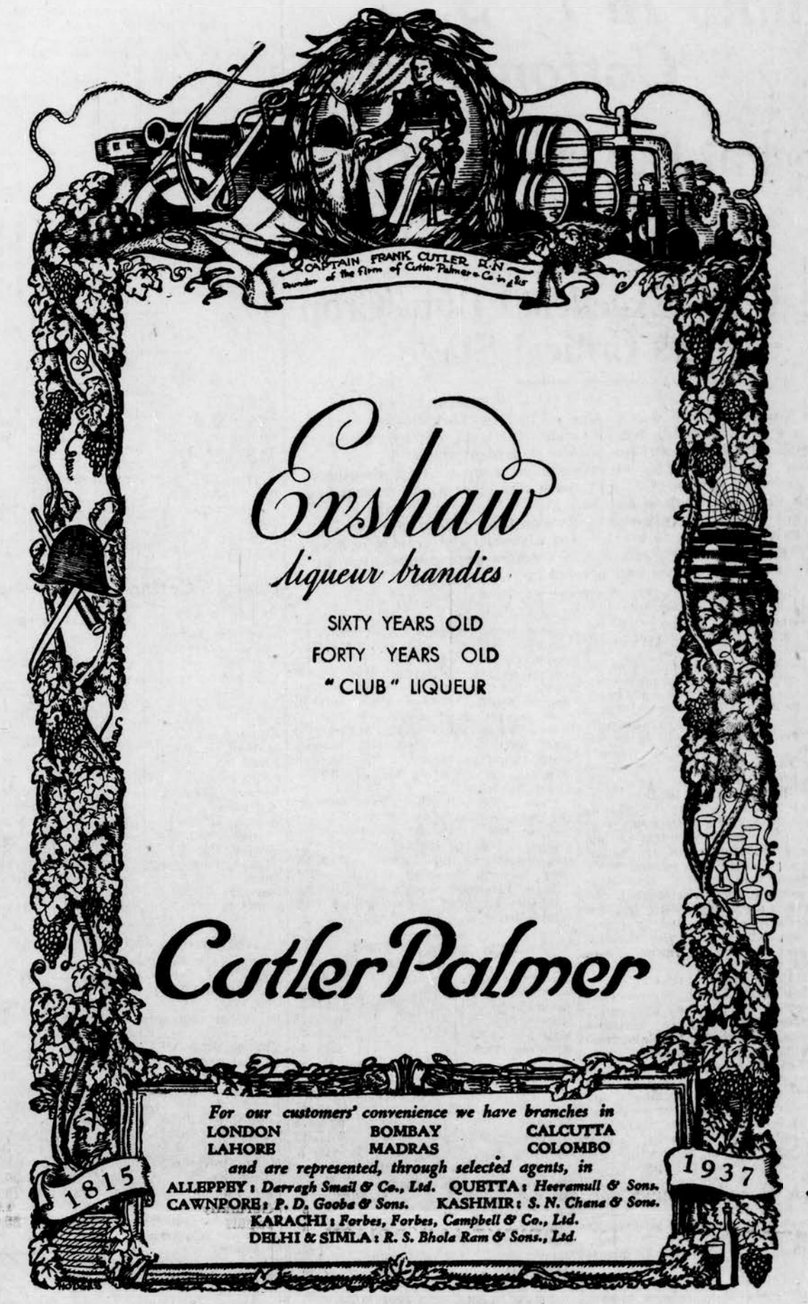
Following better advices from London, the local gilt-edged market ruled firm during the period under report. 3.1|2 per cent rupee Paper which was quoted around Rs. 95-10 last week, gradually advanced and closed at Rs. 96-10. In London, the price of 3 1|2 per cent. India Sterling Stock improved from £90 to £91 at the close. There was a better demand for medium and long-dated issues than last week. 2-3|4 per cent. 1948-52 loan changed hands at Rs. 100-1; 3 per cent. 1941 loan at Rs. 103-4, 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 101-4; and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax-free) loan at Rs. 120. 3.1|2 per cent. 1947-50 loan advanced from Rs. 105-10 to Rs. 106-4; 4 per cent. 1943 bonds from Rs. 107-2 to Rs. 107-5 and 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan at Rs. 105-7. 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan opened at Rs. 110-4 and gradually improved and closed at Rs. 110-15. 4.1|2 per cent. 1955-60 loan moved between Rs. 117-4 and Rs. 117-8; 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan between Rs. 107-12 and Rs. 107-14 and 5-1|2 per cent. 1938-40 loan between Rs. 104-6 and Rs. 104-7.

SHARES

A rise followed by a fall characterised this week's trading on the stock market. The marking up of American Steel shares, following the reported settlement of U. S. steel strike, gave rise to a bullish sentiment in the local market and prices advanced all-round. At the higher levels, however, the market lacked support and prices reacted on profit-taking. Tata Steel Defds. oscillated between Rs. 1,700 and Rs. 1,640. Opening at Rs. 1,682-8, they declined early in the week to Rs. 1,640. In mid-week, following the improvement in the American market and the reported outbreak of hostilities between China and Japan, the rate shot up to Rs. 1,705. At this level, good profit-taking was in evidence and the closing quotation was Rs. 1,665, at which level the market appears to be steady. Ordys. opened at Rs. 356-8 and after an initial recession to Rs. 350 shot up to Rs. 359 in midweek, but closed a shade easier at Rs. 353. Cotton Mill shares were steady; Kohinoors gained about 5 points to Rs. 342-8 and Centuries about 6 points to Rs. 233-2. Bombay Dyeings after declining from Rs. 973-12 to Rs. 965 early in the week moved up to Rs. 990, but closed at Rs. 975. In the Hydro-electric section, Andhra Valleys were in good demand, the rate advancing from Rs. 1,672-8 to Rs. 1,692-8. Tata Powers lacked support early in the week and the quotation declined from Rs. 1,440 to Rs. 1,407-7. Towards the close, however, in sympathy with gilt-edged, the rate moved up to Rs. 1,430. Among Bank shares, Centrals changed hands at Rs. 33-2; Bank of Indias at Rs. 141 and Reserve Banks at Rs. 128-4. Cement shares were almost neglected; Bundis were quoted at Rs. 39-12; Indian Cements at Rs. 510 and Shahabads at Rs. 515. The Associated Cement Cos. shares were quoted at Rs. 163 at the close. In the miscellaneous section, Bombay-Burmas were marked down on scattered selling, but in sympathy with the general tone of the market, the rate was maintained towards the close. The rate, after declining from Rs. 742-8 to Rs. 725, closed at Rs. 728-12. Belapurs closed at Rs. 170. Scindias, which moved narrowly between Rs. 26-12 and Rs. 27-3, shot up to Rs. 28-1 at the end, following the report that the Government of India were contemplating the repeal of Indian Coastal Shipping Act, which gave free entry to foreign shipping in Indian waters. The market hopes that the new Act, which will replace the Old Act of 1850, will give some form of protection to Indian and Empire Shipping against foreign competition in Indian waters.

CALCUTTA

The price of hessians for forward delivery after advancing from Rs. 8 to Rs. 8-3-0, closed lower at Rs. 8-1-6. Jute shares in the Calcutta market were steady to firm.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Slump In U. S. Cotton Prices

Recent Buyers Principal Sellers

Weather Excellent But Crop Enters Critical Stage

BOMBAY: July 16.

On Thursday there was a slump in New York Cotton prices. There was general selling led by foreign interests, chiefly Liverpool and Bombay with New Orleans also a prominent seller.

There was considerable disappointment from a long view-point at the action of the market and there was increased nervousness over the political situation abroad.

Recent buyers were principal sellers as the weather over the U. S. Cotton Belt is reported to be excellent although the crop is now entering the most critical stage. Stoploss orders were caught and prices declined about dollars two per bale.

Bombay, July 16.

The market opened steady but declined on July liquidation and general selling. Tired longs withdrew as they were disappointed at the failure of the expected weevil scares to materialise weather and crop news were favourable. Foreign political situation made for a poor offtake with buying principally from shorts and a little trade buying at limits. Prices thereafter rallied partially on covering but the session finished barely steady.

The political situation in the Far-East continues to be very confusing whilst in Europe the discussions over Britain's new plan for non-intervention in Spain though uncertain are believed to be of a conciliatory nature. Wall-Street closed firm despite the Far-Eastern uncertainty President Roosevelt's recent discussions with the Democratic Party are reported to have not yet completed and healed the dissension over the several impending new legislative measures

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 10 points with October 12.37. Under scattered buying prices improved 3 points from the opening level and October was quoted 12.40 which was the highest level Later on prices declined 37 points on extensive unloading and October was quoted 12.03 which was the lowest level. Thereafter there was a small rally and the market closed at a net drop of 37 to 33 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 37 points at 12.60c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was weak on heavy selling and closed at a decline of 36 to 35 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 37 points at 12.44c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with October 6.80. There was Bombay selling and hedging of outsiders which met with local covering. Later on there was further Bombay selling and long liquidation on favourable weather reports and poor New York advices. The market closed at a decline of 2 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 4 points at 6.98d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Sakels futures closed 2 points up and Spot Cotton prices declined 3 points at 10.03d. Uppers were easy and lost 17 to 5 points while Spot Cotton declined 28 points at 9.90d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was easy on increased selling. Sakels futures closed 25 to 18 points and Ashmouni futures declined 11 to 28 points.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest (10-17 a.m.)	12.40—07
N. Y. October Lowest (2-54 p.m.)	12.03—44
Liverpool October Highest	6.83+04
Liverpool October Lowest	6.76—03

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York:—

"Market affected unfavourably by Liverpool straddle selling and liquidation caused by weather being generally favourable indifferent demand less attention paid to boll weevil think it a difficult to bull the market under present condition."

"Unless crop setback think difficult sustain market."

"Dd not think that liquidation is over."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Weather continues favourable generally although there is a possibility of damage by Boll-weevil. Recent buyers sold to-day. Feel friendly to the long side. Critical growing season ahead. Cotton goods market, yarn market, quiet and a shade easier.

New York.—Considerable selling by local interests, Liverpool and South. Bulls losing confidence. Bull interest large. Suggest waiting for a decline before buying.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their New York friends cabled: (New York 15). Market declined stop loss orders and liquidation. Weather very favourable. Looks lower.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled: Decline on Wall Street selling long liquidation

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 15.

October	12.10—37
December	12.05—33
January	12.06—33
March	12.08—35
May	12.11—35
Middling Spot	12.60—37

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 15.

July	11.94—45
October	12.09—35
December	12.12—35
Middling Spot	12.44—37

New York 11 a.m. ranges—

October	12.31—12.30
December	12.23/12.22
January	12.22/12.22
Noon Call.—	
October	12.21
December	12.15

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 15.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	1,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	Nil
Day's Exports to China and Japan	1,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, July 15.

July	6.79—02
August	6.77—02
September	6.77—02
October	6.77—02
November	6.74—02
December	6.74—02
January	6.75—02
February	6.75—02
March	6.76—02
April	6.76—02
May	6.77—02
June	6.77—01
July	6.77—01
Middling Spot	6.98—04
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
October	6.80
January	6.78

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, July 15.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
July	9.70
August	9.70
September	9.85
F.G.F. Spot	10.03

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 15.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.82
Fine (Good staple)	5.97
Superfine (Good staple)	6.12
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.82
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.97
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.02
BENGAL—	
Good	4.67
Fully Good	4.77
Fine	4.92

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 15.

Broach July/Aug. Op. 211 3/4; Highest 212 3/4; Lowest 211 3/4; Closing 211 3/4.

Broach A/M. 1938 Op. 224 1/2; Highest 225 1/2; Lowest 224 1/2; Closing 225

Oomra July Op. 207 3/4; Highest 207 3/4; Lowest 206 3/4; Closing 206 3/4.

Oomra D/J Op. 205 1/4; Highest 205 1/2; Lowest 205 1/4; Closing 205 1/2

Bengal July Op. 173; Highest 173; Lowest 172; Closing 172.

Bengal D/J Op. 169; Highest 169 1/4; Lowest 169 1/4; Closing 169 1/4

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-7-37) Rs. 3

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 24

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, July 16.

July	256.70—170
September	250.10—260
October	248.40—330
November	247.10—300
January	246.60—270

LONDON SEEDS.

London, July 15.

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton July sellers	£13/7/6
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. ton July/Aug. sellers	£15/5/0
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. ton July/Aug. sellers	£15/15/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. July/Aug. sellers	£14/17/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. ton July sellers	£14/12/6

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, July 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan/Feb. sellers	43/9
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers.	43/9
Wheat South Australian parcels July sellers	42/3

LINSEED OIL.

London, July 15.

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt July sellers	30/0
Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt Sept/Dec. sellers	29/9

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 15.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8 1/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 16.

Following a sudden drop of 37 points in New York Cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 220/12 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 220/4 on scattered selling. At this level there was heavy short covering and prices rallied to Rs. 221/8 but again declined to Rs. 220/8 on renewed selling. The general sentiment being against the market prices are declining rapidly.

Liverpool opened at a decline of 8 points. The local market was quiet and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	208	4	0
Broach A/M	220	0	0
Oomra July	201	8	0
Oomra D/J	200	8	0
Bengal July	167	0	0
Bengal D/J	164	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 16

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		175	172	169	166
Punjab		175	172	169	166
Oomra No. 3	208	205	202	199	
C P No. 1	221	218	215	212	
C P No. 2	212	209	206	203	
Broach No. 2		214	211	208	205
Punjab Ame		224	221	218	215
Surat		266	263	260	257
Rajpipla		262	259	256	253
Navsari		276	273	270	267

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 16

Bengal Superfine	177/79
Bengal Fine	173/75
C P 1	208/10
C P 2	203/05
Arvi	203/05
Ellichpur	201/[illegible]
Berar	198/201
Khamgaon	198/201
Mulkapur	196/98
Khandesh	191/95
Jalna/Sailu	193/96
Burwah Sanavad	198/200
Mathia	168/74
Broach Fine	209/14
Punjab American	219/29
Punjab 289F	274/84
Jagadia Ankleshwar	249/54
Surat	259/64
Navsari	275/77
Kampala	395/97

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh		205,343
Central India		337,357
Barsi and Nagar		174,497
Hyderabad Gaorani		101,643
Berar		579,602
Central Provinces		114,5500
Total Oomras		1,513,542
Dholera		177,559
N W Provinces		10,371
Rajputana	12	97,128
Sind Punjab	493	344,943
Broach		341,365
Coompta and Dharwar	402	71,913
Westerns Northerns		39,630
Cocoanada		155
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		19,452
Persian		14
American	255	20,033
Egyptian and African	1,649	410,930
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		20
Total	2,811	3,047,155

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 8th July

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	1,295	455,665
Japan and China	2,411	1,440,714
Coast Ports		35,744
Up-country by Rail		260,540
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		2,061
Total	3,706	2,194,724

American Cotton Figures

	1936-37	1935-36
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 15-7-37	6830000	7086000
Receipts yesterday 15-7-37	1000	3000
Exports to date 15-7-37	5680000	6199000
Stock at Ports 9-7-37	1141000	1341000
Stock at Interior Towns 9-7-37	901000	1347000
Stock at Liverpool 9-7-37	960000	720000
Visible Supply 9-7-37	3132000	3617000
Quantity in sight 9-7-37	13064000	12348000
Quantity out of sight 9-7-37	13184000	11837000

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 14th July	2,239
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	3,044,344
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,966,704
Increase	77,640

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

October 172 Jan. 172 at Cross Rate 4.96 11/16

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A. 1937 208/4—Liverpool July 6.70 Rs. 84 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1938 221—Liverpool May 1938 6.68 Rs. 71 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1938 221—New York May 12.11 Rs. 59 at Cross rate 4.96 11/16

Egyptian Cotton Crop

The Egyptian Government estimated acreage planted this year at 19,77,600 feddans compared with last year's figure of 17,15,800 feddans which shows an increase of 15 per cent.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, July 16.

September	75.50—140
October	76.00—130

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 16.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced half a penny to £7-0-1 1/2. London-Paris Exchange was 7 points up at 128.05. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.96 11/16. London Spot silver prices declined 1/16d. to 19 15/16d and forward prices were unchanged at 20d China sold and India and America bought. Business was small New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents while Montreal prices declined 25 points. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 1/4. The local market was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range and were quoted as under:—

GOLD

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	34 10 3
Ashad delivery	34 10 0
Ashad Teji mandi	0 1 6
Shravan delivery	34 6 6
Shravan Teji mandi	0 4 6

SILVER

Ready	51 14 0
Ashad delivery	51 15 0
Ashad Teji mandi	0 6 0
Shravan delivery	52 1 0
Shravan Teji mandi	1 1 0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 15.

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	20

LONDON GOLD

London, July 15.

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7/0/1 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, July 15.

July	45.25—25
September	45.00—25
December	45.00—25

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 16

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£55-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£55-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£63-0-0
Bombay market quotations	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 41-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 56-4-0

Tone: Steady.

LONDON METALS

London, July 15.

Copper	£55 7 6
Spelter	£23 0 0
Lead	£24 2 6
Tin	£265 10 0

American Cotton Crop

Liverpool, July 16

Temperatures between 95 and 100; light rains in Eastern Belt, Alabama, Mississippi and Lousiana; entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, July 16

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market was easy on realising. Beneficial rains in Canada, U. S. A. and Argentine influenced long liquidation in Chicago. The local market was weak on increased selling and quotations were as under:

Linseed September	8 5 6
Linseed May	8 4 9
Wheat September	5 10 9
Wheat January	5 15 3
Wheat May	5 10 3

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 15

August	£15-6-3

Argentine Linseed

London, July 15

July	£13-7-6 Hull c.i.f.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 16

Groundnuts August—	
Opening	41 4 0
Highest	41 4 0
Lowest	40 14 3
Closing	41 0 0
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	35 10 0
Highest	35 15 6
Lowest	35 9 0
Closing	35 14 6
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	18 10 0
Highest	18 11 3
Lowest	18 9 3
Closing	18 10 6
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	39 9 0
Highest	39 11 0
Lowest	39 8 0
Closing	39 8 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	36 11 6
Highest	36 15 0
Lowest	36 11 6
Closing	36 15 0
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	20 5 0
Highest	20 6 0
Lowest	20 4 3
Closing	20 5 6

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, July 15

July	118 1/2d.
October	114 7/8d.
December	114 1/8d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, July 15

July	dol 1.24 1/2
September	dol 1.25 1/8
December	1.27 1/4

New York Sugar

New York, July 15

September	2.46—2
December	2.45—1
March	2.32—4
May	2.35—3

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, July 16

	Rs.
Ready Javas	15 8 0
Shipment September	5 13 6
Shipment Oct Dec	5 14 6
Kesar	10 14 0
Saraya	10 9 0
Java Spot	F 7.00

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	101/2
3 per cent 1951/54	101
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/4
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	96/9
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/4
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/2
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/10
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	107/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/6

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 per cent 1945/55	120
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/4
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122/4

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T	1974 108/4
4 per cent M Deb	1974 107/12
5 per cent M Deb	1949 117/8
5 per cent	1954 130/8
6 per cent K P T	1956 130/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T	1937 101/8

N. B.—Tone was steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, July 16.

BANK RATE T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 267 7/8
Bank's buying T T 265 3/4

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 956
Bank's buying T T 976

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 77 3/8
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 67 5/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 67 3/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 82 1/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 79 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 91 3/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.96.68 15th instant.

Japan/London 1/2 16th instant.

Hongkong/London 1/2 11/16 16th instant.

Shanghai/London 1/2 1/4 16th instant.

Java/London 8.99 1/4 16th instant.

London/Paris 128.05 15th instant.

London/Belgium 29.50 1/2 15th instant.

London/Switzerland 21.66 15th instant.

London/Berlin 12.34 3/4 15th instant.

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 15th instant.

London/New York 4.96.70 15th instant.

London/Amsterdam 9.01 3/4 15th instant.

London/Italy 94.38 15th instant.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-0-1 14th instant.

Gold £7-0-1 1/2 15th instant.

Silver London Ready 20 14th instant.

Silver London Ready 19 15/16 15th instant.

Silver London Forward 20 14th instant.

Silver London Forward 20 15th instant.

Silver New York Ready 45 14th instant.

Silver New York Ready 45 15th instant

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 14th instant.

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 15th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 14th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 15th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY.—

Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone:—Quiet.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 15.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77
3 1/2 per cent	91
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	97 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	100 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	100 1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 15.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.96.70
Paris	128.05
Berlin	12.34 3/4
Madrid	86.00
Amsterdam	9.01 9/16
Brussels	29.50 1/2
Milan	94.38
Berne	21.66
Prague	142.50

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, July 15.

London discount rate was unchanged.

Sugar Production And Stocks

On the basis of returns received under Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, reports the following figures for Sugar Production and Stocks in respect of Central Sugar Factories in India for the fortnight ending 15th June, 1937.

	Maunds.
1. Opening Stock (at factories)	10,001,943
2. Production of Sugar (for the fortnight)	141,476
3. Despatches of sugar (for the fortnight)	651,774
4. Closing stock (at factories)	9,491,645

Note:—The above figures relate to 81 factories.—A.P.

Cotton Mill Shares Steady On Bull Support

FLUCTUATIONS IN TATA STEELS

Better Feeling And Good Undertone

BOMBAY: July 16.

Had it not been for the drop in cotton prices, the local Share Bazar would have registered substantial improvement to-day following better Wall Street advices where U. S. Steel shares were quoted at dollars 116 yesterday and it is generally believed that they will be pushed up to dollars 125, before any important break sets in.

But the local market is feeling shy to take push up Tata Steel Dfds. above Rs. 1,700 level and often this level attracts realising. It happened so even to-day.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,655 and declined to Rs. 1,640 on scattered realising. At this level professional and investment support appeared and prices rose to Rs. 1,690, which was the highest level for the day. This level, as usual, attracted realising and prices declined to Rs. 1,672-8. Thus the net gain as a result of day's trading was Rs. 7-8, while Ordinary shares show a decline of annas 8 to Rs. 252-8.

Despite a sharp drop in raw cotton prices, Cotton Mill shares remained remarkably steady on the belief that the decline in cotton prices will increase the margin profit to mills. Bombay Dyeings, after easy opening improved and closed at Rs. 973-8. Hydro-Electric Section was steady and Bombay Burma shares closed unchanged. The general feeling was better and the undertone was good.

TEXTILE SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 16.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	305 0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	973 12
100 CENTURY	230 0
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3)	288 2
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	191 4
100 Cooria (Rs. 5)	107 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	350 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-10-3
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	151 4
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	183 12
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725 0
100 Indore	50 0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	95 0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8.)	343 2
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	585 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1,000 0
250 Model	50 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	110 0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	254 6
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	42 8
100 Phoenix (10)	275 0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	62 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,000 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2.)	98 2
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	280 0
100 Swan (nil)	110 0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,350 0
1,000 Western (Rs. 10)	850 0

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	116 4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	32 14
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,545 0
125-500 I. Cnty. (Rs. 7-8)	378 12
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	141 0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	128 4
5 Union (As. 4)	5 13

CEMENTS.

100 Associated	163 8
10 Bundi (Rs. 10)	39 12
100 Colmbatore (Rs. 10)	185 0
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	137 8
160 Indian (Rs. 24)	512 8
40 Katni Def.	2,300 0
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	373 12
75 Okha (Rs. 12)	300 0
10 Punjab (As. 12)	28 8
100 Shahabad (Rs. 15)	515 0
70 United (Rs. 5)	165 0

INSURANCE.

100-50 Empire (Rs. 14)	947 8
15-100 Jupitor (As. 12)	16 4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43 8
20 Mercantile	53 0
200 Oriental (125)	4,935 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8 2

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Old	170 0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1695 0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	145 15
100 B'Bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182 8
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	277 8
100 Poona (4)	350 0
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	222 8
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	178 2
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1428 12

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	935 0
100 C. Province	95 4
100 Dhond Baramati	97 0
100 Gujarat	94 8
100 Mandra Bhon	96 8
100 Pachora Jamner	94 8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	775 0

MININGS.

10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8)	64 0
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 36-4)	1672 8
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 10)	332 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	322 8
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 8.)	170 10
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	271 4
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	728 12
50 Do. Cnty (Rs. 6)	245 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-8-6
50 B. TELEPHONE Rs. 1-8)	114 0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	12-2-0
2sh. Indian Copper	3 5
10 Indian Iron and Steel	51 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	141 4
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	48 8
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	590 0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	535 0
1000 Port Canning Rs. 25)	627 8
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	28 9
30 PREMIER CON.	95 12
25 Tata Oil (nil)	29 8

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1537 8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	302 8
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	85 8
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	522 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	138 2
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	12 12
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	103 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	99 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	155 0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1,556 4
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	191 4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	160 12
7 p.c. Vishnu	650 0

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109 6
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 8
7 p.c. Sholapur	81 4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	110 4

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List).

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 16.

Bombay Dyeing (975)	970	967	978	973	975 973
Century (233/2)	227	233	232	230	
Central India (290)	286	285	288	287	288
Kohinoor (342/8)	337	343	342	343	
New Great (253/12)	251	255	254		
Simplex (98/2)	96	97	98		
Swadeshi (280/10)	276	281	278	280	
Andhra (1692/8)	1690	1692	1695		
Tata Hydro (178/2)	178				
Tata Power (1430)	1422	1425	1422	1423	1430 1428
Tram. Ord. (145/5)	146/4	145/15			
T. Steel Dfd. (1665)	1650	1655	1640	1665	1662 1680 1690 1672
T. Steel Ord. (353)	351	352	348	354/8	353/8 354 352
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (161)	161	160/12			
Bellapur (170)	167	168			
B. Steam (271/4)	270	271	270		
B. Burma (728/12)	727	722	731	728	

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, July 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
American Gas and Electric	35
American Forn. Power Company	9
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	64
Int. Tel. and Tel.	13
Northern S. Power A	21
American Tel. and Tel.	168 1/2
Western Union Telg.	47
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	28
New York Central Railway	40 1/4
N. Y. N. Hartford H. Railway	15
Jap. Imp. Govt. S. F. 6 1/2 p.c. 1954	95 3/4
Bethelehem Steel	54
National Steel	88
Republic Steel	41
United States Steel	119
Anaconda Copper Mining	59
Int. Nickel of Canada	61 1/2
Chrysler	102
General Motors	52 1/2
General Electric	57
American Radiator	20
Barnsdall Oil	28
Consolidated Oil	16
Socony	21
American Tob B.	76
Chase Bank	X52 1/2
National City Bank	47
Amerex	26 1/2
Allies Chalmers	70
Jap. Imp. S. F. 5 1/2 p.c. 1965	82

There is a possibility of early adjournment of Congress, therefore, we feel very bullish on business. Utilities ought to be attractive in view of improbability of further legislation this season. We would buy leading utilities on reaction. Lima Locomotive Works dol 66; estimated to earn dol 5 in 1937 Brokers Loan down 6 million dollars Market firm; Steels leading. Turnover 740,000 shares.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 15.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 7/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£116
National Bank of India	£41 6 8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 15.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb sellers	0 2/8

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 8 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Quiet But Wheat Firm And Base Metals Steady

BOMBAY, July 16

On Friday, cross rates ruled easy.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton opened easy but thereafter registered some improvement. The closing tone was easy.

BULLION QUIET

London gold and silver ruled quiet

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm at Chicago on good far eastern buying. Jute and base metals were steady.

SECURITIES QUIET

The London Stock Exchange was quiet with no particular feature. Gilt-edged securities kept steady but quiet.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, July 16

Previous closing	12.10
To-day's opening	12.02
Difference	—08
To-day's closing	12.02
Difference	—08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 16

Previous closing	6.77
To-day's opening	6.59
Difference	—08
To-day's closing	6.66
Difference	—13

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 209-4
New April May	Rs. 221-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 16

Cotton showed some weakness as a result of continued good weather which brought in liquidation and hedge selling but at lower levels the market offered resistance.

Trading in October commenced at 12.02 i.e. 8 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation and foreign selling but later prices partially rallied on local buying and some outside support with October recovering to 12.04 with a steady tone.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.02 with a decline of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 16

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.39/12.37) 12.21/12.20
October (12.31/12.30) 11.95/11.92
December (12.31/12.31) 11.95/11.94

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 16
12-30 p.m.

American July (6.81) 6.68
American October (6.80) 6.68
Egyptian July (9.68) 9.70
Egyptian August (9.68) 9.70

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, July 16

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 221-4 and Rs. 219-10 at night. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 221-4

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 16

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-6) 1-6
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 3/4) 1-7

JUTE

New Crop July August (£21 3/8 paid) £21 1/2 value
Dunlop August (£24 sellers) £24 sellers
Lightning August (£22 3/4 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July August (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 3/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July August (£13 3/8 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£15 5/16 sellers) £15 3/16 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (9 5/16) 9 3/16 value
Forward July September (9 1/2 paid and sellers) 9 3/8 paid and value

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 16

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 115 3/8 and December 115. The market was fairly active on better north American cables but subsequently prices eased partially on scattered selling following favourable crop reports from Canada and United States.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 16

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.24 1/4. Prices advanced on scattered local and far eastern buying on better foreign cables with fairly good business passing, price later rising to 1.25 3/8.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937

Bombay, July 16

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 5 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 5 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 5 6
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 5 6
Tejimandi settled at	8 5 9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 16

Previous closing	4.96 11/18
To-day's opening	4.96 1/2
To-day's closing	4.97 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 16

Previous closing	4.96.70
To-day's opening	4.96.65
To-day's closing	4.96.97

FRANC RATE

London, July 16

Previous closing	128.05
To-day's opening	128.03
To-day's closing	130.00

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 16

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96.65 and then slightly eased to 4.96.55 but eventually the rate improved to 4.96.67 on some scattered buying.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.96.97.

Franc opened at 128.03 and then gradually weakened to 128.53 on considerable selling pressure.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 130.0

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (9.666) 9.703
New York on Bombay (37.51) 37.52
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/8) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan (94.37) 94.55
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£267 3/4 buyers £268 sellers. Steady) £267 buyers £267 1/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£24 3/8 buyers £24 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) £24 3/8 buyers £24 7/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£61 to £63) £63 to £63 1/4

Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, July 16

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"Only small support. Business small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, July 16

Spot	(19 15/16d.) 19 15/16d.
Forward	(20d.) 19 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, July 16

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-1 1/2) £7-0-1

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, July 16
10 p.m.

Silver ready	51 14 0
Silver 1st settlement Ashad	51 14 0
Silver 2nd settlement Shravan	52 0 0
Gold ready	34 10 0
Gold 1st settlement Ashad	34 9 9
Gold 2nd settlement Shravan	34 7 6
Sovereigns	21 15 0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, July 16

Liverpool wheat July closed at 119 as against the previous closing at 118 1/2.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 16

Wheat September	5 10 9
Wheat January	5 15 3
Wheat May	5 10 6
Linseed September	8 5 9
Linseed May	8 4 9

The tone was quiet

WOOL SALES

London, July 16

Good selection was sold at firm rates chiefly to home trade and continent.

Greasy inferior to superior
Lower (1-0) 1-2
Higher (2-0 1/2) 1-11
Scoured inferior to superior
Lower (1-5) 1-6
Higher (2-9 1/2) 2-10

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 96-7-6 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 96-1-0. The market was weak due to weak sterling advices.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	96 9 0
Highest	96 9 0
Lowest	95 15 6
Closing	96 1 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 3/4 as against the previous closing at £91.

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 16
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97) £97
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£91) £91
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107) £106 7/8
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£106) £106

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75) £74 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 3/8) £100 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/4) £110 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 3/8) £100
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109) £108 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 16
2-30 p.m.

Internationals were firm and fairly active otherwise markets generally were very quiet with only small business. Giltedgeds were easier. Oils were rather steadier.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (130-0) 128-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (67-10 1/2) 67-6
Hydro Electric (£8 1/2) £8 5/8
Musical Industries (20-3) 20-3
Princhin Johnson (42-9) 42-9
Imperial Chemical (37-3) 37-3
Woolsworth Ordinary (74-0) 74-0
Realisation 1930 (£97 1/2) £96 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (33-10 1/2) 33-5
Unilever Ordinary (40-3) 40-3
Ford Motors (26-9) 26-3
Cable Wireless New Ordinary (£82 1/2) £80 1/4
British American Tobacco (125-7 1/2) 125-7 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (149-4 1/2) 148-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-7 1/2) 31-7 1/2
Distillers (108-5) 108-6
Bredford Dyer (£7 3/4) £7 3/4
British Celanese (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-9) 46-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 51-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-3) 9-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 28-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (61-3) 62-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (76-1) 75-10 1/2
Tata Steel Preference (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2
Donaro Tea (47-6) 47-6
Empire of India (31-10 1/2) 32-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 38-6
Gula Kelampong (42-6) 42-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-1 1/2) 37-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 55-0
Burma Corporation (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£20) £20 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 56-3
Rand Mines (£6 1/2) £6 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
Association Portland Cements (91-5) 90-7 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (130-0) 130-0
Sub Nigel (£9) £8 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£50 5/8) £50 5/8
Anglo Iranian (85-0) 84-4 1/2
Burma Oil (121-3) 121-10 1/2
Musical Eagle (17-6) 17-3
Shell Transport (107-6) 108-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£45 3/4) £46 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£64 1/4) £63 3/4
L and S Ordinary (£33 7/8) £33 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5 1/4) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 3/8) £22
London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£79 1/4) £79 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 16

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 52) dol 52 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 55 1/8) dol 55 7/8
U S Steel Common (dol 113 1/2) dol 116 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 133 1/2) dol 133

INTERNATIONALS VERY ACTIVE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

General Nervous Selling In Franc

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 16

On the Stock Exchange after the quietness, there were better sentiments on Germany and Italy accepting the British plan of non-intervention. Internationals were very active but foreign bonds were depressed, especially the far easterns.

Among commodities cotton was depressed in sympathy with overseas markets. French franc weakened sharply today owing to general nervous selling.

Wall Street opened irregular.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, July 16

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July	20 10 6
January	20 4 3
Panjab July	18 0 0
January	17 10 6
Desi American July	24 1 0
January	23 13 3
Tone: Weak.	
Wheat July	31 3 6
September	31 12 6
October	32 2 9
Tone: Weak.	
Gram July	23 3 6
September	23 6 0
October	23 12 9
Toria July	43 7 0
September	44 0 0
November	44 10 0
Cottonseed July	15 8 0
September	16 1 6
January	17 2 0

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, July 16

Following are the closing quotations of Ahmedabad share bazar of 16th instant:

	Y
Ashok	380
Aryodaya Spinning	288-12
Calico	608-2
Gujarat cotton	30
Jubili	223-2
Marsden	85-9
Motilal Hirabhai	51-13
Monogram	61-14
Rajanagar	535

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Coals Fully Firm

CALCUTTA, July 16

Jutes ruled practically unchanged. In coals the undertone continued fully firm and fair business took place. Teas were rather uninterested. In miscellaneous, Indian Iron and Steel opened steady as also Burmas and other speculative stocks, but closing decidedly easier. Government securities were firm. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent G P 96/8; four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 107/8; three per cent U P loan 1961/66 96/14.

Bank: Reserve Bank 126/8.

Railways: Burdwan Cutwa 92/8; Dehri Rohtas 10/4; Kalighat Falta 92.

Cottons: Elgin Mill ordy 114; Muir Mills ordy 271/8; New Victoria ordy 1/3; do pref 4/3.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/4; Baraboni Annas 3; Bengal 315 ex div; Burra Dhemo 3/4; small lot; Deoli 7/2; East Indian 21; Ghusick and Muslia 4/8; Katra Jharriah 25; Kalapahari 13/8; Mundulpore 7/1; New Beerbhoom 16; Parasea 1/11; Samla 2/15; Singaran B 1/6; South Karanpura 7/11; Bansra 4; Churulia 2/3; Equitable 36/6; Marine 16/6; Nazira 8/4; North Damuda 4/12; Raneegunge 35/12; Standard 31/12; Talcher 2/8.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 12/8 small lot; Calcutta Jute Manufacturing 20; Cheviot 187; Hukumchand ordy 10/3; Kamarhatty 526; Megna 30/8; Nuddea 43/8 small lot; Auckland 186 small lot; Howrah 52/12; Mahabir Jute 105/8; New Central pref 148/8; Presidency 4/6; Soorah pref 119 small lot; Standard 279 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/13; Consolidated Tin 7/6; Indian Copper 3/5; Dalmia Cement ordy 1/12 premium; do defd 3/9; Benares Electric 15/8; Bengal Telephone pref 14/8; Muttra Electric 10/8; Patna Electric 18/8; Indian Iron 49/2; Marshall 1/14; Steel Corporation ordy 9/1; do pref 93; British India Corporation ordy 3/15; Calcutta Silk ordy 11/4; do pref 101; Dunlop Rubber ordy 19/8; Steuart and Co 1/13; Bengal Paper 104; Titaghur Paper defd 9/15; Humayan Property pref 10/4 small lots; do defd 1/12; Midnapore Zemindary 98 small lot.

Rubbers: Kuala Sidim 2.97 1/2 cts; Mentakar 9.48 cts; Utan Simpan 1.62 1/2 cts; Assam Saws 1/10; Port Shipping 19/8.

Sugars: Balarampore 12/8; Cawnpore 25/12; Champaran 18/12; Raza 12/14

Teas: Gungaram 317; Rutema 9.

Debenture: Four and half per cent 1936/41/46 Titaghur paper 101/12.—A.P.

"PLEASE TEACHER"

(Continued from page 10)

ple because he believes that they have his Temple Cup.

Some of London's loveliest show-girls appear as schoolgirls in the film, while several lilting song numbers—including "Exercise," "Women of History" and "Mind How You Cross the Road" are featured.

Stafford Dickens, brilliant young scenarist, makes his directorial debut with this production. He also wrote the screen play.

"SEA DEVILS"

At The Capitol

Army, navy and marine corps have all had their day of glorifying on the screen. In "Sea Devils" RKO Radio has gone into a new field for its setting—the exciting work of the United States Coast Guard—and has evolved one of the most dramatic and thrilling films of the seasons. Victor McLaglen, Preston Foster and Ida Lupino share the steller honours in this colourful tale of courage at sea and romance ashore. McLaglen is a crusty old C.P.O., proud of his medals for valour and of his motherless daughter, Ida Lupino. Foster is a devil-may-care seaman whose attentions to Miss Lupino are misinterpreted by the watchful McLaglen, and whom McLaglen drafts aboard his own cutter to keep him away from the girl. How the romance works out is in itself an absorbing story, but it is rivalled by the gripping scenes of the Coast Guard at work. The rescue of the passengers and the crew from a burning liner, the iceberg patrol off the grand Banks, and another rescue when a large yacht is blown ashore during a hurricane, emphasize in vigorous fashion the daring achievements of the Service and the realism of their screen presentation makes for some of the most breathless film moments in many months. The two stars give magnifient performances in a way reminiscent of their work in the memorable "The Informer" although the parts themselves are totally unlike. Miss Lupino's portrayal is highly effective and the characterisations of Donald Woods as Foster's rival, and of Helen Flint as McLaglen's lady-love are brilliantly handled. Ben Stoloff has directed the film capably, and his handling of the dramatic action scenes and the production values of Producer Edward Small add greatly to the picture's interest, as does the fast-moving screen play by Frank Wead and John Twist. "Sea Devils" is well worth seeing and no adventure lover should miss it

WIND FALL FOR HINDU 'VARSITY

Panna Ruler Donates One Lakh

NEW DELHI, July 16.

Pandit Malaviya has resumed his work of collecting funds for the Benares Hindu University. The Maharaja of Panna has donated Rs. 1,00,000 and the Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) Rs. 20,000 in this connection.

MALAVIYA'S HEALTH

News has been received here that Pandit Malaviya's health is distinctly improved by his stay in Mussooree and he is proceeding to Benares on July 19, halting on his way at Dehra Dun and Hardwar and reaching Benares on the afternoon of July 21.—A. P.

LINE CLEAR FOR BOMBAY MINISTRY

(Continued from Page 1)

stated to have a really heart-to-heart talk.

Mr. Dongre, who accompanied Mr. Kher to the Government House, was having a pleasant talk with one of the A.D.C.'s about sports, especially cricket. They also began to wonder as to what the subject could be that could engage the Governor and Mr. Kher for such a long time. But they felt sure that they were not occupied all through with the constitutional deadlock.

AT MR. DEO'S PLACE

Mr. Kher left Government House at seven in the evening and drove straight to Mr. Nanavaty's bungalow, where he is staying. He had a wash and accompanied by Messrs Shantilal Shah and Achut Patwardhan drove to Mr. Shankerrao Deo's residence, where besides Mr. Deo, Messrs Gangadharrao Deshpande, N. V. Gadgil and other leaders were present. Mr. Kher informed them of what transpired at the Government house. He later met some of his colleagues, including Messrs Shantilal Shah and Nagindas Master, his two secretaries.

He later went to Mr. Manmohandas Ramji's bungalow on the Boat House Road, where all the Congress M.L.A.'s are staying. He explained to those present as to what happened at the Government House.

He will be meeting some of the Congress leaders and M.L.A.'s tomorrow morning and placing before them what had happened and might probably ask for their views.

U. P. PRECEDENT

During the Kher-Governor conversations I.am told the position in the United Provinces was raised and it is stated that they should be benefited by the decision of the issues in the United Provinces. At night news came through that Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant had submitted the list of a few of his colleagues on the U. P. Cabinet and some Congress Leaders here felt that that should decide the question. It is expected that like Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, Mr. Kher also will submit the list of his colleagues on the Bombay Cabinet. This can be taken for granted unless something very untoward or unforeseen happens in the meantime.

There is a rumour in Congress circles here that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President, Congress Parliamentary Committee, may come here to-morrow but this lacks confirmation.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, July 16

T Morrison ss Jehangir of 2157 reg tons, Captain P M Mirrless arrived from Jeddah via Aden with passengers and general cargo.

J Finlay & Caulbeg of 2254 reg tons, Captain E J W James arrived from River Tyne via Gibraltar, Casablanca, Durban and Portsaid in ballast.

DEPARTURES

J Finlay ss Clan Skene of 3253 reg tons, Captain S F Cater sailed for Marmagoa in water ballast

T Morrison ss Nizam of 3334 reg tons, Captain M J McLure sailed for Calcutta via Cochin and Coast Ports with local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 16-7-37.

S S Nurmahal (T M) for Tuticorin, Colombo, Madras and Calcutta

S S Caboto (L T) for Basrah Bunder Shapoor and Karachi

S S Britannia (A L) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi, Marmagoa and Kathiawar Coast Ports

S S City of Marseilles (K N) for Marseilles, Antwerp, Dunkerk via Karachi and Portsaid.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, July 16

ALEXANDRA DOCK

3 Nowshera 4875 Bhavnagar 17-7 M M
4 Borneo Maru 4264 Karachi 18-7 O S Kaisha
5 Kybfels 4785 Karachi 23-7 L Edwards
9 Sturmfels 3834 Karachi 20-7 L Edwards
11 Anyo Maru 5739 Yokohama 17-7 N Y Kaisha
17 Coulbeg 2253 N F N F, J Finlay

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bamora 1870 P Gulf 21-7 M M
10-11 Queda 4760 Karachi 17-7 M M
12/13 Nizam 3334 Calcutta 16-7 T Morrison

PRINCES DOCK

A Cambay Star 320 M Coast 17-7 S Hassum
K Vasna 2026 Basra 22-7 M M
N/O Nirpura 3647 Karachi N F M M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Narkunda 15-7-37 P and O
Burdwan 17-7-37 M M
Ranpura 22-7-37 P and O
Strathaird 29-7-37 P and O
Rawalpindi 5-8-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Marseilles 17-7-37 K Nixon
Britannia 19-7-37 Anchor Line

FROM GENOA

India 18-7-37 Lloyd Triestino

FROM TRIESTE

Caboto 20-7-37 L Triestino
Cortellazzo 22-7-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Sumatra 18-7-37 L Edward
Ceylon 26-8-37 L Edwards

FROM SYDNEY

Maloja 17-7-37 P and O

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-7-37 N Y K
Italy Maru 18-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Taijin Maru 24-7-37 O S K
Kiddarpore 19-7-37 P and O
Toyama Maru 22-7-37 N Y K
Carthage 23-7-37 P and O
Celebes Maru 9-8-37 O S Kaisha
Hayebashi Maru 15-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 18-8-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Kybfels 17-7-37 L Edward
Almkerk 5-8-37 L Edwards
Reichenfels 3-8-37 L Edwards

FROM CALCUTTA

Garbeta 21-7-37 M M
Sirsa 22-7-37 M M

FROM NEW YORK

President Monroe 22-7-37 F F Campbell
City of Eastbourne 22-7-37 F F Campbell

FROM HULL

City of Leicester 19-7-37 James Finlay

FROM BASSEIN

Jalapadma 20-7-37 S S N Coy
Jalaveera 15-7-37 S S N Coy.
Gazana 20-7-37 M M

FROM ABADAN

British Lady 17-7-37 A I Oil

FROM BASRA

Varsova 17-7-37 M M
Baroda 22-7-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 23-7-37 M M
Gandara 18-7-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 24-7-37 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Ranchi 7-8-37 P and O
Maloja 17-7-37 P and O
Carthage 24-7-36 P and O
Strathnaver 31-7-37 P and O
Comorin 14-8-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 21-8-37 P and O

FOR SYDNEY

Narkunda 15-7-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Marseilles 6-8-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 30-7-37 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Monroe 23-7-37 F F Campbell
Pres Adams 6-8-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Taijin Maru 8-8-37 O S Kaisha
Anyo Maru 16-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Victoria 2-8-37 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 10-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 17-8-37 L Triestino
Italy Maru 21-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Burdwan 20-7-37 M M
Borneo Maru 24-7-37 O S Kaisha
Ranpura 22-7-37 P and O

FOR MAURITIUS

Jehangir 20-7-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Bamora 21-7-37 M M
Baroda 28-7-37 M M
Caboto 18-7-37 Lloyd Triestino
Vasna 22-7-37 M M
Vita 29-7-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 4-8-37 M M
Tairea 21-7-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Sturmfels 22-7-37 L Edwards
Italy Maru 20-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Borneo Maru 18-7-37 O S Kaisha

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Clan Skine 15-7-37
S S Nirpura 15-7-37
S S Bamora 15-7-37
S S Dayawati 15-7-37
S S Queda 16-7-37

EXPORTS

S S Maloja for London: 50 bales lamb skins D Abraham.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 200 cwt buffalo horns A Gulamhusein

S S Nirpura for London: 100 bales cotton waste clean B Karsondas; 14 bags gum D Mawaji; 115 bags furmeric A Virji

S S City of Marseilles for Marseilles: 115 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 309 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros.

For Antwerp: 10 bales cotton raw Swastik General Trading; 565 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Dunkirk: 440 bales cotton raw M Rajaram; 283 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Ghent: 520 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Kybfels for Hamburg: 237 bags gum T Laxmidas; 112 bags kang grain A Virji; 35 bales dry salted cowhides D Abraham; 9800 bags g nut oil cake L Dreyfus; 180 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 110 bales cotton raw Swastika General Trading; 63 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 55 bales cotton raw The Bombay Company; 279 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading; 2560 bags g nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 138 pieces white metal scrap Suren Piras; 484 bags gum S Khetsey; 1300 bags g nut cakes K Devchand.

For Demerara: 10 bags cumin seed J Hasmukhlal

For Ghent: 275 bales cotton raw Swastik General Trading

For Antwerp: 400 bales hemp raw G Harmukhray; 110 bales cotton raw Swastik General Trading; 6670 bags copra oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 6000 bags gr nut oil A Oomerbhoy.

For New York: 30 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For Rotterdam: 110 bales cotton raw The Bombay Company; 8000 pkts of nuts oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 465 bags brass scrap Suren Piras.

S S Sturmfels for Hamburg: 50 bales cotton waste clean L Dhanbhoora; 74 bales cotton waste clean Indian Produce Expert; 102 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 160 bags brass metal scraps The Strait Calcutta Commercial; 20 bgs brass boaring The Strait Calcutta Commercial; 4200 bags g nut oil cake H Rawji; 110 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 22 bales goat head pieces D Abraham; 80 bales hide fleshings D Abraham.

For Antwerp: 1400 bags crushed bones A Dawn; 37 bales fleshings D Abraham.

For Suez: 100 bales cotton grey piecegoods A Virjee.

For Rotterdam: 25 bales cotton raw A Clayton

S S Anyo Maru for Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw S Karamsi; 200 bales cotton raw N Nagsee.

S S Burdwan for Hongkong: 10 bales cotton yarn P Mashavari; 15 bales cotton grey yarn twist H M S Shoostry; 13 bags uplet D Manahorlal

S S Burdwan for Kobe: 300 bales cotton raw A Podar; 300 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

For Los Angeles: 58 bags sesame esdas D Abraham.

For Haiphong: 500 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Philadelphia: 113 acsks goat skins D Abraham.

S S Gamaria for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw L Ramji; 100 bales cotton raw The Nissho Co; 100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 800 bales cotton raw Langley; 600 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 807 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading; 500 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Osaka: 500 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 1000 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 3150 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw R Kanji; 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros

For Yokkaichi: 250 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Borneo Maru for Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw R Kanji

For Moji: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

For Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 300 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 100 bales cotton raw C Jethabhai; 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 141 tons scrap iron Faiz.

For Dairen: 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

For Osaka: 50 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS

S S Anyo Maru Agents N Y Kaisha from Singapore: 908 bags betelnuts; 2585 bags sagoflour; 533 bundles rattans.

From Penang: 418 bags pearl tapioca; 114 bags betelnuts

From Colombo: 3170 bags copra;

From Canton: 325 bundles cassia; 50 bales raw silk; 872 bundles mattings.

From Yokohama: 174 cases rayon yarn; 68 cases ceiling fans; 117 cases toys; 350 drums bleaching powder; 66 pkgs plywood; 695 cases rayon and cotton mixed piecegoods; 32 cases elect bulbs; 199 cases silk goods; 45 chests green tea; 60 cases strawboards; 150 cases iron nails; 27 cases rubber balloons; 30 drums aniline dye

From Nagoya: 70 cases clocks; 325 bundles boxes; 120 cases gramophone motor; 241 cases glassware; 414 cases porcelainware; 542 cases tiles

From Osaka 280 bales straw board; 73 cases art silk yarn; 91 bales cotton yarn; 630 cases rayon yarn; 477 cases cotton goods; 51 cases woollen piecegoods; 54 casks provisions; 60 cases slates, 216 cases glassware; 85 cases porcelainware; 100 cases copper wire; 31 cases elect bulbs; 149 cases aluminium circles; 951 bundles galvd corrugated sheets; 1354 cases window glass; 100 coils galvd steel wire; 77 cases cell bangles; 40 cases paint; 58 cases auto parts and accessories; 452 cases cotton and rayon mixed piecegoods; 43 cases cotton shirting; 39 cases glass tubes; 193 bags dry ginger; 122 coils wire rope; 43 bags magnesium carbonate; 75 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn; 57 cases cotton and rayon mixed shirts; 142 bales cotton and art silk mixed yarn; 60 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirting; 23 cases woollen yarn.

From Kobe: 100 cases chrome alum; 288 bales auto tires; 133 pkgs glass bottles; 100 cases silk goods; 75 bales silk yarn.

From Shanghai: 392 bales strawboard; 2505 bags green beans.

From Hongkong: 47 cases elect goods.

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SAHARA TRADE MARK MADE IN GERMANY GUARANTEED BLADE 6 ANNAS FOR 5

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No. B. 1065

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1937

First Woman Minister For U.P.

Vijayalaxmi Pandit Included In Cabinet

Muslim League Party Leader Has Prolonged Talk With Congress Leaders

LUCKNOW: July 16.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant interviewed H E. the Governor this afternoon and submitted five names which have been agreed to so far. They are:

(1) Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister;

(2) Dr. Kailashnath Katju, Mrs. Vijai Laxmi Pandit, (sister of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru), Mr. Piarelal Sharma and Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai.

The remaining names of Ministers will be announced in the course of the next three days.

The final number of the personnel of the Ministry is not yet decided, it may either be six or eight.

Portfolios of these five Ministers will be assigned to-morrow when they take oath of office in the Government House in the evening.

The Interim Ministers assembled in Government House just after Pandit Pant returned from there and H. E. the Governor formally accepted their resignation.

An official communique is being issued.—United Press.

PANT SEEING GOVERNOR

Personnel Of Cabinet Not Yet Fully Settled

LUCKNOW, July 16.

Several hours' discussions between Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant and other Congress leaders held in Allahabad and Lucknow have failed to evolve a final list of Congress Ministers for the United Provinces.

Pandit Pant and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad were closetted again this morning giving final touches to the list of Congress Ministry.

Choudhury Khaliquazaman, leader of the Muslim League Party in the U. P. Assembly also visited them and held prolonged consultation.—United Press.

PERSONNEL OF BIHAR MINISTRY

PATNA, July 16.

It is reliably understood that the personnel of the Bihar Cabinet will be as follows:

Mr. Shri Krishna Singh (Premier), Mr. Anugrahanarayan Singha, Dr. Syed Mahmud and Jagal Chaudhry (Depressed Class).

There will be eight Parliamentary Secretaries. It is understood they will be Mr. Jagat Narainlal, Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Mr. Jimutbhan Sen, Mr. Sarangadhar Singh, Mr. Jagjivan Ram (Depressed Class) Mr. Binodanand Jha, Mr. Mohamed Sayedul Huq and Mr. Shivnandan Mandal.—A. P.

Speaker To Be Elected On July 23

PATNA, July 16.

It is understood that Mr. Ramdayalu Singh and Professor Abdul Bari will be nominated by the Congress for the Speaker and Deputy Speakership respectively of the Bihar Assembly.

The election will take place on July 23.—A.P.

BIHAR'S ADVOCATE-GENERAL

Congress Leader To Raise Issue Of Appointment

PATNA, July 15.

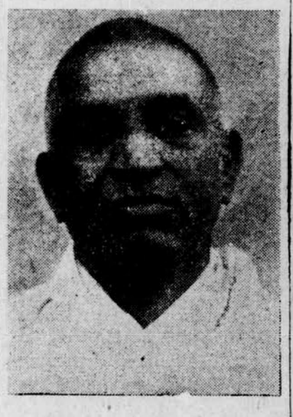
Consultations as regards the Congress Cabinet in Bihar, it is understood, have reached the final stage and the decision may be known to-morrow. Whether the number of Ministers should be five or four, is understood to have been the main point for consideration and opinion seems definitely to have veered round the lower figure. Babu Rajendra Prasad is also understood to have favoured four.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is proceeding to Cuttack to-morrow morning in connection with the formation of the Ministry in Orissa.

Congress circles appear to be dissatisfied over the appointment of Syed Jaffar Imam to act as Advocate-General during the absence of Sir Sultan Ahmed, without consulting the incoming Congress Ministry. It is pointed out that though the appointment was made previously, the announcement could have been kept pending till the New Ministry was consulted.

It is understood that Babu Srikrishna Sinha may raise the issue when he interviews the Governor on July 19, to submit the personnel of the New Ministry.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan arrived here to-night and during his stay here for about three weeks will be touring throughout Bihar.—A. P



Mr. Bulusu Sambamurthy, who has been elected Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

CONTROVERSY OVER SPEAKER'S DRESS

MADRAS, July 15.

The Speaker's official dress is the subject of discussion in Congress circles.

Although it has been the practice with the Presidents of the Legislative Assemblies to wear gowns as their official dress, there is no statutory obligation that they should wear it. If a Speaker so desires, he may prepare a gown of his own.

But there is a strong feeling in Congress circles that Mr. Bulusu Sambamurti, who has been elected as Speaker, should not wear the official dress, and that he should establish a precedent by assuming the Speaker's 'Gadi' in his own usual dress.—United Press.

C. P. CABINET PERSONNEL

NAGPUR, July 15.

According to official notification, the following is the allocation of portfolios in the Ministry:—

Dr. N. B. Khare, Chief Minister (Home Affairs).

Pandit Ravishankar Shukla (Education).

Pandit Dwarkaprasad Misra, (Local Self-Government).

Dr. Ramarao Madhaorao Deshmukh (Public Works).

Mr. Mohamed Yusuf Shareef (Law).

Mr. Durgashankar Krihashankar Mehta (Finance) and

Mr. Purshottam Balwant Gole (Revenue).

It is understood that each Minister will draw a salary of Rs. 500, besides house and car allowances.

It is learnt that the Congress Party has nominated Mr. Ghanashyamsingh Gupta and Mrs. Anusuyabai Kale for the speakership and Deputy Speakership respectively of the Provincial Legislative Assembly which meets on

The Madras Legislative Assembly met for the first time under the new Constitution on Wednesday with Sir William Bright in the chair (nominated by the Governor) for electing President, Deputy President etc. General view of the memorable session at the Senate House, Madras.

July 30 and 31 and the question of their salaries has not yet been settled.—A. P.

Labour Congratulates Madras Ministry

MADRAS, July 15.

After the meeting of the Assembly to-day, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Premier, saw the Governor at 12-30 p.m. and later he and the other Ministers took their seats in their offices at the Secretariat.

At a meeting of the Congress Legislature Party this evening, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan was elected the leader of the Congress Party in the Upper House. Labourers belonging to various labour organisations organised a procession to Congress House to-day to congratulate the Congress Ministers. Mr. Rajagopalachari assured them that Congress would always have the welfare of the labourers at heart.

Notifications were issued to-day announcing the appointment of the Council of Ministers with effect from the afternoon of July 14.—A.P.

RAJEN BABU LEAVES FOR CUTTACK

PATNA, July 16.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Mr. Chakradhar Saran left for Cuttack this morning to help the formation of Congress Ministry there.

He is expected to return to Patna on July 19.—United Press.

REDUCE LAND REVENUE BY 50 P. C.

Resolutions Passed At All-India-Kisan Sabha Meeting

PATNA, July 16.

Important resolutions for adoption by Congress Ministry were passed by the All-India Kisan Sabha meeting held at Niamatpur in Gaya District, demanding reduction in land revenue and rent by 50 per cent, remission of all arrears in rent, wiping of all debts incurred by Kisans and abolition of Zamindari system without compensation.

Other resolutions demanded the introduction of free and compulsory primary education, abolition of 'Bhowali' system, the return of Bakast lands to the peasants and prominent Kisan leaders from all parts of India including Swami Sahajanand, Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Dr. Dutt Mazumdar, Mr. Bankim Mukerji, Mr. Hirshdeo Malaviya, Mr. Rambriksh Benipuri, Mr. Awadeswar Prasad Singh, Mr. Ganga Saran Jamunakar and Mr. Sheela Bhadra Yojee.

In this connection, mammoth meetings were held for two days, which were attended by not less than 20,000 kisans. At the meetings the objective and programme of the Kisan Sabha were explained to the audience.—United Press.

Congress To Contest Local Board Elections

AHMEDABAD, July 16.

A meeting of leading Congressmen of the District held last evening at the Congress House decided to form a Congress Party for contesting the elections to the District Local Board

A Committee was appointed to prepare the election manifesto and a constitution for the Party as also to select Congress candidates for the election.—A. P

"FRONTIER GANDHI" IN BIHAR

PATNA, July 16.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, who arrived here last night, will tour the interior of Bihar for about a month in connection with the Congress programme of Muslim mass contact.—United Press.

European Vice-Chancellor For Osmania University

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), July 15.

The "United Press" understands that the authorities are considering the appointment of a European as Pro-Vice-Chancellor of the Osmania University, which place has fallen vacant owing to the sudden demise of Dr. A. H. Mackenzie.—United Press.

Kher Reaches Poona

City Congress Accords Rousing Reception

POONA, July 16.

Mr. B. G. Kher, leader of the Congress Party in Bombay Assembly, arrived here this noon by the Poona Express.

A right royal reception was accorded to Mr. Kher on behalf of the Poona City Congress Committee. Prominent Congress leaders and a large number of citizens were present to welcome Mr. Kher.

He was profusely garlanded on behalf of various local institutions. Accepting the public reception with his usual winning smile, Mr. Kher motored to his residence. He will see His Excellency at Government House, Ganeshkhind this afternoon, in connection with the formation of the Cabinet.

Many Congress M.L.A's. who have come here in advance for the session of the Legislature, were present at the railway station to greet their leader.—United Press

Ruinous Competition In Sugar Industry

Syndicate Fixes Prices And Averts Disaster

Mr. Narayanlal Bansilal, who is the originator of the idea of the Indian Sugar Syndicate and one of its directors in a statement explains the aims of the Indian Sugar Syndicate which has begun work since July 12 and has already laid down the prices at which the stock of sugar lying with the mills at present may be sold.

He says:—"The fixing of the prices of sugar was an absolute necessity, as over-production and cut-throat competition among the mills were ruining the industry. Prices have never been so low as now for the past 20 years. How uneconomic the sales of Indian sugar are, may be understood when it is considered that the price of Java sugar in the Bombay market to-day is Rs. 11/ per maund as against Rs. 7/ per maund of Indian sugar of average quality. The tendency is for prices to go lower, as mills are underquoting each other.

"The idea of having a Syndicate to regulate prices has been widely welcomed, and by now, no less than 90 mills representing 70 per cent of the sugar production of India have become members."

RUINOUS COMPETITION.

"By putting sugar, prices on a steady footing," Mr. Narayanlal continuing said, "the Syndicate will benefit the mill-owners, the merchants and the cultivators. The owners can expect a steady return on capital invested, the merchants can keep stock without fear of prices tumbling down, and the cultivators can hope to dispose of their cane at reasonable prices which would not have been the case if the mills were forced to sell at the prevailing uneconomic rates.

"According to the scheme of the Syndicate, the member-factories will sell their whole stock of unsold sugar to it at the rate at which they had been selling after the Excise Duty was increased. Where such sales have not been effected, the Board of the Syndicate will fix the prices.

"The Syndicate does not propose to take over the work of selling or to have its own sales organisation Sales will still be made by the individual factories through their own organisations, but the rates will be fixed by the Board of the Syndicate from time to time. The difference between the rate at which the Syndicate has fixed the prices and the rate at which actual sales are made in the market will have to be remitted to it by each of the members. This amount will ultimately be pooled and divided pro-rate among the members.

NEED FOR JOINT ACTION.

"The Syndicate has been formed to deal with this year's production and after having the experience of a season's working, it will be decided whether to put the organisation on a permanent basis or not."

In conclusion Mr. Narainlal Bansilal said that the organizers hoped that the obvious advantages of joint action would induce all sugar manufacturers in India to join them and thus assure stable conditions in the Industry, without which everyone concerned, the mill-owner, the merchant and the cultivator, will suffer heavily.—United Press.

Coconut-Growers To Confer

QUILON, July 14.

Efforts are being made to hold an All-Travancore Conference of Coconut-Growers in August at Karunagappally.

A step in this direction has been already taken at a meeting of coconut-growers held at Karunagappally under the presidency of Mr. Changanacherry Parameswaran Pillai, President of the Travancore Coconut Growers' Association by appointing a Committee to make arrangements for the Conference.

It is understood that Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, the Dewan of Travancore, has consented to inaugurate the Conference.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE SWISS HEADWAITER

GOSH, MEETING YOU HERE MAKES THIS PLACE WORTH WHILE!
SAVE IT FOR LATER, DON-AVAN---WHAT WE WANT TO KNOW NOW IS WHO STARTED THIS AVALANCHE! IT JUST MISSED THE TRAIN!
I WAS TOO FAR AWAY TO SEE THEIR FACES, BUT IT WAS TWO MEN! AND ONE OF THEM WAS THE BEST SKI-ER I EVER SAW! I'D RECOGNIZE HIS SKI-ING ANYWHERE!
THEN YOU'LL LET US KNOW AS SOON AS YOU SEE HIM AGAIN?
I, SURELY WILL - ANY MAN WHO STARTS AN AVALANCHE DESERVES JAIL!
THEY DESERVE JAIL FOR MORE THAN THAT, MISS BELMAN! THE MEN WHO CAUSED THAT AVALANCHE MUST BE THE SAME MEN WHO HAVE COMMITTED ROBBERY AND MURDER!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.